## Service Manual

Serial Number Range

## from S40-7001 to

S4012-17231

Part No. 102521
Rev E
October 2013

## Important

Read, understand and obey the safety rules and operating instructions in the appropriate operator's manual on your machine before attempting any maintenance or repair procedure.

This manual provides detailed scheduled maintenance information for the machine owner and user. It also provides troubleshooting fault codes and repair procedures for qualified service professionals.

Basic mechanical, hydraulic and electrical skills are required to perform most procedures. However, several procedures require specialized skills, tools, lifting equipment and a suitable workshop. In these instances, we strongly recommend that maintenance and repair be performed at an authorized Genie dealer service center.

## Compliance

## Machine Classification

Group B/Type 3 as defined by ISO 16368

## Machine Design Life

Unrestricted with proper operation, inspection and scheduledmaintenance.

## Technical Publications

Genie has endeavored to deliver the highest degree of accuracy possible. However, continuous improvement of our products is a Genie policy. Therefore, product specifications are subject to change without notice.
Readers are encouraged to notify Genie of errors and send in suggestions for improvement. All communications will be carefully considered for future printings of this and all other manuals.

## Contact Us:

http://www.genielift.com
e-mail: awp.techpub@terex.com

## Serial Number Information

Genie offers the following Service Manuals for these models:

| Title | Part No. |
| :--- | :--- |
| S-40 and S-45 Service Manual <br> (before serial number 3804) ........................... 32222 |  |
| S-40 and S-45 Service Manual <br> (from serial number 3804 to 4728) ....................... 52271 |  |
| S-40 and S-45 Service Manual <br> (from serial number 4729 to 7000) ....................... 72136 |  |

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## Revision History



## Genie

REVISION HISTORY, CONTINUED

| Revision | Date | Section | Procedure / Schematic Page / Description |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |

## Serial Number Legend

## (O) <br> A TEREX COMPANY

Model: S-40
Serial number: S4006-12345
Model year: 2006 Manufacture date: 01/05/06
Electrical schematic number: ES0274
Machine unladen weight:

Rated work load (including occupants): $500 \mathrm{lb} / 227 \mathrm{~kg}$
Maximum number of platfrm occupants: 2
Maximum allowable side force: $150 \mathrm{lb} / 670 \mathrm{~N}$
Maximum allowable inclination of the chassis: 0 deg
Maximum wind speed : $28 \mathrm{mph} / 12.5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
Maximum platform height : $60 \mathrm{ft} 6 \mathrm{in} / 18.3 \mathrm{~m}$
Maximum platform reach : $34 \mathrm{ft} 3 \mathrm{in} / 10.4 \mathrm{~m}$
Gradeability: N/A
Country of manufacture: USA
This machine complies with:
ANSI A92.5
CAN B.354.4


Genie Industries
18340 NE 76th Street
Redmond, WA 98052
USA


PN - 77055



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## Geníe.

## Safety Rules



## Danger

Failure to obey the instructions and safety rules in this manual, and the Genie S-40 and S-45 Operator's Manual will result in death or serious injury.

Many of the hazards identified in the operator's manual are also safety hazards when maintenance and repair procedures are performed.

## Do Not Perform Maintenance Unless:

V You are trained and qualified to perform maintenance on this machine.
$\square$ You read, understand and obey:

- manufacturer's instructions and safety rules
- employer's safety rules and worksite regulations - applicable governmental regulations

V You have the appropriate tools, lifting equipment and a suitable workshop.

## Genie

## SAFETY RULES

## Personal Safety

Any person working on or around a machine must be aware of all known safety hazards. Personal safety and the continued safe operation of the machine should be your top priority.


Read each procedure thoroughly. This manual and the decals on the machine use signal words to identify the following:

Safety alert symbol-used to alert personnel to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.
Used to indicate the presence of an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

AWARNING
Used to indicate the presence of a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

ACAUTION
Used to indicate the presence of a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.

Nowle Used to indicate the presence of a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in property damage.


Be sure to wear protective eye wear and other protective clothing if the situation warrants it.

Be aware of potential crushing hazards such as moving parts, free swinging or unsecured components when lifting or placing loads. Always wear approved steel-toed shoes.

## Workplace Safety

Nu/k
Be sure to keep sparks, flames and lighted tobacco away from flammable and combustible materials like battery gases and engine fuels. Always have an approved fire extinguisher within easy reach.


Be sure that all tools and working areas are properly maintained and ready for use. Keep work surfaces clean and free of debris that could get into machine components and cause damage.


Be sure any forklift, overhead crane or other lifting or supporting device is fully capable of supporting and stabilizing the weight to be lifted. Use only chains or straps that are in good condition and of ample capacity.


Be sure that fasteners intended for one time use (i.e., cotter pins and self-locking nuts) are not reused. These components may fail if they are used a second time.


Be sure to properly dispose of old oil or other fluids. Use an approved container. Please be environmentally safe.


Be sure that your workshop or work area is properly ventilated and well lit.

## Genie

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## Specifications

## Machine Specifications

 S-40 and S-45 Models

Lug nut torque - Drive and 9-bolt non-drive hubs

| Lug nut, dry | $230 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs}$ |
| :--- | ---: |
|  | 312 Nm |
| Lug nut, lubricated | $170 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs}$ |
|  | 230 Nm |
| Lug nut torque - 8-bolt non-drive spindles |  |
| Lug nut, dry | $170 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs}$ |
|  | 230 Nm |
| Lug nut, lubricated | $130 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs}$ |
|  | 176 Nm |

Track Components, TRAX option

| Track material | Rubber |
| :--- | ---: |
| Weight, assembly (each) | 480 lbs |
|  | 218 kg |
| Fluid capacities |  |
| Fuel tank | 20 gallons |
|  | 75.7 liters |
| Fuel tank, Option | 30 gallons |
|  | 114 liters |
| LPG tank | 33.5 pounds |
|  | 15.2 kg |
| Hydraulic tank | 45 gallons |
|  | 170 liters |
| Hydraulic system | 55 gallons |
| (including tank) | 208 liters |
| Drive hub | 17 fl oz |
| (before serial number 7569) | 0.5 liters |
| Drive hub | 24 fl oz |
| (from serial number 7569 to 15677) | 0.71 liters |
| Drive hub | 20 fl oz |
| (from serial number 15678) | 0.6 liters |
| Turntable rotation | 8 fl oz |
| drive hub | 0.24 liters |
| Drive hub oil type: |  |
| SAE 90 multipurpose hypoid gear oil API service |  |
| classification GL5 |  |

For operational specifications, refer to the Operator's Manual.

Continuous improvement of our products is a Genie policy. Product specifications are subject to change without notice.

## Performance Specifications All Models

| Drive speeds, 2WD and 4WD |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Drive speed, stowed | $40 \mathrm{ft} / 5.2-5.9 \mathrm{sec}$ |
|  | $12.2 \mathrm{~m} / 5.2-5.9 \mathrm{sec}$ |
| Drive speed, raised or extended | $40 \mathrm{ft} / 40-45 \mathrm{sec}$ |
|  | $12.2 \mathrm{~m} / 40-45 \mathrm{sec}$ |

Drive speed, TRAX option

| Drive speed, stowed | $40 \mathrm{ft} / 11 \mathrm{sec}$ |
| :--- | ---: |
|  | $12.2 \mathrm{~m} / 11 \mathrm{sec}$ |
| Drive speed, raised or extended | $40 \mathrm{ft} / 40 \mathrm{sec}$ |
|  | $12.2 \mathrm{~m} / 40 \mathrm{sec}$ |
| Gradeability | See Operator's Manual |


| Boom function speeds, maximum <br> from platform controls |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Boom up | 50 to 60 seconds |
| Boom down | 45 to 60 seconds |
| Boom extend | 30 to 60 seconds |
| Boom retract | 15 to 35 seconds |

Turntable rotate, $360^{\circ}$
boom fully stowed $\quad 70$ to 100 seconds
Turntable rotate, $360^{\circ}$
boom fully extended $\quad 120$ to 140 seconds

| Platform level ( $10^{\circ}$ range of motion) | 3 to 5 seconds |
| :--- | ---: |
| ANSI | 20 to 22 seconds |
| CE/Austrailia | 35 to 45 seconds |
| Jib boom up, S-45 models | 20 to 30 seconds |

## Braking distance, maximum

| High range on paved surface | 3 to 4 ft |
| :--- | ---: |
| 0.9 to 1.2 m |  |

## Continuous improvement of our products is a

 Genie policy. Product specifications are subject to change without notice.
## Hydraulic Oil Specifications

| Hydraulic Oil Specifications |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Hydraulic oil type $\quad$ Chevron Rando HD MV equivalent |  |
| Viscosity grade | Multi-viscosity |
| Viscosity index | 200 |
| Cleanliness level, minimum | $15 / 13$ |
| Water content, maximum | 200 ppm |
| Chevron Rando HD MV oil is fully compatible and |  |
| mixable with Shell Donax TG (Dexron III) oils. |  |
| Genie specifications require hydraulic oils which are |  |
| designed to give maximum protection to hydraulic |  |
| systems, have the ability to perform over a wide |  |
| temperature range, and the viscosity index should |  |
| exceed 140. They should provide excellent antiwear, |  |
| oxidation, corrosion inhibition, seal conditioning, and |  |
| foam and aeration suppression properties. |  |

\(\left.$$
\begin{array}{lr}\hline \text { Optional fluids } & \\
\hline \text { Biodegradable } & \begin{array}{r}\text { Petro Canada Environ MV46 } \\
\text { Statoil Hydra Way Bio Pa 32 }\end{array}
$$ <br>

\& BP Biohyd SE-S\end{array}\right\}\)| UCON Hydrolube HP-5046 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Quintolubric 822 |



Continued use of Chevron Aviation A hydraulic oil when ambient temperatures are consistently above $32^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / 0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ may result in componentdamage.

Note: Use Chevron Aviation A hydraulic oil when ambient temperatures are consistently below $0^{\circ} \mathrm{F} /-18^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

Note: Use Shell Tellus S2 V 46 hydraulic oil when oil temperatures consistently exceed $205^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / 96^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

Note: Genie specifications require additional equipment and special installation instructions for the approved optional fluids. Consult the Genie Industries Service Department before use.

## Hydraulic Component Specifications

| Drive pump |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Type: <br> variable d | bi-directional, displacement piston pump |
| Displacement per revolution, v | variable, 4WD models 0 to 2.8 cu in 0 to 46 cc |
| Flow rate @ 2500 rpm | 0 to 28 gpm 106 L/min |
| Drive pressure, maximum | $\begin{gathered} 3625 \text { psi } \\ 250 \text { bar } \end{gathered}$ |
| Charge pump |  |
| Type: | gerotor pump |
| Displacement | $\begin{array}{r} 0.85 \mathrm{cu} \text { in } \\ 13.9 \mathrm{cc} \end{array}$ |
| Flow rate @ 2500 rpm | 9 gpm 34.1 L/min |
| Charge pressure @ 2500 rpm Neutral position | 310 psi 21.4 bar |
| Function pump |  |
| Type | gear, pressure balanced |
| Displacement | $\begin{array}{r} 1.04 \mathrm{cu} \mathrm{in} \\ 17 \mathrm{cc} \end{array}$ |
| Flow rate @ 2500 rpm | 10.69 gpm $40.5 \mathrm{~L} / \mathrm{min}$ |
| Oscillation pump |  |
| Type | gear, fixed displacement |
| Displacement | $\begin{array}{r} 0.37 \mathrm{cu} \text { in } \\ 6 \mathrm{cc} \end{array}$ |
| Flow rate @ 2500 rpm | 2.8 gallons per minute 10.6 liters per minute |

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## SPECIFICATIONS

| Auxiliary pump |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Type: fixed displacement gear pump |  |
| Displacement - static | $\begin{array}{r} 0.151 \mathrm{cu} \text { in } \\ 2.47 \mathrm{cc} \end{array}$ |
| Displacement | 1.75 gallons per minute 6.62 liters per minute |
| Function manifold |  |
| Function relief valve pressure $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{S}-40 \\ & \mathrm{~S}-45 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2600 \text { psi / } 179 \text { bar } \\ & 2900 \text { psi / } 200 \text { bar } \end{aligned}$ |
| Boom down relief valve pressure | $\begin{gathered} 2200 \mathrm{psi} \\ 152 \text { bar } \end{gathered}$ |
| Boom extend | $\begin{gathered} 1950 \mathrm{psi} \\ 134 \mathrm{bar} \end{gathered}$ |
| Oscillate axle | 950 psi 66 bar |
| Steer regulator, All models | 2 gallons per minute 7.6 liters per minute |

Traction manifold, 2WD and 4WD
(before serial number 7569)

| Hot oil relief pressure | 210 psi |
| :--- | ---: |
|  | 14.5 bar |

Traction manifold, 2WD and 4WD
(after serial number 7568)

| Hot oil relief pressure | 280 psi |
| :--- | ---: |
|  | 19.3 bar |

Steer-end drive motors, 4WD
(before serial number 7569)
Displacement per revolution 1.52 cu in / 25 cc
Non-steer end drive motors, 2WD and 4WD
(before serial number 7569)
Displacement per revolution 2.13 cu in / 35 cc

Two-speed drive motors, 2WD and 4WD
(after serial number 7568)
Displacement per revolution 0.99 cu in / 16.3 cc low speed
Displacement per revolution $\quad 1.83 \mathrm{cu} \mathrm{in} / 30 \mathrm{cc}$
high speed

## Hydraulic Filters

| Medium pressure filter | Beta $3 \geq 200$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Medium pressure filter | 51 psi |
| bypass pressure | 3.5 bar |
| Hydraulic tank circuit | 10 micron with |
| return line filter | $25 \mathrm{psi} / 1.7$ bar bypass |

Continuous improvement of our products is a Genie policy. Product specifications are subject to change without notice.

## Manifold Component Specifications

| Plug torque |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| SAE No. 2 | 36 in -lbs / 4.1 Nm |
| SAE No. 4 | $10 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs} / 13.6 \mathrm{Nm}$ |
| SAE No. 6 | $14 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs} / 19 \mathrm{Nm}$ |
| SAE No. 8 | $38 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs} / 51.5 \mathrm{Nm}$ |
| SAE No. 10 | $41 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs} / 55.6 \mathrm{Nm}$ |
| SAE No. 12 | $56 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs} / 75.9 \mathrm{Nm}$ |

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## Valve Coil Resistance Specifications

Note: The following coil resistance specifications are at an ambient temperature of $68^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. As valve coil resistance is sensitive to changes in air temperature, the coil resistance will typically increase or decrease by $4 \%$ for each $18^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ that your air temperature increases or decreases from $68^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

| Description | Specification |
| :--- | :---: |
| Solenoid valve, 2 position 3 way, 10V DC <br> (schematic items AC and AE) | $6.3 \Omega$ |
| Solenoid valve, 3 position 4 way, 10V DC <br> (schematic item AT and AZ) | $6.3 \Omega$ |
| Solenoid valve, 2 position 3 way, 10V DC <br> (schematic items AU, AV, AX, and AY) | $6.3 \Omega$ |
| Solenoid valve, 3 position 4 way, 10V DC <br> (schematic items AZ and BF) | $6.3 \Omega$ |
| Proportional solenoid valve, 12V DC <br> (schematic items AW and BB) | $9 \Omega$ |
| Solenoid valve, 2 position 3 way, 10V DC <br> (schematic item CC) | $6.8 \Omega$ |
| Solenoid valve, 2 position 3 way, 10V DC <br> (schematic items DA) | $3.3 \Omega$ |
| Solenoid valve, 2 position 3 way, 12V DC <br> (schematic items CE) | $4.8 \Omega$ |

## Genie

PartNo. 102521 S-40•S-45 2-5

## SPECIFICATIONS

## Ford LRG-425 EFI Engine

| Displacement | 153 cu in <br> 2.5 liters |
| :--- | ---: |
| Number of cylinders | 4 |
| Bore \& stroke | $3.78 \times 3.4 \mathrm{in}$ |
|  | $96.01 \times 86.36 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Horsepower |  |
| Gross intermittent | $70 @ 2500 \mathrm{rpm}$ |
| Continuous | $60 @ 2500 \mathrm{rpm}$ |
| Gross intermittent | 52 kW @ 2500 rpm |
| Continuous | 44.7 kW @ 2500 rpm |
| Firing order | $1-3-4-2$ |
| Low idle rpm | 1600 rpm |
| Frequency | 396.8 Hz |
| High idle rpm | 2500 rpm |
| Frequency | 620 Hz |
| Compression ratio | $9.4: 1$ |

## Compression pressure (approx.)

Pressure (psi) of lowest cylinder must be at least $75 \%$ of highest cylinder

| Valve clearances - <br> collapsed tappet | 0.035 to 0.055 in <br> 0.889 to 1.397 mm |
| :--- | ---: |
| Lubrication system | 40 to 60 psi |
| Oil pressure |  |
| (operating temp. @ 2000 rpm ) | 2.75 to 4.1 bar |
| Oil capacity | 4.5 quarts |
| (including filter) | 4.3 liters |

## Oil viscosity requirements

Unit ships with 5W-30 oil.
Extreme operating temperatures may require the use of alternative engine oils. For oil requirements, refer to the engine Operator's Manual on your machine.

| Oil pressure switch specifications |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Torque | $8-18 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs}$ |
|  | $11-24 \mathrm{Nm}$ |
| Oil pressure switch point | $3-5 \mathrm{psi}$ |
|  | $0.21-0.34 \mathrm{bar}$ |


| Starter motor |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Normal engine cranking speed | 200 to 250 rpm |
| Current draw, normal load | 140-200A |
| Current draw, maximum load | 800A |
| Current draw, no load | 70A |
| Battery |  |
| Type | 12V DC, Group 31 |
| Quantity | 1 |
| Cold cranking ampere | 1000A |
| Reserve capacity @ 25A rate | 200 minutes |
| Electronic fuel pump |  |
| Fuel pressure, static | 64 psi 4.4 bar |
| Fuel flow rate | $\begin{array}{r} 0.58 \mathrm{gpm} \\ 2.18 \mathrm{~L} / \mathrm{min} \end{array}$ |
| Ignition System |  |
| Spark plug type (before serial number 4546) | Motorcraft AWSF-52-C |
| Spark plug type (after serial number 4545) | Motorcraft AGSF-32-FM |
| Spark plug gap | 0.042 to 0.046 inches 1.07 to 1.17 mm |
| Spark plug torque | $\begin{gathered} 5-10 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs} \\ 7-14 \mathrm{Nm} \end{gathered}$ |
| Engine coolant |  |
| Capacity | 11.5 quarts 10.9 liters |
| Coolant temperature switch |  |
| Torque | $\begin{aligned} & 8-18 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs} \\ & 11-24 \mathrm{Nm} \end{aligned}$ |
| Temperature switch point | $\begin{aligned} & 230^{\circ} \mathrm{F} \\ & 112^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ |

## Alternator

## Ford DSG-423 EFI Engine

| Displacement | 140.4 cu in <br> 2.3 liters |
| :--- | ---: |
| Number of cylinders | 4 |
| Bore \& stroke | $3.44 \times 3.7$ inches |
|  | $87.5 \times 94 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Horsepower |  |
| Continuous horsepower | $59 @ 2500 \mathrm{rpm}$ |
| Peak horsepower | $69 @ 2500 \mathrm{rpm}$ |
| Continuous horsepower | $44 \mathrm{~kW} @ 2500 \mathrm{rpm}$ |
| Peak horsepower | $51 \mathrm{~kW} @ 2500 \mathrm{rpm}$ |
| Firing order | $1-3-4-2$ |
| Low function idle (computer controlled) | 1600 rpm |
| Frequency | 53.3 Hz |
| High function idle (computer controlled) | 2500 rpm |
| Frequency | 83.3 Hz |
| Compression ratio | $9.7: 1$ |

## Compression pressure (approx.)

Pressure (psi or bar) of lowest cylinder must be at least $75 \%$ of highest cylinder

| Lubrication system |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Oil pressure | 29 to 39 psi |
| (at operating temperature @ 2500 rpm) | 2 to 2.7 bar |
| Oil capacity | 4 quarts |
| (including filter) | 3.8 liters |

## Oil viscosity requirements

Unit ships with 5-W20 oil.
Extreme operating temperatures may require the use of alternative engine oils. For oil requirements, refer to the engine Operator's Manual on your machine.

## Continuous improvement of our products is a Genie policy. Product specifications are subject to change without notice.

| Electronic fuel pump |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Fuel pressure, static | 64 psi 4.4 bar |
| Fuel flow rate | $\begin{aligned} & 0.43 \mathrm{gpm} \\ & 1.6 \mathrm{~L} / \mathrm{min} \end{aligned}$ |
| Fuel requirement |  |
| For fuel requirements, refer to the engine Operator's Manual on your machine. |  |
| Ignition system |  |
| Spark plug type | Motorcraft AGSF-32-FEC |
| Spark plug gap | 0.049 to 0.053 inches 1.244 to 1.346 mm |
| Engine coolant |  |
| Capacity | 10 quarts 9.5 liters |
| Cylinder head temperature sending unit |  |
| Fault code set temperature | $\begin{aligned} & 280^{\circ} \mathrm{F} \\ & 138^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ |
| Engine shut-down temperature | $\begin{array}{ll} 300^{\circ} \mathrm{F} \\ & 149^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{array}$ |
| Starter motor |  |
| Normal engine cranking speed | d 200 to 250 rpm |
| Current draw, normal load | 140-200A |
| Current draw, maximum load | 800A |
| Alternator |  |
| Output | 95A, 13.8V DC |
| Battery |  |
| Type | 12V DC, Group 31 |
| Quantity | 1 |
| Cold cranking ampere @ $0^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | 1000A |
| Reserve capacity @ 25A rate | 200 minutes |

## SPECIFICATIONS

## Deutz F3L-1011F Engine

| Displacement | 125 cu in 2.05 liters |
| :---: | :---: |
| Number of cylinders | 3 |
| Bore and stroke | $3.58 \times 4.13$ inches $91 \times 105 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Horsepower | $\begin{array}{r} 36 @ 3000 \mathrm{rpm} \\ 26.8 \mathrm{~kW} @ 3000 \mathrm{rpm} \end{array}$ |
| Firing order | 1-2-3 |
| Compression ratio | 18.5:1 |
| Compression pressure | 362 to 435 psi 25 to 30 bar |
| Low idle rpm Frequency | $\begin{array}{r} 1500 \mathrm{rpm} \\ 313 \mathrm{~Hz} \end{array}$ |
| High idle rpm Frequency | $\begin{gathered} 2300 \mathrm{rpm} \\ 479.9 \mathrm{~Hz} \end{gathered}$ |

Governor centrifugal mechanical

| Valve clearance, cold |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Intake | 0.012 in |
|  | 0.3 mm |
| Exhaust | 0.020 in |
|  | 0.5 mm |
| Lubrication system |  |
| Oil pressure | 26 to 87 psi |
|  | 1.8 to 6.0 bar |
| Oil capacity | 8.5 quarts |
| (including filter) | 8 liters |


| Oil viscosity requirements |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Temperature below $60^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / 15.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (synthetic) | $5 \mathrm{~W}-30$ |
| $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ to $90^{\circ} \mathrm{F} /-23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $32^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $10 \mathrm{~W}-40$ |
| Temperature above $-4^{\circ} \mathrm{F} /-34^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $15 \mathrm{~W}-40$ |

## Injection system

| Injection pump make | OMAP |
| :--- | ---: |
| Injection pump pressure | 4351 psi |
|  | 300 bar |
| Injector opening pressure | 3626 psi |
|  | 250 bar |

Fuel requirement
For fuel requirement, refer to the engine Operator's
Manual on your machine.

| Alternator output | 55A, 14V |
| :---: | :---: |
| Starter motor |  |
| Current draw, no load | 90A |
| Brush length, new | $\begin{array}{r} 0.7480 \mathrm{in} \\ 19 \mathrm{~mm} \end{array}$ |
| Brush length, minimum | $\begin{array}{r} 0.5 \mathrm{in} \\ 12.7 \mathrm{~mm} \end{array}$ |
| Battery |  |
| Type | 12V, Group 31 |
| Quantity | 1 |
| Cold cranking ampere | 1000A |
| Reserve capacity @ 25A rate | 200 minutes |
| Fan belt deflection | $3 / 8$ to $1 / 2$ inch 9 to 12 mm |

Continuous improvement of our products is a Genie policy. Product specifications are subject to change without notice.

## Genie

2-8 S-40•S-45 PartNo. 102521

## Deutz F3L-2011 Engine Deutz D2011L03i Engine

| Displacement | 142 cu in <br> 2.33 liters |
| :--- | ---: |
| Number of cylinders | 3 |
| Bore and stroke | $3.7 \times 4.4$ inches |
|  | $94 \times 112 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Horsepower |  |
| Net intermittent | $48.7 @ 2800 \mathrm{rpm}$ |
| Net continuous | $46.2 @ 2800 \mathrm{rpm}$ |
| Net intermittent | 36 kW @ 2800 rpm |
| Net continuous | $34.5 \mathrm{~kW} @ 2800 \mathrm{rpm}$ |
| Firing order | $1-2-3$ |
| Low idle rpm | 1500 rpm |
| Frequency | 313 Hz |
| High idle rpm | 2500 rpm |
| Frequency | 521.7 Hz |
| Compression ratio | $19: 1$ |
| Compression pressure | 362 to 435 psi |
|  | 25 to 30 bar |
| Governor | centrifugal mechanical |
| Valve clearance, cold |  |
| Intake | 0.012 in |
| Exhaust | 0.3 mm |


| Lubrication system |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Oil pressure, hot @ 2000 rpm | $\begin{array}{r} 40-60 \mathrm{psi} \\ 2.8 \text { to } 4.1 \mathrm{bar} \end{array}$ |
| Oil capacity (including filter) (Deutz F3L2011 Engine) | $\begin{array}{r} 8.5 \text { quarts } \\ 8 \text { liters } \end{array}$ |
| Oil capacity (including filter) (Deutz D2011L03i Engine) | $\begin{array}{r} 9.5 \text { quarts } \\ 9 \text { liters } \end{array}$ |
| Oil viscosity requirements |  |
| Unit ships with 15-W40 oil. <br> Extreme operating temperatures may require the use of alternative engine oils. For oil requirements, refer to the engine Operator's Manual on your machine. |  |
| Oil temperature switch |  |
| Torque | $\begin{aligned} & 8-18 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs} \\ & 11-24 \mathrm{Nm} \end{aligned}$ |
| Temperature switch point | $\begin{aligned} & 220^{\circ} \mathrm{F} \\ & 104^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ |
| Oil pressure switch |  |
| Torque | $\begin{aligned} & 8-18 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs} \\ & 11-24 \mathrm{Nm} \end{aligned}$ |
| Oil pressure switch point (Deutz F3L2011 Engine) | $\begin{gathered} 7 \mathrm{psi} \\ .5 \mathrm{bar} \end{gathered}$ |
| Oil pressure switch point (Deutz D2011L03i Engine) | $\begin{gathered} 22 \mathrm{psi} \\ 1.5 \mathrm{bar} \end{gathered}$ |

## SPECIFICATIONS

| Fuel injection system |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Injection pump make | Bosch |
| Injection pump pressure, maximum | $\begin{aligned} & 15000 \text { psi } \\ & 1034 \text { bar } \end{aligned}$ |
| Injector opening pressure | 3046 psi 210 bar |
| Fuel requirement |  |
| For fuel requirement, refer to the engine Operator's Manual on your machine. |  |
| Starter motor |  |
| Current draw, normal load | 140-200A |
| Brush length, new | $\begin{array}{r} 0.72 \mathrm{in} \\ 18.5 \mathrm{~mm} \end{array}$ |
| Brush length, minimum | $\begin{array}{r} 0.27 \mathrm{in} \\ 7 \mathrm{~mm} \end{array}$ |
| Battery |  |
| Type | 12V, Group 31 |
| Quantity | 1 |
| Cold cranking ampere | 1000A |
| Reserve capacity @ 25A rate | 200 minutes |
| Alternator output | 60A @ 14V DC |
| Fan belt deflection | $3 / 8$ to $1 / 2$ inch 9 to 12 mm |

## Perkins 704-30 Engine

| Displacement | 183 cu in <br> 2.9 liters |
| :--- | ---: |
| Number of cylinders | 4 |
| Bore and stroke | $3.82 \times 3.94$ inches <br> $97 \times 100 ~ \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Horsepower | $63 @ 2600 \mathrm{rpm}$ |
|  | $47 \mathrm{~kW} @ 2600 \mathrm{rpm}$ |
| Firing order | $1-3-4-2$ |
| Compression ratio | $17.5: 1$ |
| Compression pressure | 300 to 500 psi |
| Pressure (psi) of lowest cylinder must be within |  |
| 50 psi (3.45 bar) of highest cylinder |  |


| Low idle rpm | 1600 rpm |
| :--- | ---: |
| Frequency | 246.7 Hz |
| High idle rpm | 2200 rpm |
| Frequency | 339.2 Hz |
| Governor | centrifugal |
| Valve clearance, cold |  |
| Intake | 0.014 in |
|  | 0.35 mm |
| Exhaust | 0.014 in |
|  | 0.35 mm |


| Lubrication system |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Oil pressure | 41 psi |
| (at 2600 rpm) | 2.8 bar |
| Oil capacity | 7.3 quarts |
| (including filter) | 8.3 liters |


| Oil viscosity requirements |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| below $68^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (synthetic) | 5W-20 |
| $5^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ to $104{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F} /-15^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 10W-30 |
| above $14^{\circ} \mathrm{F} /-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 15W-40 |
| Engine oil should have properties of API classification CC/SE. API classification CD/SE or CCMC D4 can be used, but is not recommended during the first 50 hours nor for light load applications. |  |
| Injection system |  |
| Injection pump make | Zexel PFR-KX |
| Injection pump pressure  <br> (stage one) 2755 psi <br> (stage two) 3336 psi | $\begin{aligned} & 190 \text { bar } \\ & 230 \text { bar } \end{aligned}$ |
| Injector opening pressure 3626 psi | 250 bar |
| Fuel requirement |  |
| For fuel requirement, refer to the engine Operator's Manual on your machine. |  |
| Engine coolant |  |
| Capacity | 111/2 quarts 10.9 liters |
| Alternator output | 65A, 12V |
| Battery |  |
| Type | 12V, Group 31 |
| Quantity | 1 |
| Cold cranking ampere | 1000A |
| Reserve capacity @ 25A rate | 200 minutes |
| Fan belt deflection | $\begin{array}{r} 3 / 8 \mathrm{in} \\ 10 \mathrm{~mm} \end{array}$ |

## Genie

SPECIFICATIONS

## Perkins 404-22 Engine

| Displacement | 134 cu in 2.2 liters |
| :---: | :---: |
| Number of cylinders | 4 |
| Bore and stroke | $3.31 \times 3.94$ inches $84 \times 100 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Horsepower |  |
| gross intermittent continuous gross intermittent continuous | $\begin{array}{r} 50 @ 2800 \mathrm{rpm} \\ 41 @ 2800 \mathrm{rpm} \\ 37.3 \mathrm{~kW} \text { @ } 2800 \mathrm{rpm} \\ 31 \mathrm{~kW} @ 2800 \mathrm{rpm} \end{array}$ |
| Firing order | 1-3-4-2 |
| Low idle rpm Frequency | $\begin{aligned} & 1300 \mathrm{rpm} \\ & 200.5 \mathrm{~Hz} \end{aligned}$ |
| Low Idle rpm with generator option Frequency | $\begin{array}{ll} \text { n } & 1500 \mathrm{rpm} \\ 231.3 \mathrm{~Hz} \end{array}$ |
| High idle rpm Frequency | $\begin{gathered} 2500 \mathrm{rpm} \\ 385.5 \mathrm{~Hz} \end{gathered}$ |
| Compression ratio | 22.4:1 |
| Compression pressure | $\begin{gathered} 426 \mathrm{psi} \\ 29.4 \text { bar } \end{gathered}$ |
| Pressure (psi) of lowest cylinder must be within $50 \mathrm{psi} / 3.45$ bar of highest cylinder |  |


| Governor | centrifugal mechanical |
| :--- | ---: |
| Valve clearance, cold |  |
| Intake | 0.008 in |
|  | 0.2 mm |
| Exhaust | 0.008 in |
|  | 0.2 mm |

Lubrication system

| Oil pressure, hot <br> (at 2000 rpm) | 40 to 60 psi |
| :--- | ---: |
| Oil capacity | 2.8 to 4.1 bar |
| (including filter) | 9.4 quarts to 11.2 quarts |

## Oil viscosity requirements

Unit ships with 15-W40 oil.
Extreme operating temperatures may require the use of alternative engine oils. For oil requirements, refer to the engine Operator's Manual on your machine.
Oil pressure sending unit

| Torque | $8-18 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs}$ <br> $11-24 \mathrm{Nm}$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Oil pressure switch point | 14.2 psi <br> 1 bar |
| Coolant temperature sending unit |  |
| Torque | $8-18 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs}$ <br> $11-24 \mathrm{Nm}$ |
| Temperature switch point | $221^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ |
|  | $105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |$|$| Fuel injection system | 2133 Zexel |
| :--- | ---: |
| Injection pump make | 147 bar |
| Injection pressure |  |
| Fuel requirement |  |
| For fuel requirement, refer to the engine Operator's |  |
| Manual on your machine. |  |


| Battery |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Type | 12V, Group 31 |
| Quantity | 1 |
| Cold cranking ampere | 1000A |
| Reserve capacity @ 25A rate | 200 minutes |
| Starter motor |  |
| Current draw, normal load | 140-200A |
| Alternator output | 65A @ 13.8 V DC |
| Fan belt deflection | $3 / 8$ to $1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$ |
|  | 9 to 12 mm |

## Machine Torque Specifications

| Platform rotator |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| 1-8 center bolt, Gr 5, dry | $640 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs}$ |
|  | 868 Nm |
| 1-8 center bolt, Gr 5, lubricated | $480 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs}$ |
|  | 651 Nm |
| $3 / 8$-16 bolts, Gr 8, lubricated | $35 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs}{ }^{*}$ |
| *use blue thread-locking compound | 47.5 Nm |
| Turntable rotator |  |
| Drive hub mounting bolts, dry | $210 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs}$ |
|  | 284 Nm |
| Drive hub mounting bolts, lubricated* | $160 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs}$ |
| *use blue thread-locking compound | 217 Nm |
| Drive motor and hubs |  |
| Drive hub mounting bolts, dry | $210 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs}$ |
| Drive hub mounting bolts, lubricated | $160 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs}{ }^{*}$ |
| *use blue thread-locking compound | 217 Nm |
| Drive motor mounting bolts, dry | $49 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs}$ |
| Drive motor mounting bolts, lubricated | 66.4 Nm |
| Turntable bearing | 50 ft lbs |
| Turntable bearing mounting bolts, lubricated | $180 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs}$ |
|  | 244 Nm |

## TRAX Torque Specifications

| Hub to drive sprocket fasteners |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Lug nut, dry | $230 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs}$ |
|  | 312 Nm |
| Lug nut, lubricated | $170 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs}$ |
|  | 230 Nm |
| Idler and bogey wheel fasteners |  |
| $3 / 4-10$ bolts, GR 8, dry | $375 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs}$ |
|  | 508 Nm |
| $3 / 4-10$ bolts, GR 8, lubricated | $281 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs}$ |
|  | 381 N |

## SPECIFICATIONS

## Hydraulic Hose and Fitting Torque Specifications

Your machine is equipped with Parker Seal-Lok® fittings and hose ends. Genie specifications require that fittings and hose ends be torqued to specification when they are removed and installed or when new hoses or fittings are installed.

| SAE O-ring BoSS Port <br> (tube fitting - installed into Aluminum) |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| SAE Dash size | Torque |
| -4 | $14 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs} / 18.9 \mathrm{Nm}$ |
| -6 | $23 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs} / 31.2 \mathrm{Nm}$ |
| -8 | $36 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs} / 48.8 \mathrm{Nm}$ |
| -10 | $62 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs} / 84.1 \mathrm{Nm}$ |
| -12 | $84 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs} / 113.9 \mathrm{Nm}$ |
| -16 | $125 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs} / 169.5 \mathrm{Nm}$ |
| -20 | $151 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs} / 204.7 \mathrm{Nm}$ |
| -24 | $184 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs} / 250 \mathrm{Nm}$ |

SAE O-ring Boss Port
(tube fitting - installed into Aluminum)

## SAE O-ring Boss Port

(tube fitting - installed into Steel)

| SAE Dash size | Torque |
| :---: | :---: |
| -4 | $15 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs} / 20.3 \mathrm{Nm}$ |
| -6 | $35 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs} / 47.5 \mathrm{Nm}$ |
| -8 | $60 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs} / 81.3 \mathrm{Nm}$ |
| -10 | $100 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs} / 135.6 \mathrm{Nm}$ |
| -12 | $135 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs} / 183 \mathrm{Nm}$ |
| -16 | $200 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs} / 271 \mathrm{Nm}$ |
| -20 | $250 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs} / 334 \mathrm{Nm}$ |
| -24 | $305 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs} / 414 \mathrm{Nm}$ |

## Seal-Lok® fittings

1 Replace the O-ring. The O-ring must be replaced anytime the seal has been broken. The O-ring cannot be re-used if the fitting or hose end has been tightened beyond finger tight.
Note: The O-rings used in the Parker Seal Lok® fittings and hose ends are custom-size O-rings. They are not standard SAE size O-rings. They are available in the O-ring field service kit (Genie part number 49612).

2 Lubricate the O-ring before installation.
3 Be sure that the face seal O-ring is seated and retained properly.
4 Position the tube and nut squarely on the face seal end of the fitting and tighten the nut finger tight.

5 Tighten the nut or fitting to the appropriate torque per given size as shown in the table.

6 Operate all machine functions and inspect the hoses and fittings and related components to confirm that there are no leaks.

Seal-Lok Fittings (ORFS)
(hose end)

| SAE Dash size | Torque |
| :---: | :---: |
| -4 | $18 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs} / 24.4 \mathrm{Nm}$ |
| -6 | $30 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs} / 40.7 \mathrm{Nm}$ |
| -8 | $40 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs} / 54.2 \mathrm{Nm}$ |
| -10 | $60 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs} / 81.3 \mathrm{Nm}$ |
| -12 | $85 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs} / 115 \mathrm{Nm}$ |
| -16 | $110 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs} / 149 \mathrm{Nm}$ |
| -20 | $140 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs} / 190 \mathrm{Nm}$ |
| -24 | $180 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs} / 244 \mathrm{Nm}$ |

## SAE FASTENER TORQUE CHART

- This chart is to be used as a guide only unless noted elsewhere in this manual •

| SIZE | THREAD | Grade 5 |  |  |  | Grade 8 |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \begin{array}{c} \text { A574 High Strength } \\ \text { Black Oxide Bolts } \end{array} \\ \hline \text { LUBED } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LUBED |  | DRY |  | LUBED |  | DRY |  |  |  |
|  |  | in-lbs | Nm | in-lbs | Nm | in-Ibs | Nm | in-lbs | Nm | in-lbs | Nm |
| 1/4 | 20 | 80 | 9 | 100 | 11.3 | 110 | 12.4 | 140 | 15.8 | 130 | 14.7 |
|  | 28 | 90 | 10.1 | 120 | 13.5 | 120 | 13.5 | 160 | 18 | 140 | 15.8 |
|  |  | LUBED |  | DRY |  | LUBED |  | DRY |  | LUBED |  |
|  |  | ft-lbs | Nm | ft-lbs | Nm | ft-Ibs | Nm | ft-lbs | Nm | ft-lbs | Nm |
| 5/16 | 18 | 13 | 17.6 | 17 | 23 | 18 | 24 | 25 | 33.9 | 21 | 28.4 |
|  | 24 | 14 | 19 | 19 | 25.7 | 20 | 27.1 | 27 | 36.6 | 24 | 32.5 |
| 3/8 | 16 | 23 | 31.2 | 31 | 42 | 33 | 44.7 | 44 | 59.6 | 38 | 51.5 |
|  | 24 | 26 | 35.2 | 35 | 47.4 | 37 | 50.1 | 49 | 66.4 | 43 | 58.3 |
| 7/16 | 14 | 37 | 50.1 | 49 | 66.4 | 50 | 67.8 | 70 | 94.7 | 61 | 82.7 |
|  | 20 | 41 | 55.5 | 55 | 74.5 | 60 | 81.3 | 80 | 108.4 | 68 | 92.1 |
| 1/2 | 13 | 57 | 77.3 | 75 | 101.6 | 80 | 108.4 | 110 | 149 | 93 | 126 |
|  | 20 | 64 | 86.7 | 85 | 115 | 90 | 122 | 120 | 162 | 105 | 142 |
| 9/16 | 12 | 80 | 108.4 | 110 | 149 | 120 | 162 | 150 | 203 | 130 | 176 |
|  | 18 | 90 | 122 | 120 | 162 | 130 | 176 | 170 | 230 | 140 | 189 |
| 5/8 | 11 | 110 | 149 | 150 | 203 | 160 | 217 | 210 | 284 | 180 | 244 |
|  | 18 | 130 | 176 | 170 | 230 | 180 | 244 | 240 | 325 | 200 | 271 |
| 3/4 | 10 | 200 | 271 | 270 | 366 | 280 | 379 | 380 | 515 | 320 | 433 |
|  | 16 | 220 | 298 | 300 | 406 | 310 | 420 | 420 | 569 | 350 | 474 |
| 7/8 | 9 | 320 | 433 | 430 | 583 | 450 | 610 | 610 | 827 | 510 | 691 |
|  | 14 | 350 | 474 | 470 | 637 | 500 | 678 | 670 | 908 | 560 | 759 |
| 1 | 8 | 480 | 650 | 640 | 867 | 680 | 922 | 910 | 1233 | 770 | 1044 |
|  | 12 | 530 | 718 | 710 | 962 | 750 | 1016 | 990 | 1342 | 840 | 1139 |
| 1 $1 / 8$ | 7 | 590 | 800 | 790 | 1071 | 970 | 1315 | 1290 | 1749 | 1090 | 1477 |
|  | 12 | 670 | 908 | 890 | 1206 | 1080 | 1464 | 1440 | 1952 | 1220 | 1654 |
| $1^{1 / 4}$ | 7 | 840 | 1138 | 1120 | 1518 | 1360 | 1844 | 1820 | 2467 | 1530 | 2074 |
|  | 12 | 930 | 1260 | 1240 | 1681 | 1510 | 2047 | 2010 | 2725 | 1700 | 2304 |
| $1^{1 / 2}$ | 6 | 1460 | 1979 | 1950 | 2643 | 2370 | 3213 | 3160 | 4284 | 2670 | 3620 |
|  | 12 | 1640 | 2223 | 2190 | 2969 | 2670 | 3620 | 3560 | 4826 | 3000 | 4067 |

## METRIC FASTENER TORQUE CHART

- This chart is to be used as a guide only unless noted elsewhere in this manual •

| Size <br> (mm) | Class 4.6 4.6 |  |  |  | $\text { Class } 8.8$ |  |  |  | Class 10.9 |  |  |  | $\text { Class } 12.9$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | LUBED |  | DRY |  | LUBED |  | DRY |  | LUBED |  | DRY |  | LUBED |  | DRY |  |
|  | in-lbs | Nm | in-lbs | Nm | in-lbs | Nm | in-lbs | Nm | in-lbs | Nm | in-lbs | Nm | in-lbs | Nm | in-lbs | Nm |
| 5 | 16 | 1.8 | 21 | 2.4 | 41 | 4.63 | 54 | 6.18 | 58 | 6.63 | 78 | 8.84 | 68 | 7.75 | 91 | 10.3 |
| 6 | 19 | 3.05 | 36 | 4.07 | 69 | 7.87 | 93 | 10.5 | 100 | 11.3 | 132 | 15 | 116 | 13.2 | 155 | 17.6 |
| 7 | 45 | 5.12 | 60 | 6.83 | 116 | 13.2 | 155 | 17.6 | 167 | 18.9 | 223 | 25.2 | 1.95 | 22.1 | 260 | 29.4 |
|  | LUBED |  | DRY |  | LUBED |  | DRY |  | LUBED |  | DRY |  | LUBED |  | DRY |  |
|  | ft-lbs | Nm | ft-lbs | Nm | ft-lbs | Nm | ft-lbs | Nm | ft-lbs | Nm | ft -lbs | Nm | ft-lbs | Nm | ft-lbs | Nm |
| 8 | 5.4 | 7.41 | 7.2 | 9.88 | 14 | 19.1 | 18.8 | 25.5 | 20.1 | 27.3 | 26.9 | 36.5 | 23.6 | 32 | 31.4 | 42.6 |
| 10 | 10.8 | 14.7 | 14.4 | 19.6 | 27.9 | 37.8 | 37.2 | 50.5 | 39.9 | 54.1 | 53.2 | 72.2 | 46.7 | 63.3 | 62.3 | 84.4 |
| 12 | 18.9 | 25.6 | 25.1 | 34.1 | 48.6 | 66 | 64.9 | 88 | 69.7 | 94.5 | 92.2 | 125 | 81 | 110 | 108 | 147 |
| 14 | 30.1 | 40.8 | 40 | 54.3 | 77.4 | 105 | 103 | 140 | 110 | 150 | 147 | 200 | 129 | 175 | 172 | 234 |
| 16 | 46.9 | 63.6 | 62.5 | 84.8 | 125 | 170 | 166 | 226 | 173 | 235 | 230 | 313 | 202 | 274 | 269 | 365 |
| 18 | 64.5 | 87.5 | 86.2 | 117 | 171 | 233 | 229 | 311 | 238 | 323 | 317 | 430 | 278 | 377 | 371 | 503 |
| 20 | 91 | 124 | 121 | 165 | 243 | 330 | 325 | 441 | 337 | 458 | 450 | 610 | 394 | 535 | 525 | 713 |
| 22 | 124 | 169 | 166 | 225 | 331 | 450 | 442 | 600 | 458 | 622 | 612 | 830 | 536 | 727 | 715 | 970 |
| 24 | 157 | 214 | 210 | 285 | 420 | 570 | 562 | 762 | 583 | 791 | 778 | 1055 | 682 | 925 | 909 | 1233 |

## Genie

## Scheduled Maintenance Procedures

## 0 <br> Observe and Obey:

$\square$ Maintenance inspections shall be completed by a person trained and qualified on the maintenance of this machine.

■ Scheduled maintenance inspections shall be completed daily, quarterly, six months, annually and every 2 years as specified on the Maintenance Inspection Report. The frequency and extent of periodic examinations and tests may also depend on national regulations.

AWARNING
Failure to perform each procedure as presented and scheduled may cause death, serious injury or substantial damage.

■ Immediately tag and remove from service a damaged or malfunctioning machine.
$\square$ Repair any machine damage or malfunction before operating machine

■ Use only Genie approved replacement parts.

- Machines that have been out of service for a period longer than three months must complete the quarterly inspection.

■ Unless otherwise specified, perform each maintenance procedure with the machine in the following configuration:

- Machine parked on a firm, level surface
- Boom in the stowed position
- Turntable rotated with the boom between the non-steer wheels
- Turntable secured with the turntable rotation lock
- Key switch in the off position with the key removed
- Wheels chocked
- All external AC power supply disconnected from the machine


## About This Section

This section contains detailed procedures for each scheduled maintenance inspection.

Each procedure includes a description, safety information and step-by-step instructions.

Symbols Legend


Safety alert symbol—used to alert personnel to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.

ADANGER
Used to indicate the presence of an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

## AWARNING

Used to indicate the presence of a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

ACAUTION
With safety alert symbol-used to indicate the presence of a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may cause minor or moderate injury.

1010: Used to indicate the presence of a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in property damage.
$\bigcirc$ Indicates that a specific result is expected after performing a series of steps.
\$ Indicates that an incorrect result has occurred after performing a series of steps.

## SCHEDULED MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

## Maintenance Symbols Legend

Note: The following symbols have been used in this manual to help communicate the intent of the instructions. When one or more of the symbols appear at the beginning of a maintenance procedure, it conveys the meaning below.

Indicates that tools will be required to perform this procedure.


Indicates that new parts will be required to perform this procedure.

Indicates that a cold motor, pump or engine will be required to perform this procedure.

Indicates that a warm motor or pump will be required to perform this procedure.

Indicates that dealer service is required to perform this procedure.

## Pre-delivery Preparation Report

The pre-delivery preparation report contains checklists for each type of scheduled inspection.

Make copies of the Pre-delivery Preparation Report to use for each inspection. Store completed forms as required.

## Maintenance Schedule

There are five types of maintenance inspections that must be performed according to a scheduledaily, quarterly, every six months, annual and two years. The Scheduled Maintenance Procedures Section and the Maintenance Inspection Report have been divided into five subsections-A, B, C, D and E. Use the following chart to determine which group(s) of procedures are required to perform a scheduled inspection.

| Inspection | Checklist |
| :--- | ---: |
| Daily or every 8 hours | A |
| Quarterly or every 250 hours | A + B |
| Six months or every 500 hours | A + B + C |
| Annual or every 1000 hours | A + B + C + D |
| Two years or every 2000 hours | A + B + C + D + E |

## Maintenance Inspection Report

The maintenance inspection report contains checklists for each type of scheduled inspection.

Make copies of the Maintenance Inspection Report to use for each inspection. Maintain completed forms for a minimum of 4 years or in compliance with employer, jobsite and govermental regulations and requirements.

## Genie

## Pre-Delivery Preparation

## Fundamentals

It is the responsibility of the dealer to perform the Pre-delivery Preparation.

The Pre-delivery Preparation is performed prior to each delivery. The inspection is designed to discover if anything is apparently wrong with a machine before it is put into service.

A damaged or modified machine must never be used. If damage or any variation from factory delivered condition is discovered, the machine must be tagged and removed from service.

Repairs to the machine may only be made by a qualified service technician, according to the manufacturer's specifications.

Scheduled maintenance inspections shall be performed by qualified service technicians, according to the manufacturer's specifications and the requirements listed in the responsibilities manual.

## Instructions

Use the operator's manual on your machine.
The Pre-delivery Preparation consists of completing the Pre-operation Inspection, the Maintenance items and the Function Tests.

Use this form to record the results. Place a check in the appropriate box after each part is completed. Follow the instructions in the operator's manual.

If any inspection receives an N , remove the machine from service, repair and reinspect it. After repair, place a check in the $R$ box.

## Legend

$\mathrm{Y}=$ yes, completed
$\mathrm{N}=$ no, unable to complete
$\mathrm{R}=$ repaired

## Comments

| Pre-Delivery Preparation | Y | N | R |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Pre-operation inspection <br> completed |  |  |  |
| Maintenance items completed |  |  |  |
| Function tests completed |  |  |  |


| Model |
| :--- |
| Serial number |
| Date |
| Machine owner |
| Inspected by (print) |
| Inspector signature |
| Inspector title |
| Inspector company |



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## Maintenance Inspection Report

| Model |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Serial number |  |
| $\overline{\text { Date }}$ |  |
| Hour meter |  |
| Machine owner |  |
| Inspected by (print) |  |
| Inspector signature |  |
| Inspector title |  |
| Inspector company |  |
| Instructions <br> - Make copies of this report to use for each inspection. |  |
| - Select the appropriate checklist(s) for the type of inspection to be performed. |  |
|  | Daily or 8 hour Inspection: |
|  | Quarterly or $\mathbf{2 5 0}$ hour Inspection: A+B |
|  | Six Month or 500 hour Inspection: $A+B+C$ |
|  | Annual or 1000 hours Inspection: $A+B+C+D$ |
|  | 2 Year or 2000 hour <br> Inspection: $A+B+C+D+E$ |

- Place a check in the appropriate box after each inspection procedure is completed.
- Use the step-by-step procedures in this section to learn how to perform these inspections.
- If any inspection receives an " N ", tag and remove the machine from service, repair and re-inspect it. After repair, place a check in the "R" box.


## Legend

$\mathrm{Y}=$ yes, acceptable
$\mathrm{N}=$ no, remove from service
$R=$ repaired

| Checklist A | Y N R |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A-1 | Inspect the Decals |  |  |  |
| A-2 | Pre-operation <br> inspection |  |  |  |
| A-3 | Functions tests |  |  |  |
| A-4Engine maintenance - <br>  <br> all models |  |  |  |  |
| A-5Inspect tracks -  <br>  TRAX option |  |  |  |  |

Perform after 40 hours:
A-6 30 Day Service
Perform after first $\mathbf{5 0}$ hours:


Perform every 50 hours:

| A-9 | Engine maintenance- <br> Perkins models |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Perform every 100 hours:


Perform after first 125 hours:


Perform every 200 hours:
A-14 Engine maintenance Ford models

## Comments

| Checklist B | Y | N | R |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| B-1 Battery |  |  |  |
| B-2 Electrical wiring |  |  |  |
| B-3 Air filter element |  |  |  |
| B-4 Key switch |  |  |  |
| B-5 Engine maintenance Deutz and Perkins models |  |  |  |
| B-6 Exhaust system |  |  |  |
| B-7 Oil cooler and fins- <br> Deutz models |  |  |  |
| B-8 Tires, wheels and lug nut torque |  |  |  |
| B-9 Drive hub maintenance |  |  |  |
| B-10 Brake configuration |  |  |  |
| B-11 Engine RPM |  |  |  |
| B-12 Engine idle select |  |  |  |
| B-13 Fuel select Ford models |  |  |  |
| B-14 Ground control |  |  |  |
| B-15 Directional valve linkage |  |  |  |
| B-16 Platform self-leveling |  |  |  |
| B-17 Drive brakes |  |  |  |
| B-18 Drive speed stowed position |  |  |  |
| B-19 Drive speed raised position |  |  |  |
| B-20 Hydraulic oil analysis |  |  |  |
| B-21 Alarm package |  |  |  |
| B-22 Fuel and hydraulic cap venting systems |  |  |  |
| B-23 Check track tension - TRAX option |  |  |  |
| Perform every 400 hours: |  |  |  |
| B-24 Engine maintenance Ford models |  |  |  |

MAINTENANCE INSPECTION REPORT


## Checklist A Procedures

## A-1 Inspect the Manuals and Decals

Genie specifications require that this procedure be performed daily.

Maintaining the operator's and safety manuals in good condition is essential to safe machine operation. Manuals are included with each machine and should be stored in the container provided in the platform. An illegible or missing manual will not provide safety and operational information necessary for a safe operating condition.

In addition, maintaining all of the safety and instructional decals in good condition is mandatory for safe machine operation. Decals alert operators and personnel to the many possible hazards associated with using this machine. They also provide users with operation and maintenance information. An illegible decal will fail to alert personnel of a procedure or hazard and could result in unsafe operating conditions.

1 Check to make sure that the operator's and safety manuals are present and complete in the storage container on the platform.

2 Examine the pages of each manual to be sure that they are legible and in good condition.

- Result: The operator's manual is appropriate for the machine and all manuals are legible and in good condition.
\$ Result: The operator's manual is not appropriate for the machine or all manuals are not in good condition or is illegible. Remove the machine from service until the manual is replaced.

3 Open the operator's manual to the decals inspection section. Carefully and thoroughly inspect all decals on the machine for legibility and damage.

- Result: The machine is equipped with all required decals, and all decals are legible and in good condition.
\$ Result: The machine is not equipped with all required decals, or one or more decals are illegible or in poor condition. Remove the machine from service until the decals are replaced.
4 Always return the manuals to the storage container after use.
Note: Contact your authorized Genie distributor or Genie Industries if replacement manuals or decals are needed.


## CHECKLIST A PROCEDURES

## A-2 Perform Pre-operation Inspection

Genie specifications require that this procedure be performed daily.

Completing a Pre-operation Inspection is essential to safe machine operation. The Pre-operation Inspection is a visual inspection performed by the operator prior to each work shift. The inspection is designed to discover if anything is apparently wrong with a machine before the operator performs the function tests. The Pre-operation Inspection also serves to determine if routine maintenance procedures are required.

Complete information to perform this procedure is available in the Operator's Manual on your machine.

## A-3

## Perform Function Tests

Genie specifications require that this procedure be performed daily.

Completing the function tests is essential to safe machine operation. Function tests are designed to discover any malfunctions before the machine is put into service. A malfunctioning machine must never be used. If malfunctions are discovered, the machine must be tagged and removed from service.

Complete information to perform this procedure is available in the Operator's Manual on your machine.

## A-4

Perform Engine Maintenance


Engine specifications require that this procedure be performed every 8 hours or daily, whichever comes first.

Proper engine maintenance, following the engine manufacturer's maintenance schedule, is essential to good engine performance and service life. Failure to perform the maintenance procedures can lead to poor engine performance and component damage.

## Deutz models

Required maintenance procedures and additional engine information are available in the

Deutz 1011F Operation Manual
(Deutz part number 0297 9683) or the
Deutz 2011 Operation Manual
(Deutz part number 03123547 ).

| Deutz 1011F Operation Manual  <br> Genie part number  | 52883 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Deutz 2011 Operation Manual <br> Genie part number | 139320 |

## CHECKLIST A PROCEDURES

## Perkins models

Required maintenance procedures and additional engine information are available in the Perkins 404-22 Operation Manual
(Perkins part number TPD 1443S).

| Perkins 404-22 Operation Manual |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Genie part number | 94890 |

## Ford models

Required maintenance procedures and additional engine information are available in the Ford LRG-425 EFI Operator Handbook (Ford part number FPP 194-302) or the Ford DSG-423 EFI Operator Handbook (EDI part number 1060020) or the Ford MSG-425 EFI OperatorHandbook (Ford part number 1020010).

| Ford LRG 425 EFI Operation Manual <br> Genie part number | 84792 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Ford DSG 423 EFI Operator Handbook <br> Genie part number | 119488 |
| Ford MSG-425 EFI Operator Handbook <br> Genie part number | 215322 |

## To access the engine:

Remove the engine tray retaining fasteners located under the engine tray. Loosen the pivot fastener located at the platform end of the engine tray. Swing the engine tray out and away from the machine and secure it from moving.

```
AWARNING
Crushing hazard. Failure to secure the engine pivot plate from moving could result in death or serious injury.
```


## A-5 <br> Inspect the Track Components, TRAX option

Note: Genie specifications require that this procedure be performed daily or every 8 hours, whichever comes first.

Maintaining tracks and track assembly components is essential to safe operation and good performance. A track assembly failure could result in a machine tip-over. Component damage may also result if problems are not discovered and repaired in a timely fashion.

1 Thoroughly clean the track assembly of any dirt, rocks, clay, etc.

2 Inspect the following areas for damaged, cracked, loose or missing parts and fasteners:

- Track
- Idlerwheels
- Drive sprocket and hub
- Bogey wheels
- Undercarriage
- Kingpin and steering linkage bushings


## CHECKLIST A PROCEDURES

## A-6 <br> Perform 30 Day Service \% 웅

The 30 day maintenance procedure is a one time sequence of procedures to be performed after the first 30 days or 40 hours of usage, whichever comes first. After this interval, refer to the maintenance tables for continued scheduled maintenance.

1 Perform the following maintenance procedures:

## - A-10 Grease the Turntable Bearing and Rotate Gear

- B-8 Inspect the Tires, Wheels and Lug Nut Torque
- B-9 Check the Drive Hub Oil Level and Fastener Torque
- D-2 Check the Turnable Rotation Bearing Bolts
- D-6 Replace the Hydraulic Filter Elements


## A-7 <br> Perform Engine Maintenance Deutz and Ford Models

Engine specifications require that this procedure be performed after the first 50 hours of operation.

Proper engine maintenance, following the engine manufacturer's maintenance schedule, is essential to good engine performance and service life. Failure to perform the maintenance procedures can lead to poor engine performance and component damage.

## Deutz models

Required maintenance procedures and additional engine information are available in the

Deutz 1011F Operation Manual
(Deutz part number 0297 9683) or the
Deutz 2011 Operation Manual
(Deutz part number 03123547 ).

| Deutz 1011F Operation Manual <br> Genie part number | 52883 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Deutz 2011 Operation Manual <br> Genie part number | 139320 |

## CHECKLIST A PROCEDURES

## Ford models

Required maintenance procedures and additional engine information are available in the Ford LRG-425 EFI Operator Handbook (Ford part number FPP 194-302) or the Ford DSG-423EFIOperatorHandbook (EDI part number 1060020) or the FordMSG-425 EFI OperatorHandbook (Ford part number 1020010).

| Ford LRG 425 EFI Operation Manual |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Genie part number | 84792 |

Ford DSG 423 EFI Operator Handbook
Genie part number 119488

Ford MSG-425 EFI Operator Handbook
Genie part number
215322

## To access the engine:

Remove the engine tray retaining fasteners located under the engine tray. Loosen the pivot fastener located at the platform end of the engine tray. Swing the engine tray out and away from the machine and secure it from moving.

## AWARNING

Crushing hazard. Failure to secure the engine pivot plate from moving could result in death or serious injury.

## A-8

Replace the Drive Hub Oil


Manufacturer drive hub specifications require that this one-time procedure be performed after the first 150 hours.

Replacing the drive hub oil is essential for good machine performance and service life. Failure to replace the torque hub oil after the first 50 hours of use may cause the machine to perform poorly and continued use may cause component damage.

1 Select the drive hub to be serviced. Drive the machine until one of the two plugs is at the lowest point.
2 Remove both plugs and drain the oil into a suitable container.

3 Drive the machine until one plug is at the top and the other is at 90 degrees.
4 Fill the hub with oil from the top hole until the oil level is even with the bottom of the side hole. Refer to Section 2, Specifications.

5 Install the plugs. Use pipe thread sealant on units with pipe plugs.
6 Repeat steps 1 through 5 for all the other drive hubs.

models with pipe plugs

a drive hub plugs

## CHECKLIST A PROCEDURES

## A-9 <br> Perform Engine Maintenance Perkins Models



Engine specifications require that this procedure be performed every 50 hours.

Proper engine maintenance, following the engine manufacturer's maintenance schedule, is essential to good engine performance and service life. Failure to perform the maintenance procedures can lead to poor engine performance and component damage.

## Perkins models

Required maintenance procedures and additional engine information are available in the Perkins 404-22 Operation Manual (Perkins part number TPD 1443S).

## Perkins 404-22 Operation Manual <br> Genie part number

94890

## To access the engine:

Remove the engine tray retaining fasteners located under the engine tray. Loosen the pivot fastener located at the platform end of the engine tray. Swing the engine tray out and away from the machine and secure it from moving.

## AWARNING

Crushing hazard. Failure to secure the engine pivot plate from moving could result in death or serious injury.

## A-10 Inspect the Fuel Filter/Water Separator - Deutz Models



Genie specifications require that this procedure be performed every 100 hours or monthly, whichever comes first.

Proper maintenance of the fuel filter/water separator is essential for good engine performance. Failure to perform this procedure can lead to poor engine performance and/or hard starting, and continued use may result in component damge. Extremely dirty conditions may require this procedure be performed more often.

A DANGER Explosion and fire hazard. Engine fuels are combustible. Perform this procedure in an open, wellventilated area away from heaters, sparks, flames and lighted tobacco. Always have an approved fire extinguisher within easy reach.
Note: Perform this procedure with the engine off.
1 Loosen the drain plug located at the bottom of the filter. Allow the water to drain into a suitable container until fuel starts to come out. Immediately tighten the drain plug.

a fuel filter
b drain plug
2 Clean up any fuel that may have spilled.
3 Start the engine from the ground controls and check the fuel filter/water separator for leaks.

## ADANGER

Explosion and fire hazard. If a fuel leak is discovered, keep any additional personnel from entering the area and do not operate the machine. Repair the leak immediately.

## A-11 <br> Perform Engine Maintenance Ford Models



Engine specifications require that this procedure be performed every 100 hours.

Proper engine maintenance, following the engine manufacturer's maintenance schedule, is essential to good engine performance and service life. Failure to perform the maintenance procedures can lead to poor engine performance and component damage.

Required maintenance procedures and additional engine information are available in the Ford LRG-425 EFI Operator Handbook (Ford part number FPP 194-302) or the Ford DSG-423 EFI OperatorHandbook (EDI part number 1060020) or the Ford MSG-425 EFI OperatorHandbook (Ford part number 1020010).

| Ford LRG 425 EFI Operation Manual <br> Genie part number | 84792 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Ford DSG 423 EFI Operator Handbook <br> Genie part number | 119488 |
| Ford MSG-425 EFI Operator Handbook <br> Genie part number | 215322 |

To access the engine:
Remove the engine tray retaining fasteners located under the engine tray. Loosen the pivot fastener located at the platform end of the engine tray. Swing the engine tray out and away from the machine and secure it from moving.

AWARNING
Crushing hazard. Failure to secure the engine pivot plate from moving could result in death or serious injury.

## CHECKLIST A PROCEDURES

## A-12 <br> Grease the Turntable Rotation Bearing and Rotate Gear

Genie specifications require that this procedure be performed every 100 hours of operation. Perform this procedure more often if dusty conditions exist.

Frequent application of lubrication to the turntable bearing and rotate gear is essential to good machine performance and service life. Continued use of an improperly greased bearing and gear will result in component damage.

1 Raise the boom enugh to access the turntable gearing.

2 Locate the grease fitting on the platform end of the engine side bulkhead.

3 Pump grease into the turntable rotation bearing. Rotate the turntable in increments of 4 to 5 inches / 10 to 13 cm at a time and repeat this step until the entire bearing has been greased.

4 Apply grease to each tooth of the drive gear, located under the turntable.

## Grease specification

Chevron Ultra-duty grease, EP NLGI 2 (lithium based) or equivalent

## A-13 <br> Perform Engine Maintenance Deutz 1011F Models



Engine specifications require that this procedure be performed after the first 125 hours.

Proper engine maintenance, following the engine manufacturer's maintenance schedule, is essential to good engine performance and service life. Failure to perform the maintenance procedures can lead to poor engine performance and component damage.

Required maintenance procedures and additional engine information are available in the Deutz 1011F Operation Manual
(Deutz part number 0297 9683).

## Deutz 1011F Operation Manual <br> Genie part number

52883

## To access the engine:

1 Remove the engine tray retaining fasteners located under the engine tray. Loosen the pivot fastener located at the platform end of the engine tray. Swing the engine tray out and away from the machine and secure it from moving.

> AWARNING

Crushing hazard. Failure to secure the engine pivot plate from moving could result in death or serious injury.

## CHECKLIST A PROCEDURES

## A-14 <br> Perform Engine Maintenance Ford Models



Engine specifications require that this procedure be performed every 200 hours.

Proper engine maintenance, following the engine manufacturer's maintenance schedule, is essential to good engine performance and service life. Failure to perform the maintenance procedures can lead to poor engine performance and component damage.

Required maintenance procedures and additional engine information are available in the Ford LRG-425 EFI Operator Handbook (Ford part number FPP 194-302) or the Ford DSG-423 EFIOperatorHandbook (EDI part number 1060020) or the Ford MSG-425 EFI Operator Handbook (Ford part number 1020010).

| Ford LRG 425 EFI Operation Manual <br> Genie part number | 84792 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Ford DSG 423 EFI Operator Handbook <br> Genie part number | 119488 |
| Ford MSG-425 EFI Operator Handbook <br> Genie part number | 215322 |

## To access the engine:

Remove the engine tray retaining fasteners located under the engine tray. Loosen the pivot fastener located at the platform end of the engine tray. Swing the engine tray out and away from the machine and secure it from moving.

## AWARNING <br> Crushing hazard. Failure to secure

 the engine pivot plate from moving could result in death or serious injury.
## Checklist B Procedures

## B-1 <br> Inspect the Battery <br> 

Genie specifications require that this procedure be performed every 250 hours or quarterly, whichever comes first.

Proper battery condition is essential to good engine performance and operational safety. Improper fluid levels or damaged cables and connections can result in engine component damage and hazardous conditions.


Electrocution/burn hazard. Contact with hot or live circuits could result in death or serious injury. Remove all rings, watches and other jewelry.

## AWARNING

Bodily injury hazard. Batteries contain acid. Avoid spilling or contacting battery acid. Neutralize battery acid spills with baking soda and water.

1 Put on protective clothing and eye wear.
2 Be sure that the battery cable connections are free of corrosion.

Note: Adding terminal protectors and a corrosion preventative sealant will help eliminate corrosion on the battery terminals and cables.

3 Be sure that the battery hold downs and cable connections are tight.
4 Fully charge the batteries and allow the batteries to rest at least 6 hours.

5 Remove the battery vent caps and check the specific gravity of each battery cell with a hydrometer. Note the results.
6 Check the ambient air temperature and adjust the specific gravity reading for each cell as follows:

- Add 0.004 to the reading of each cell for every $10^{\circ} / 5.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ above $80^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / 26.7^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
- Subtract 0.004 from the reading of each cell for every $10^{\circ} / 5.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ below $80^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / 26.7^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
$\odot$ Result: All battery cells display an adjusted specific gravity of 1.277 or higher. The battery is fully charged. Proceed to step 11.
\$ Result: One or more battery cells display a specific gravity of 1.217 or below. Proceed to step 8.
7 Perform an equalizing charge, OR fully charge the batteries and allow the batteries to rest at least 6 hours.
8 Remove the battery vent caps and check the specific gravity of each battery cell with a hydrometer. Note the results.

9 Check the ambient air temperature and adjust the specific gravity reading for each cell as follows:

- Add 0.004 to the reading of each cell for every $10^{\circ} / 5.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ above $80^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / 26.7^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
- Subtract 0.004 from the reading of each cell for every $10^{\circ} / 5.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ below $80^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / 26.7^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
- Result: All battery cells display a specific gravity of 1.277 or greater. The battery is fully charged. Proceed to step 11.
\$ Result: The difference in specific gravity readings between cells is greater than 0.1 OR the specific gravity of one or more cells is less than 1.217. Replace the battery.

10 Check the battery acid level. If needed, replenish with distilled water to $1 / 8$ inch / 3 mm below the bottom of the battery fill tube. Do not overfill.

11 Install the vent caps and neutralize any electrolyte that may have spilled with baking soda.

## CHECKLIST B PROCEDURES

## B-2 <br> Inspect the Electrical Wiring <br> 

Genie specifications require that this procedure be performed every 250 hours or quarterly, whichever comes first.

Maintaining electrical wiring in good condition is essential to safe operation and good machine performance. Failure to find and replace burnt, chafed, corroded or pinched wires could result in unsafe operating conditions and may cause component damage.

## AWARNING

Electrocution/burn hazard. Contact with hot or live circuits could result in death or serious injury. Remove all rings, watches and other jewelry.

1 Open the engine side turntable cover.
2 Remove the engine tray retaining fasteners located under the engine tray. Swing the engine tray out and away from the machine and secure it from moving.

## AWARNING

Crushing hazard. Failure to secure the engine pivot plate from moving could result in death or serious injury.

3 Inspect the following areas for burnt, chafed, corroded and loose wires:

- Engine wiring harness
- Hydraulic manifold wiring

4 Inspect for a liberal coating of dielectric grease in the following locations:

- Between the ground and platform controls
- Between the ground and drive controls
- All harness connectors
- Level sensor

5 Open the turntable cover at the ground control side of the machine.

6 Inspect the following areas for burnt, chafed, corroded and loose wires:

- Inside of the ground control box
- Hydraulic manifold wiring

7 Start the engine from the ground controls and raise the boom above the turntable covers.

8 Inspect the turntable area for burnt, chafed and pinched cables.

9 Lower the boom to the stowed position and turn the engine off.

10 Inspect the following areas for burnt, chafed, corroded, pinched and loose wires:

- Cable track on the primary boom
- Cables on the primary, and jib booms
- Jib boom/Platform rotate manifold
- Inside of the platform control box

11 Inspect for a liberal coating of dielectric grease in all connections between the ECM and the platform controls.

12 Swing the engine back to its original position and install the engine pivot plate retaining fasteners.

> AWARNING
> Crushing hazard. Failure to install the fasteners into the engine tray to secure it from moving could result in death or serious injury.

## CHECKLIST B PROCEDURES

## B-3 <br> Inspect the Air Filter

## * * *

Note: Genie specifications require that this procedure be performed every 250 hours or quarterly, whichever comes first. Perform this procedure more often if dusty conditions exist.

Maintaining the engine air filter in good condition is essential to good engine performance and service life. Failure to perform this procedure can lead to poor engine performance and component damage.

Note: Perform this procedure with the engine off.
1 Open the engine side cover. Empty the dust discharge valve by pressing together the sides of the discharge slot. Clean the discharge slot as needed.

2 Inspect the dust discharge valve. If the valve shows any signs of damage, replace the valve.

a clamp
b canister end cap
c dust discharge valve
3 Disconnect the latches and remove the end cap of the air cleaner canister.

4 Remove the filter element.
5 Clean the inside of the canister and the gasket with a damp cloth.

6 Clean the filter using dry compressed air. Blow out from inside to outside. Check filter gasket for damage.

7 Re-install the filter element, or if there are any signs of loss of filtration, replace the element.
8 Install the end cap onto the canister. Secure the clamps.

Note: Be sure the dust discharge valve is pointing down.

## B-4 <br> Test the Key Switch

Genie specifications require that this procedure be performed every 250 hours or quarterly, whichever comes first.

Proper key switch action and response is essential to safe machine operation. The machine can be operated from the ground or platform controls and the activation of one or the other is accomplished with the key switch. Failure of the key switch to activate the appropriate control panel could cause a hazardous operating situation.

1 Pull out the red Emergency Stop button to the on position at both the ground and platform controls.

2 Turn the key switch to ground control, start the engine and then turn the key switch to platform control.

3 Check all machine function from the ground controls.
© Result: All machine functions should not operate.

4 Turn the key switch to ground control.
5 Check all machine function from the platform controls.
© Result: All machine functions should not operate.

6 Turn the key switch to the off position.

- Result: The engine should stop and no functions should operate.


## B-5 <br> Perform Engine Maintenance Deutz and Perkins Models



Engine specifications require that this procedure be performed quarterly or every 250 hours, whichever comes first.

## Deutz models

Required maintenance procedures and additional engine information are available in the Deutz 1011F Operation Manual (Deutz part number 0297 9683).

## Deutz 1011F Operation Manual

 Genie part number52883

## Perkins models

Required maintenance procedures and additional engine information are available in the Perkins 404-22 Operation Manual
(Perkins part number TPD 1443S).

Perkins 404-22 Operation Manual
Genie part number
94890

## To access the engine:

Remove the engine tray retaining fasteners located under the engine tray. Loosen the pivot fastener located at the platform end of the engine tray. Swing the engine tray out and away from the machine and secure it from moving.

> AWARNING
> Crushing hazard. Failure to secure the engine pivot plate from moving could result in death or serious injury.

## B-6 <br> Check the Exhaust System



Genie specifications require that this procedure be performed every 250 hours or quarterly, whichever comes first.

Maintaining the exhaust system is essential to good engine performance and service life. Running the engine with a damaged or leaking exhaust system can cause component damage and unsafe operating conditions.

## AWARNING <br> ACAUTION

Bodily injury hazard. Do not inspect while the engine is running. Remove the key to secure from operation.

Burn hazard. Beware of hot engine components. Contact with hot engine components may result in severe burns.

1 Remove the engine tray retaining fasteners located under the engine tray. Swing the engine tray out and away from the machine and secure it from moving.

## AWARNING

Crushing hazard. Failure to secure the engine pivot plate from moving could result in death or serious injury.

2 Be sure that all nuts and bolts are tight.
3 Inspect all welds for cracks.
4 Inspect for exhaust leaks; i.e., carbon buildup around seams and joints.

5 Swing the engine back to its original position and install the engine pivot plate retaining fasteners.

> AWARNING
> Crushing hazard. Failure to install the fasteners into the engine tray to secure it from moving could result in death or serious injury.

## B-7 <br> Check the Oil Cooler and Cooling Fins - Deutz Models



Genie specifications require that this procedure be performed every 250 hours or quarterly, whichever comes first.

Maintaining the oil cooler in good condition is essential for good engine performance. Operating a machine with a damaged oil cooler may result in engine damage. Also, restricting air flow through the oil cooler will affect the performance of the cooling system.

## AWARNING <br> Bodily injury hazard. Do not inspect while the engine is running. Remove the key to secure from operation. <br> $\triangle$ CAUTION <br> Burn hazard. Beware of hot engine components. Contact with hot engine components may result in severe burns.

## Oil cooler

1 Remove the engine tray retaining fasteners located under the engine tray. Loosen the pivot fastener located at the platform end of the engine tray. Swing the engine tray out and away from the machine and secure it from moving.

Crushing hazard. Failure to secure the engine pivot plate from moving could result in death or serious injury.

2 Remove the fasteners from the engine side cover, and remove the cover.

3 Inspect the oil cooler for leaks and physical damage.

4 Clean the oil cooler of debris and foreign material.


[^0]
## Cooling and fan blower fins

5 Inspect the fan blower fins for physical damage.
6 Clean the fan blower fins of debris and foreign material.

7 Inspect the head cooling passages and fins for physical damage or foreign material, using a flashlight.

8 Clean the cylinder head cooling passages of debris and foreign material.

9 Install the engine side cover.
10 Swing the engine back to its original position and install the engine pivot plate retaining fasteners. Tighten the pivot fastener.

Crushing hazard. Failure to install the fasteners into the engine tray to secure it from moving could result in death or serious injury.

## B-8 <br> Inspect the Tires, Wheels and Lug Nut Torque

©
Genie specifications require that this procedure be performed every 250 hours or quarterly, whichever comes first.

Maintaining the tires and wheels in good condition including proper wheel fastener torque is essential to safe operation and good performance. Tire and/or wheel failure could result in a machine tip-over. Component damage may also result if problems are not discovered and repaired in a timely fashion.

## AWARNING

Bodily injury hazard. An overinflated tire can explode and could cause death or serious injury.

## AWARNING

Tip-over hazard. Do not use temporary flat tire repair products.

Note: The tires on some machines are foam-filled and do not need air added to them.

1 Check all tire treads and sidewalls for cuts, cracks, punctures and unusual wear.

2 Check each wheel for damage, bends and cracks.

3 Check each lug nut for proper torque. Refer to Section 2, Specifications.
Models with air-filled tires:
4 Check pressure in each air-filled tire. Add air as necessary. Refer to Section 2, Specifications.

## CHECKLIST B PROCEDURES

## B-9 <br> Check the Drive Hub Oil Level and Fastener Torque N 5

Genie specifications require that this procedure be performed every 250 hours or quarterly, whichever comes first.

Failure to maintain proper drive hub oil levels may cause the machine to perform poorly and continued use may cause component damage.

1 Drive the machine to rotate the hub until the plugs are located one on top and the other at 90 degrees.
2 Remove the plug located at 90 degrees and check the oil level.

- Result: The oil level should be even with the bottom of the side plug hole.

3 If necessary, remove the top plug and add oil until the oil level is even with the bottom of the side plug hole. Refer to Section 2, Specifications.

4 Install the plug(s) in the drive hub. Use pipe thread sealant on units with pipe plugs.

5 Check the torque of the drive hub mounting fasteners. Refer to Section 2, Specifications.

6 Repeat this procedure for each drive hub.

models with pipe plugs

a drive hub plugs

## Turntable rotate drive hub

1 Remove the plug located on the side of the hub and check the oil level.

- Result: The oil level should be even with the bottom of the plug hole.

turntable drive hub
a plug
2 If necessary, add oil until the oil level is even with the bottom of the plug hole.

3 Apply pipe thread sealant to the plug, and install the plug in the drive hub.

4 Check the torque of the turntable drive hub mounting fasteners. Refer to Section 2, Specifications.

## B-10 <br> Confirm the Proper Brake Configuration

A
Genie specifications require that this procedure be performed every 250 hours or quarterly, whichever comes first.

Proper brake configuration is essential to safe operation and good machine performance. Hydrostatic brakes and hydraulically-released, spring-applied individual wheel brakes can appear to operate normally when they are actually not fully operational.

1 Check each drive hub disconnect cap to be sure it is in the engaged position.


2 Be sure the free-wheel valve on the drive pump is closed (clockwise).

Note: The free-wheel valve is located on the bottom of the drive pump.

a drive pump
b screwdriver
c lift pump
d free-wheel valve
Note: The free-wheel valve should always remain closed.

## CHECKLIST B PROCEDURES

## B-11 <br> Check and Adjust the Engine RPM

Genie specifications require that this procedure be performed every 250 hours or quarterly, whichever comes first.

Maintaining the engine rpm at the proper setting for both low and high idle is essential to good engine performance and service life. The machine will not operate properly if the rpm is incorrect and continued use may cause component damage.

Note: This procedure will require two people.

## Ford Models

Note: The engine rpm is controlled by the ECM and can only be adjusted by re-programming the ECM. If rpm adjustment or service is required, please contact Genie Industries Service Department OR your local Ford dealer.

## Deutz Models

1 Connect a tachometer to the engine. Start the engine from the ground controls. Refer to Section 2, Specifications.

## Skip to step 3 if the low idle rpm is correct.

2 Loosen the low idle lock nut and turn the low idle adjustment screw clockwise to increase the rpm or counterclockwise to decrease the rpm. Tighten the low idle lock nut and re-check the rpm.

3 Move the function enable/rpm select toggle switch to the high idle (rabbit symbol) position at the ground controls. Refer to Section 2, Specifications.


## If high idle rpm is correct, disregard adjustment step 4.

4 Loosen the yoke lock nut. Turn the high idle adjustment nut and solenoid boot counterclockwise to increase the rpm or clockwise to decrease the rpm. Tighten the yoke lock nut and re-check the rpm.

Note: Be sure the solenoid fully retracts when activating high idle.

## Perkins Models

1 Connect a tachometer to the engine. Start the engine from the ground controls. Refer to Section 2, Specifications.

## Skip to step 3 if the low idle rpm is correct.

2 Loosen the low idle lock nut. Turn the low idle adjustment screw clockwise to increase the rpm, or counterclockwise to decrease the rpm.


Tighten the low idle lock nut and confirm the rpm.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { a } & \text { solenoid boot } \\
\text { b } & \text { high idle adjustment nut } \\
\text { c } & \text { clevis } \\
\text { d } & \text { low idle lock nut and adjustment } \\
& \text { screw }
\end{array}
$$

3 Move the function enable toggle switch to the high idle (rabbit symbol) position. Refer to Section 2, Specifications.
If high idle rpm is correct, disregard adjustment step 4.

4 Loosen the yoke lock nut. Turn the high idle adjustment nut and solenoid boot counterclockwise to increase the rpm or clockwise to decrease the rpm. Tighten the yoke lock nut and re-check the rpm.

Note: Be sure the solenoid fully retracts when activating high idle.

## B-12

## Test the Engine Idle Select

Genie specifications require that this procedure be performed every 250 hours or quarterly, whichever comes first.

A properly operating engine idle select switch is essential to good engine performance and safe machine operation. There are two settings.

Foot switch activated low idle (turtle symbol) allows the operator to control individual boom functions.

Foot switch activated high idle (rabbit symbol) should be used for normal machine operation. This selection activates high idle only when the foot switch is pressed down.

1 Pull out the red Emergency Stop button to the on position at both the ground and platform controls.

2 Start the engine from the ground controls then move and hold the function enable/rpm select toggle switch to the high idle (rabbit symbol).
$\odot$ Result: The engine should change to high idle.
3 Release the function enable/rpm select toggle switch.
© Result: The engine should return to low idle.
4 Turn the key switch to platform controls.
5 Move the engine idle control switch to foot switch activated high idle (rabbit and foot switch symbol).

- Result: The engine should not change to high idle.
6 Press down the foot switch.
© Result: The engine should change to high idle.
7 Move the engine idle control switch to foot switch activated low idle (turtle symbol).
© Result: The engine should change to low idle.


## CHECKLIST B PROCEDURES

## B-13

## Test the Fuel Select Operation Ford Models

## ©

Genie specifications require that this procedure be performed every 250 hours or quarterly, whichever comes first.

The ability to select and switch between gasoline and LPG fuels as needed is essential to safe machine operation. A fuel selection can be made when the engine is running or not. Switching malfunctions and/or the failure of the engine to start and run properly in both fuel modes and through all idle speeds can indicate fuel system problems that could develop into a hazardous situation.

Note: Perform this test after checking the gasoline and LPG fuel levels, and warming the engine to normal operating temperature.

1 Move the fuel select switch to gasoline and then move the engine idle control switch to foot switch activated high idle (rabbit and foot switch symbol).

2 Start the engine from the platform controls and allow it to run at low idle. Press down the foot switch to allow the engine to run at high idle.

- Result: The engine should start promptly and operate smoothly in low and high idle.

3 Release the foot switch and shut the engine off by pushing the red Emergency Stop button in to the off position.

4 Move the fuel select switch to LPG.
5 Start the engine and allow it to run at low idle. Press down the foot switch to allow the engine to run at high idle.
© Result: The engine should start promptly and operate smoothly in low and high idle.

Note: The engine may hesitate momentarily and then continue to run on the selected fuel if switched while running.

## B-14 <br> Test the Ground Control Override

Genie specifications require that this procedure be performed every 250 hours or quarterly, whichever comes first.

A properly functioning ground control override is essential to safe machine operation. The ground control override function is intended to allow ground personnel to operate the machine from the ground controls whether or not the red Emergency Stop button on the platform controls is in the on or off position. This function is particularly useful if the operator at the platform controls cannot return the boom to the stowed position.

1 Push in the platform red Emergency Stop button to the off position.

2 Start the engine from the ground controls.
3 At the ground controls, operate each boom function through a partial cycle.

- Result: All boom functions should operate.


## B-15

## Check the Directional Valve

 LinkageGenie specifications require that this procedure be performed every 250 hours or quarterly, whichever comes first.

Note: Perform this test only on models equipped with a oscillating axle.

Proper axle oscillation is essential to safe machine operation. If the directional valve linkage is not operating correctly, the stability of the machine is compromised and it may tip over.

1 Remove the drive chassis cover and the axle covers from the non-steer end of the drive chassis.

2 Locate the directional valve inside of the nonsteer axle and inspect the linkage for the following:

- Lock nut is tight against yoke
- Yoke clevis pins are installed
- Cotter pins are installed through clevis pins
- Linkage is properly attached to directional valve


## CHECKLIST B PROCEDURES

## B-16 <br> Test the Platform Self-leveling



Genie specifications require that this procedure be performed every 250 hours or quarterly, whichever comes first.

Automatic platform self-leveling throughout the full cycle of primary boom raising and lowering is essential for safe machine operation. The platform is maintained at level by the platform leveling slave cylinder which operates in a closed loop hydraulic circuit with the master cylinder located at the base of the boom.

A platform self-leveling failure creates an unsafe working condition for platform and ground personnel.

1 Start the engine from the ground controls and lower the boom to the stowed position.
2 Hold the function enable toggle switch to either side and adjust the platform to a level position using the platform level toggle switch.

3 Raise and lower the primary boom through a full cycle.
© Result: The platform should remain level at all times to within $\pm 5$ degrees.

## B-17

## Test the Drive Brakes



Genie specifications require that this procedure be performed every 250 hours or quarterly, whichever comes first.

Proper brake action is essential to safe machine operation. The drive brake function should operate smoothly, free of hesitation, jerking and unusual noise. Hydrostatic brakes and hydraulicallyreleased individual wheel brakes can appear to operate normally when they are actually not fully operational.

## AWARNING <br> Collision hazard. Be sure that the machine is not in free-wheel or partial free-wheel configuration. See B-10, Confirm the Proper Brake Configuration.

Note: Select a test area that is firm, level and free of obstructions.

1 Mark a test line on the ground for reference.
2 Start the engine from the platform controls.
3 Move the engine idle control switch to foot switch activated high idle (rabbit and foot switch symbol), then lower the boom into the stowed position.

4 Choose a point on the machine; i.e., contact patch of a tire, as a visual reference for use when crossing the test line.

5 Bring the machine to top drive speed before reaching the test line. Release the drive joystick when your reference point on the machine crosses the test line.

6 Measure the distance between the test line and your machine reference point. Refer to Section 2, Specifications.

Note: The brakes must be able to hold the machine on any slope it is able to climb.

## B-18 <br> Test the Drive Speed Stowed Position

Genie specifications require that this procedure be performed every 250 hours or quarterly, whichever comes first.

Proper drive function movement is essential to safe machine operation. The drive function should respond quickly and smoothly to operator control. Drive performance should also be free of hesitation, jerking and unusual noise over the entire proportionally controlled speed range.

Note: Select a test area that is firm, level and free of obstructions.

1 Create start and finish lines by marking two lines on the ground 40 feet / 12.2 m apart.

2 Start the engine from the platform controls.
3 Move the engine idle control switch to foot switch activated high idle (rabbit and foot switch symbol), then lower the boom into the stowed position.

4 Choose a point on the machine; i.e., contact patch of a tire, as a visual reference for use when crossing the start and finish lines.

5 Bring the machine to top drive speed before reaching the start line. Begin timing when your reference point on the machine crosses the start line.

6 Continue at full speed and note the time when the machine reference point crosses the finish line. Refer to Section 2, Specifications.

## B-19 <br> Test the Drive Speed Raised or Extended Position



Genie specifications require that this procedure be performed every 250 hours or quarterly, whichever comes first.

Proper drive function movement is essential to safe machine operation. The drive function should respond quickly and smoothly to operator control. Drive performance should also be free of hesitation, jerking and unusual noise over the entire proportionally controlled speed range.

Note: Select a test area that is firm, level and free of obstructions.

1 Create start and finish lines by marking two lines on the ground 40 feet / 12.2 m apart.
2 Start the engine from the platform controls.
3 Move the engine idle select switch to foot switch activated high idle (rabbit and foot switch symbol).

4 Raise the boom above horizontal.
5 Choose a point on the machine; i.e., contact patch of a tire, as a visual reference for use when crossing the start and finish lines.

## CHECKLIST B PROCEDURES

6 Bring the machine to top drive speed before reaching the start line. Begin timing when your reference point on the machine crosses the start line.

7 Continue at full speed and note the time when the machine reference point crosses the finish line. Refer to Section 2, Specifications.
8 Lower the boom to the stowed position and extend the boom 1 foot / 30 cm .

9 Choose a point on the machine; i.e., contact patch of a tire, as a visual reference for use when crossing the start and finish lines.

10 Bring the machine to top drive speed before reaching the start line. Begin timing when your reference point on the machine crosses the start line.

11 Continue at top speed and note the time when the machine reference point crosses the finish line. Refer to Section 2, Specifications.

B-20
Perform Hydraulic Oil Analysis (1) 6 困

Genie specifications require that this procedure be performed every 250 hours or quarterly, whichever comes first.

Replacement or testing of the hydraulic oil is essential for good machine performance and service life. Dirty oil and a clogged suction strainer may cause the machine to perform poorly and continued use may cause component damage. Extremely dirty conditions may require oil changes to be performed more often.

Note: Before replacing the hydraulic oil, the oil may be tested by an oil distributor for specific levels of contamination to verify that changing the oil is necessary. If the hydraulic oil is not replaced at the two year inspection, test the oil quarterly. Replace the oil when it fails the test.
See E-1, Test or Replace the Hydraulic Oil.

## CHECKLIST B PROCEDURES

## B-21

## Test the Alarm Package (if equipped) and the Descent Alarm

Genie specifications require that this procedure be performed every 250 hours or quarterly, whichever comes first.

The alarm package includes:

- Travel alarm
- Flashing beacons

Alarms and beacons are installed to alert operators and ground personnel of machine proximity and motion. The alarm package is installed on the turntable rear cover. Beacons are installed on both turntable covers.

Note: The alarms and beacons will operate with the engine running or not running.

Note: The descent alarm is standard equipment beginning with serial number 12602.

1 Turn the key switch to ground controls and pull out the red Emergency Stop button to the on position at both the ground and platform controls.

- Result: Both flashing beacons should be on and flashing.

2 Hold the function enable switch to either side and activate the boom toggle switch in the down position, hold for a moment and then release it.

- Result: The descent alarm should sound when the toggle switch is held down.

3 Move the function enable/rpm select toggle switch to either side and activate the jib boom toggle switch in the down position, hold for a moment and then release it.
© Result: The descent alarm should sound when the toggle switch is held down.
4 Turn the key switch to platform controls.

- Result: The flashing beacons should be on and flashing.
5 Press down the foot switch. Move the boom controller to the down position, hold for a moment and then release it.
- Result: The descent alarm should sound when the controller is held down.

6 Press down the foot switch. Move the jib boom toggle switch to the down position, hold for a moment and then release it.
$\odot$ Result: The descent alarm should sound when the controller is held down.

7 Press down the foot switch. Move the drive controller off center, hold for a moment and then release it. Move the drive controller off center in the opposite direction, hold for a moment and then release it.

- Result: The travel alarm should sound when the drive controller is moved off center in either direction.


## B-22 <br> Inspect the Fuel and Hydraulic Tank Cap Venting Systems

Genie specifications require that this procedure be performed quarterly or every 250 hours, whichever comes first. Perform this procedure more often if dusty conditions exist.

A free-breathing fuel and hydraulic tank cap is essential for good machine performance and service life. A dirty or clogged cap may cause the machine to perform poorly and continued use may cause component damage. Extremely dirty conditions may require that the cap be inspected more often.


Explosion and fire hazard. Engine fuels are combustible. Perform this procedure in an open, wellventilated area away from heaters, sparks, flames and lighted tobacco. Always have an approved fire extinguisher within easy reach.

## Gasoline/LPG models (before serial number 13740) and Diesel models (all):

Note: Perform this procedure with the engine off.
Note: Gasoline/LPG models use a pressurized cap beginning with serial number 13740 .

1 Remove the cap from the fuel tank.

## 2 Check for proper venting.

Note: When checking for positive fuel tank cap venting, air should pass freely through the cap.

- Result: Air should pass through the fuel tank cap. Proceed to step 4.
\$ Result: Air is not passing through the fuel tank cap. Clean or replace the cap.
Proceed to step 3.
3 Using a mild solvent, carefully wash the cap venting system. Dry using low pressure compressed air. Repeat this procedure beginning with step 2.
4 Install the fuel tank cap onto the fuel tank.


## All models:

5 Remove the breather cap from the hydraulic tank.

6 Check for proper venting.

- Result: Air should pass through the breather cap. Proceed to step 8.
\$ Result: If air does not pass through the breather cap, clean or replace the cap.
Proceed to step 7.
Note: When checking for positive tank cap venting, air should pass freely through the cap.

7 Using a mild solvent, carefully wash the cap venting system. Dry using low pressure compressed air. Repeat this procedure beginning with step 6 .

8 Install the breather cap onto the hydraulic tank.

## CHECKLIST B PROCEDURES

## B-23

## Check the Track Tension and Fastener Torque, TRAX option * 6

Note: Manufacturer specifications require that this procedure be performed every 250 hours or quarterly.

Maintaining proper track tension and properly torqued fasteners is essential to good machine performance and service life. The machine will not operate properly with a track that is incorrectly tensioned. Continued use of a machine with incorrectly tensioned tracks may cause component damage.

1 Thoroughly clean the track assembly of any dirt, rocks, clay, etc.

2 Chock the tracks at one end of the machine to prevent the machine from rolling.

3 Center a lifting jack of ample capacity ( $20,000 \mathrm{lbs} / 10,000 \mathrm{~kg}$ ) under the drive chassis between the tracks at the other end of the machine.

4 Lift the machine until the tracks are off the ground and then place jack stands under the drive chassis for support.

5 Visually inspect the section of track under the bogey wheels.

- Result: There should be between 0.75-1 inch / $1.9-2.5 \mathrm{~cm}$ of gap between the bogey wheels and the inside surface of the track. Proceed to step 7.
\$ Result: There is 1 inch / 2.5 cm or more of gap between the bogey wheels and the inside surface of the track. Proceed to step 6.



## CHECKLIST B PROCEDURES

6 Loosen the tensioner jam nut and idler axle bolts on both sides of the tensioner wheel and tighten the tensioner nut until there is between 0.75-1 inch /
$1.9-2.5 \mathrm{~cm}$ of gap between the bogey wheels and the inside surface of the track.

101C= Component damage hazard.
Do not over tighten the track. Overtightening the track will cause the machine to lose power during operation.

7 Tighten the jam nut.
8 Check the torque of the track assembly fasteners. Refer to Section 2, Specifications.

9 Raise the machine, remove the jack stands and lower the machine.

10 Repeat this procedure for each track assembly.

B-24
Perform Engine Maintenance Ford Models
N


Engine specifications require that this procedure be performed every 400 hours.

Proper engine maintenance, following the engine manufacturer's maintenance schedule, is essential to good engine performance and service life. Failure to perform the maintenance procedures can lead to poor engine performance and component damage.

Required maintenance procedures and additional engine information are available in the Ford LRG-425 EFI Operator Handbook (Ford part number FPP 194-302) or the FFord DSG-423 EFIOperatorHandbook (EDI part number 1060020) or the FordMSG-425 EFIOperatorHandbook (Ford part number 1020010).

| Ford LRG 425 EFI Operation Manual  <br> Genie part number  | 84792 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Ford DSG 423 EFI Operator Handbook <br> Genie part number | 119488 |
| Ford MSG-425 EFI Operator Handbook <br> Genie part number | 215322 |

To access the engine:
Remove the engine tray retaining fasteners located under the engine tray. Loosen the pivot fastener located at the platform end of the engine tray. Swing the engine tray out and away from the machine and secure it from moving.

AWARNING
Crushing hazard. Failure to secure the engine pivot plate from moving could result in death or serious injury.

## Checklist C Procedures

## C-1 <br> Perform Engine Maintenance Deutz and Perkins Models



Engine specifications require that this procedure be performed every 500 hours.

Proper engine maintenance, following the engine manufacturer's maintenance schedule, is essential to good engine performance and service life. Failure to perform the maintenance procedures can lead to poor engine performance and component damage.

## Deutz models

Required maintenance procedures and additional engine information are available in the Deutz 1011F Operation Manual (Deutz part number 0297 9683) or the Deutz 2011 Operation Manual (Deutz part number 0312 3547).

[^1]
## Perkins models

Required maintenance procedures and additional engine information are available in the Perkins 404-22 Operation Manual
(Perkins part number TPD 1443S).

Perkins 404-22 Operation Manual
Genie part number
94890
To access the engine:
Remove the engine tray retaining fasteners located under the engine tray. Loosen the pivot fastener located at the platform end of the engine tray. Swing the engine tray out and away from the machine and secure it from moving.

## AWARNING

Crushing hazard. Failure to secure the engine pivot plate from moving could result in death or serious injury.

## C-2 <br> Grease the Platform Overload Mechanism (if equipped) N 6

Genie specifications require that this procedure be performed every 500 hours or 6 months, whichever comes first. Perform this procedure more often if dusty conditions exist.

Application of lubrication to the platform overload mechanism is essential to safe machine operation. Continued use of an improperly greased platform overload mechanism could result in the system not sensing an overloaded platform condition and will result in component damage.

1 Locate the grease fittings on each pivot pin of the platform overload assembly.

2 Thoroughly pump grease into each grease fitting using a multi-purpose grease.

## Grease type

Chevron Ultra-duty grease, EP NLGI 2 (lithium based) or equivalent

## C-3 <br> Test the Platform Overload System (if equipped) <br> 

Genie specifications require that this procedure be performed every 500 hours or six months, whichever comes first.

Testing the platform overload system regularly is essential to safe machine operation. Continued use of an improperly operating platform overload system could result in the system not sensing an overloaded platform condition. Machine stablity could be compromised resulting in the machine tipping over.

Note: Perform this procedure with the machine on a firm, level surface.

1 Turn the key switch to platform control. Start the engine and level the platform.
2 Determine the maximum platform capacity. Refer to the machine serial plate.

3 Remove all weight, tools and accessories from the platform.

Note: Failure to remove all weight, tools and accessories from the platform will result in an inaccurate test.

4 Using a suitable lifting device, place a test weight equal to that of the available capacity at one of the locations shown.
Refer to Illustration 1.

- Result: The platform overload indicator lights should be off at both the ground and platform controls and the alarm should not sound.
\$ Result: The platform overload indicator lights are on and the alarm is sounding. Calibrate the platform overload system. Refer to Repair Procedure 2-4, How to Calibrate the Platform Overload System (if equipped).


## CHECKLIST C PROCEDURES



Illustration 1
5 Carefully move the test weight to each remaining location. Refer to Illustration 1.
© Result: The platform overload indicator lights should be off at both the ground and platform controls and the alarm should not sound.

* Result: The platform overload indicator lights are on and the alarm is sounding. Calibrate the platform overload system. Refer to Repair Procedure 2-4, How to Calibrate the Platform Overload System (if equipped).

6 Using a suitable lifting device, place an additional $50 \mathrm{lbs} / 23 \mathrm{~kg}$ of weight onto the platform.

- Result: The alarm should sound and the engine should shut off. The platform overload indicator lights should be flashing at both the ground and platform controls.
\$ Result: The alarm does not sound, the engine does not shut off and the platform overload indicator lights are not flashing. Calibrate the platform overload system. Refer to Repair Procedure 2-4, How to Calibrate the Platform Overload System (if equipped).

Note: There may be a 2 second delay before the overload indicator lights flash, the alarm sounds and the engine shuts off.

7 Using a suitable lifting device, remove the test weights, restart the engine and carefully move the test weights to each remaining location on the platform. Refer to Illustration 1.

- Result: The alarm should sound, the engine should shut off and the platform overload indicator lights should be flashing at both the ground and platform controls.
\$ Result: The alarm does not sound and the platform overload indicator lights are not flashing. Calibrate the platform overload system. Refer to Repair Procedure 2-4, How to Calibrate the Platform Overload System (if equipped).

Note: There may be a 2 second delay before the overload indicator lights flash, the alarm sounds and the engine shuts off.

8 Test all machine functions from the platform controls.

- Result: All platform control functions should not operate.

9 Turn the key switch to ground control.
10 Test all machine functions from the ground controls.
$\odot$ Result: All ground control functions should not operate.

11 Activate the auxiliary power toggle switch.
12 Using auxiliary power, test all machine functions from the ground controls.

- Result: All ground control functions should operate.
13 Using a suitable lifting device, lift the additional test weight from the platform.
- Result: The platform overload indicator lights should turn off at both the ground and platform controls and the alarm should not sound.


## Genie

## CHECKLIST C PROCEDURES

14 Start the engine and test all machine functions from the ground controls.
© Result: All ground control functions should operate normally.

15 Turn the key switch to platform control.
16 Test all machine functions from the platform controls.

- Result: All platform control functions should operate.
Note: If the platform overload system is not operating properly, Refer to Repair Procedure 2-4, How to Calibrate the Platform Overload System (if equipped).

17 Push in the red Emergency stop button at the platform to shut off engine.
18 Using a suitable lifting device, remove all test weights from the platform.

19 Pull out the red Emergency stop button to the on position at the platform controls.

20 Remove the fasteners securing the lid to the platform controls. Using Illustration 2 as a guide, locate the timer relay inside the platform control box. Tag and disconnect the red wire from terminal 5 on the timer relay.


Illustration 2

21 Using Illustration 3 as a guide, locate D31 Valve Power LED on the ALC500 printed circuit board.


Illustration 3
$२ 2$ Step on the footswitch at the platform.
© Result: The Valve Power LED should not illuminate.
\$ Result: The Valve Power LED is illuminated. Remove the machine from service and contact the Genie Service Department.

23 Securely install the red wire, disconnected in step 20, onto terminal 5 of the relay timer.

24 Step on the footswitch at the platform.
© Result: The Valve Power LED should illuminate.
\$ Result: The Valve Power LED is not illuminated. Remove the machine from service and contact the Genie Service Department.

25 Using a suitable lifting device, place a test weight equal to that of the available capacity at the center location shown in Illustration 1.

## CHECKLIST C PROCEDURES

26 Using a suitable lifting device, place an additional $50 \mathrm{lbs} / 23 \mathrm{~kg}$ of weight onto the platform.
© Result: The alarm should sound and the Valve Power LED should not light. The platform overload indicator lights should be flashing at both the ground and platform controls.

27 Working from outside the platform and standing next to the platform rotator, locate the orange wire, which enters into the base of the platform control box from the load sense switch and locate the wire terminal at the end of the wire. Tag and disconnect the connectors. Refer to Illustration 2.

28 Using a multimeter set to read resistance (ohms), securely install a lead from the multimeter to the connector on the orange wire, and securely connect the other multimeter lead to a ground point in the control box.

- Result: The readout on the multimeter should indicate zero resistance.
$\$$ Result: The readout on the multimeter shows resistance. Remove the machine from service and contact the Genie Service Department.
29 Using a suitable lifting device, remove all weight from the platform. Note the result on the multimeter.
© Result: The readout on the multimeter should indicate infinite resistance.
\$ Result: The readout on the multimeter shows zero resistance. Remove the machine from service and contact the Genie Service Department.

31 Turn off the multimeter and remove the leads from the machine. Securely connect the wires disconnected in step 27.
32 Close the platform control box. Install and securely tighten the fasteners. Do not overtighten.

## C-4

Replace the Engine Air Filter Element - Deutz and Perkins Models N

Genie specifications requires that this procedure be performed every 500 hours or 6 months, whichever comes first.

Maintaining the engine air filter in good condition is essential to good engine performance and service life. Failure to perform this procedure can lead to poor engine performance and component damage.

1 Open the evacuator valve located on the air cleaner cap by squeezing the sides together with your fingers.

2 Disconnect the latches on the air cleaner cap. Remove the end cap from the air cleaner canister.

3 Remove the filter element.
4 Clean the inside of the canister and the gasket with a damp cloth.
5 Install the new filter element.
6 Install the end cap on the canister and reconnect the latches.

Note: Be sure the evacuator valve is pointing down.

## Genie

## C-5 <br> Replace the In-line Fuel Strainer Deutz Models

Engine specifications require that this procedure be performed every 500 hours or 6 months, whichever comes first.

Replacing the diesel fuel strainer is essential for good engine performance and service life. A dirty or clogged filter may cause the engine to perform poorly and continued use may cause component damage.

## ADANGER

Explosion and fire hazard. Engine fuels are combustible. Perform this procedure in an open, wellventilated area away from heaters, sparks, flames and lighted tobacco. Always have an approved fire extinguisher within easy reach.

Note: Perform this procedure with the engine off.
1 Put on protective clothing and eye wear.
2 Locate the inline strainer above the throttle actuator solenoid.

4 Place a suitable container under the filter.
5 Loosen the clamp holding the strainer to the engine mount. Loosen the clamps securing the fuel lines to the strainer. Remove and replace.

## C-6 <br> Perform Engine Maintenance Ford Models



Engine specifications require that this procedure be performed every 800 hours.

Proper engine maintenance, following the engine manufacturer's maintenance schedule, is essential to good engine performance and service life. Failure to perform the maintenance procedures can lead to poor engine performance and component damage.

Required maintenance procedures and additional engine information are available in the Ford LRG-425 EFI Operator Handbook (Ford part number FPP 194-302) OR the Ford DSG-423EFI OperatorHandbook (EDI part number 1060020) or the FordMSG-425EFI OperatorHandbook (Ford part number 1020010).

| Ford LRG 425 EFI Operation Manual <br> Genie part number | 84792 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Ford DSG 423 EFI Operator Handbook <br> Genie part number | 119488 |
| Ford MSG-425 EFI Operator Handbook <br> Genie part number | 215322 |

To access the engine:
Remove the engine tray retaining fasteners located under the engine tray. Loosen the pivot fastener located at the platform end of the engine tray. Swing the engine tray out and away from the machine and secure it from moving.

[^2]
# Checklist D Procedures 

## D-1 <br> Check the Boom Wear Pads <br> (1)

Genie specifications requires that this procedure be performed every 1000 hours or annually, whichever comes first.

Maintaining the boom wear pads in good condition is essential to safe machine operation. Wear pads are placed on boom tube surfaces to provide a low friction, replaceable wear pad between moving parts. Improperly shimmed wear pads or continued use of extremely worn wear pads may result in component damage and unsafe operating conditions.

1 Start the engine from the ground controls.
2 Raise the end of the primary boom to a comfortable working height (chest high), then extend the boom 1 foot $/ 30 \mathrm{~cm}$.
3 Measure each wear pad. Replace the wear pad once it reaches the minimum allowable thickness. If the wear pad is still within specification, shim as necessary to obtain minimum clearance with zero binding.

Note: The minimum shim clearance for primary boom wear pads is 0.070 inch / 1.8 mm and the maximum allowable shim clearance is 0.188 inch / 4.8 mm .

| Wear pad |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| specifications | Minimum |
| all wear pads | $9 / 16 \mathrm{inch}$ |
|  | 14.3 mm |

4 Extend and retract the boom through the entire range of motion to check for tight spots that may cause binding or scraping of the boom.

Note: Always maintain squareness between the outer and inner boom tubes.

## CHECKLIST D PROCEDURES

## D-2

## Check the Turntable Rotation Bearing Bolts



Genie specifications requires that this procedure be performed every 1000 hours or annually, whichever comes first.

Maintaining proper torque on the turntable bearing bolts is essential to safe machine operation. Improper bolt torque could result in an unsafe operating condition and component damage.

1 Raise the primary boom and place safety chocks on the lift cylinders rods. Carefully lower the boom onto the lift cylinders safety chocks.

## AWARNING

Crushing hazard. Keep hands away from cylinders and all moving parts when lowering the boom.

Note: The lift cylinder safety chock is available through Genie (Genie part number 75097).

2 Turn the engine off.
3 Remove the engine tray retaining fasteners located under the engine tray. Swing the engine tray out and away from the machine and secure it from moving.

## AWARNING

Crushing hazard. Failure to secure the engine pivot plate from moving could result in death or serious injury.


Bolt torque sequence
4 Be sure that each turntable mounting bolt is torqued in sequence to specifications. Refer to Section 2, Specifications.

5 Start the engine form the ground controls.
6 Raise the secondary boom and remove the safety chock.

7 Lower the boom to the stowed position.
8 Remove drive chassis covers from both the steer end and the non-steer end of the machine.

## CHECKLIST D PROCEDURES

9 Check to ensure that each lower bearing mounting bolt under the drive chassis is torqued in sequence to specifications. Refer to Section 2, Specifications.


Bolt torque sequence
10 Swing the engine back to its original position and install the engine pivot plate retaining fasteners.

## AWARNING

Crushing hazard. Failure to install the fasteners into the engine tray to secure it from moving could result in death or serious injury.

## D-3

## Check the Free-wheel Configuration

Genie specifications requires that this procedure be performed every 1000 hours or annually, whichever comes first.

Proper use of the free-wheel configuration is essential to safe machine operation. The free-wheel configuration is used primarily for towing. A machine configured to free-wheel without operator knowledge may cause death or serious injury and property damage.

AWARNING
Collision hazard. Select a work site that is firm and level.

## Foाlc:

Component damage hazard. If the machine must be towed, do not exceed $2 \mathrm{mph} / 3.2 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$.

## Non-steer Wheels: All Models

1 Chock the steer wheels to prevent the machine from rolling.

2 Center a lifting jack of sufficient capacity (20,000 lbs / 10,000 kg) under the drive chassis between the non-steer tires.

3 Lift the wheels off the ground and then place jack stands under the drive chassis for support.

4 Disengage the drive hubs by turning over the drive hub disconnect caps on each non-steer wheel hub.


## CHECKLIST D PROCEDURES

5 Manually rotate each non-steer wheel.
© Result: Each non-steer wheel should rotate with minimum effort.

6 Re-engage the drive hubs by turning over the hub disconnect caps. Rotate each wheel to check for engagement. Lift the machine and remove the jack stands.

AWARNING
Collision hazard. Failure to re-engage the drive hubs may cause death or serious injury and property damage.

## Steer Wheels: 4WD Models

7 Chock the non-steer wheels to prevent the machine from rolling.

8 Center a lifting jack of ample capacity (20,000 lbs / 10,000 kg) under the drive chassis between the steer tires.

9 Lift the wheels off the ground and then place jack stands under the drive chassis for support.

10 Disengage the drive hubs by turning over the drive hub disconnect caps on each steer wheel hub.

11 Manually rotate each steer wheel.
© Result: Each steer wheel should rotate with minimum effort.

12 Re-engage the drive hubs by turning over the hub disconnect caps. Rotate each wheel to check for engagement. Raise the machine and remove the jack stands.

> AWARNING Collision hazard. Failure to re-engage the drive hubs may cause death or serious injury and property damage.

## All Models:

13 Be sure the free-wheel valve on the drive pump is closed (clockwise).

Note: The free-wheel valve is located on the bottom of the drive pump.

Note: The free-wheel valve should always remain closed.


[^3]
## D-4

## Replace the Drive Hub Oil

N
Genie specifications requires that this procedure be performed every 1000 hours or annually, whichever comes first.

Replacing the drive hub oil is essential for good machine performance and service life. Failure to replace the torque hub oil at yearly intervals may cause the machine to perform poorly and continued use may cause component damage.

1 Select the drive hub to be serviced. Drive the machine until one of the two plugs is at the lowest point.

2 Remove both plugs and drain the oil into a suitable container.

3 Drive the machine until one plug is at the top and the other is at 90 degrees.
4 Fill the hub with oil from the top hole until the oil level is even with the bottom of the side hole. Refer to Section 2, Specifications.

5 Install the plugs. Use pipe thread sealant on units with pipe plugs.

6 Repeat steps 1 through 5 for all the other drive hubs.

models with pipe plugs

a drive hub plugs

## Turntable Rotate Drive Hub:

Note: When removing a hose assembly or fitting, the O-ring on the fitting and/or hose end must be replaced and then torqued to specification during installation.
Refer to Section 2, Hydraulic Hose and Fitting Torque Specifications.

1 Raise the secondary boom until the platform end of the lower secondary boom arm is approximately 8 feet / 2.4 m off the ground.

2 Secure the turntable from rotating with the turntable rotation lock pin.

3 Tag, disconnect and plug the hydraulic hoses from the turntable rotate drive motor. Cap the fittings on the drive motor.


4 Attach a suitable lifting device to the lifting eyes located near the drive motor.

## CHECKLIST D PROCEDURES

5 Remove the drive hub mounting bolts．Carefully remove the turntable rotate drive hub assembly from the machine．

AWARNING
Crushing hazard．The turntable rotate drive hub assembly could become unbalanced and fall if not properly supported by the lifting device．

6 Remove the plug from the side of the drive hub． Drain the oil from the hub into a suitable container．

7 Install the drive hub assembly onto the machine．Torque the drive hub mounting bolts to specification．Refer to Section 2，Specifications．

8 Fill the drive hub with oil from the side hole until the oil level is even with the bottom of the hole． Apply pipe thread sealant to the plug．Install the plug．

## D－5

Perform Engine Maintenance－ Deutz and Perkins Models

Engine specifications require that this procedure be performed every 1000 hours．

## Deutz models

Required maintenance procedures and additional engine information are available in the Deutz 1011F Operation Manual （Deutz part number 0297 9683）or the Deutz 2011 Operation Manual （Deutz part number 03123547 ）．

| Deutz 1011F Operation Manual |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Genie part number | 52883 |
| Deutz 2011 Operation Manual <br> Genie part number | 139320 |
| Perkins models |  |

Required maintenance procedures and additional engine information are available in the Perkins 404－22 Operation Manual （Perkins part number TPD 1443S）．

Perkins 404－22 Operation Manual Genie part number 94890

To access the engine：
Remove the engine tray retaining fasteners located under the engine tray．Loosen the pivot fastener located at the platform end of the engine tray．Swing the engine tray out and away from the machine and secure it from moving

> AWARNING
> Crushing hazard．Failure to secure the engine pivot plate from moving could result in death or serious injury

## CHECKLIST D PROCEDURES

## D-6 <br> Replace the Hydraulic Filter Elements

Genie specifications require that this procedure be performed every 1000 hours or annually, whichever comes first. Perform this procedure more often if dusty conditions exist.

Replacement of the hydraulic filters is essential for good machine performance and service life. A dirty or clogged filter may cause the machine to perform poorly and continued use may cause component damage. Extremely dirty conditions may require that the filters be replaced more often.

## ACAUTION

Bodily injury hazard. Beware of hot oil. Contact with hot oil may cause severe burns.

Note: Perform this procedure with the engine off.

## Hydraulic return filter

1 Open the ground controls side turntable cover and locate the hydraulic return filter housing on top of the hydraulic tank.

2 Remove the cap from the filter housing.
3 Lift the handle on the filter element and rotate the element counterclockwise to release the element from the housing.

4 Remove the filter element from the filter housing.

5 Install the new filter element into the filter housing.

6 Push the filter element down to be sure the o-ring on the element is fully seated into the housing.

7 Rotate the filter element clockwise to lock it in place.

8 Install the filter housing cap.
9 Use a permanent ink marker to write the date and number of hours from the hour meter on the oil filter housing.

## Medium and high pressure filter

Note: The medium pressure filter is for the charge pump and the high pressure filter (if equipped) is for all machine functions except the drive circuit and oscillating axle circuit.

10 Open the engine side turntable cover and locate the medium pressure filter mounted to the engine tray.

11 Place a suitable container under each filter.
12 Remove the filter housings by using a wrench on the nut provided on the bottom of the housings.

13 Remove the filter elements from the housings.
14 Inspect the housing seals and replace them if necessary.

15 Install the new filter elements into the housings and tighten them securely.

16 Clean up any oil that may have spilled during the installation procedure.

17 Use a permanent ink marker to write the date and number of hours from the hour meter on the oil filter housings.

18 Start the engine from the ground controls.
19 Inspect the filter housings and related components to be sure that there are no leaks.

## CHECKLIST D PROCEDURES

## D-7 <br> Inspect for Turntable Bearing Wear



Genie specifications requires that this procedure be performed every 1000 hours or annually, whichever comes first.

Periodic inspection of turntable bearing wear is essential to safe machine operation, good machine performance and service life. Continued use of a worn turntable bearing could create an unsafe operating condition, resulting in death or serious injury and component damage.

Note: Perform this procedure with the machine on a firm, level surface and the boom in the stowed position.

3 Start the machine from the ground controls and raise the boom to full height. Do not extend the boom.

4 Place a dial indicator between the drive chassis and the turntable at a point that is directly under, or inline with, the boom and no more than 1 inch / 2.5 cm from the bearing.

Note: To obtain an accurate measurement, place the dial indicator no more than 1 inch / 2.5 cm from the turntable rotation bearing.


5 At the dial indicator, adjust it to "zero" the indicator.

6 Fully extend the boom and lower to a horizontal position.

7 Note the reading on the dial indicator.

- Result: The measurement is less than 0.063 inch / 1.6 mm . The bearing is good.
\$ Result: The measurement is more than 0.063 inch / 1.6 mm . The bearing is worn and needs to be replaced.

8 Fully retract the boom and raise the boom to full height. Visually inspect the the dial indicator to be sure the needle returns to the "zero" position.

9 Remove the dial indicator and rotate the turntable $90^{\circ}$.

10 Repeat steps 4 through 9 until the rotation bearing has been checked in at least four equally spaced areas $90^{\circ}$ apart.
11 Lower the boom to the stowed position and turn the machine off.

12 Remove the dial indicator from the machine.

## Checklist E Procedures

## E-1 <br> Test or Replace the Hydraulic Oil <br> 지웇

Genie specifications require that this procedure be performed every 2000 hours or 2 years, whichever comes first.

Replacement or testing of the hydraulic oil is essential for good machine performance and service life. Dirty oil and suction strainers may cause the machine to perform poorly and continued use may cause component damage. Extremely dirty conditions may require oil changes to be performed more often.

Note: Before replacing the hydraulic oil, the oil may be tested by an oil distributor for specific levels of contamination to verify that changing the oil is necessary. If the hydraulic oil is not replaced at the two year inspection, test the oil quarterly. Replace the oil when it fails the test.

Note: Perform this procedure with the boom in the stowed position.

1 Ford models: Turn the valve on the LPG tank clockwise to the off position (if equipped). Then slowly disconnect the hose from the LPG tank.
2 Ford models: Open the clamps from the LPG tank straps and remove the LPG tank from the machine (if equipped).

3 Models with hydraulic tank shut-off valves:
Locate the two hydraulic tank valves at the hydraulic tank through the access hole underneath the turntable. Close the valves.


101|CI Component damage hazard. The engine must not be started with the hydraulic tank shut-off valves in the closed position or component damage will occur. If the tank valves are closed, remove the key from the key switch and tag the machine to inform personnel of the condition.

4 Remove the drain plug and completely drain the tank into a suitable container. Refer to Section 2, Specifications.
5 Tag, disconnect and plug the two suction hoses and supply hose for the auxiliary pump from the hydraulic tank. Cap the fittings on the tank.
Note: The hoses can be accessed through the access hole under the turntable.

6 Disconnect and plug the return filter hydraulic hose at the return filter. Cap the fitting on the filter housing.
7 Remove the ground controls side turntable cover.

## CHECKLIST E PROCEDURES

8 Support the hydraulic tank with an appropriate lifting device.

9 Remove the hydraulic tank mounting fasteners.
10 Remove the hydraulic tank from the machine.

## AWARNING

Crushing hazard. The hydraulic tank could become unbalanced and fall if not properly supported when removed from the machine.

11 Remove the hydraulic return filter housing mounting fasteners. Remove the hydraulic return filter housing from the hydraulic tank.

12 Remove the suction strainers from the tank and clean them using a mild solvent.

13 Rinse out the inside of the tank using a mild solvent.

14 Install the suction strainers using a thread sealant on the threads.

15 Install the drain plug using a thread sealant on the threads.

16 Install the hydraulic return filter housing onto the hydraulic tank.

17 Install the hydraulic tank onto the machine.
18 Install the two suction hoses to the suction strainers.

19 Install the supply hose for the auxiliary power unit and the return filter hose.

20 Models with hydraulic tank shut-off valves:
Open the two hydraulic tank valves at the hydraulic tank.

21 Fill the tank with hydraulic oil until the level is within the top 2 inches / 5 cm of the sight gauge. Do not overfill.
22 Clean up any oil that may have spilled.
23 Prime the pump. Refer to Repair Procedure 6-2, How to Prime the Pump.
Note: Always use pipe thread sealant when installing the suction hose fittings and the drain plug.

## E-2 <br> Grease the Steer Axle Wheel Bearings, 2WD Models A) $\%$

Genie specifications require that this procedure be performed every 2000 hours or 2 years, whichever comes first.

Maintaining the steer axle wheel bearings is essential for safe machine operation and service life. Operating the machine with loose or worn wheel bearings may cause an unsafe operating condition and continued use may result in component damage. Extremely wet or dirty conditions or regular steam cleaning and pressure washing of the machine may require that this procedure be performed more often.

1 Loosen the wheel lug nuts. Do not remove them.

2 Block the non-steering wheels. Center a lifting jack under the steer axle.

3 Raise the machine 6 inches / 15 cm Place blocks under the drive chassis for support.

4 Remove the lug nuts. Remove the tire and wheel assembly.

5 Check for wheel bearing wear by attempting to move the wheel hub side to side, then up and down.

- Result: There should be no side to side or up and down movement.

Skip to step 10 if there is no movement.

6 Remove the dust cap from the hub. Remove the cotter pin from the castle nut.

7 Tighten the castle nut to 158 ft -lbs / 214 Nm to seat the bearings.

Note: Rotate the hub by hand while torqueing the castle nut to make sure the bearings seat properly.

8 Loosen the castle nut one full turn and then torque to 35 ft -lbs / 47 Nm .

9 Check for wheel bearing wear by attempting to move the wheel hub side to side, then up and down.
© Result: If there is no side to side or up and down movement, continue to step 11 and grease the wheel bearings.
\$ Result: If there is side to side or up and down movement, continue to step 11 and replace the wheel bearings with new ones.

Note: When replacing a wheel bearing, both the inner and outer bearings, including the pressed-in races, must be replaced.

10 Remove the dust cap from the hub. Remove the cotter pin from the castle nut.

11 Remove the castle nut.
12 Pull the hub off of the spindle. The washer and outer bearing should fall loose from the hub.

13 Place the hub on a flat surface and gently pry the bearing seal out of the hub. Remove the rear bearing.

## CHECKLIST E PROCEDURES

14 Pack both bearings with clean, fresh grease.
15 Place the large inner bearing into the rear of the hub.

16 Install a new bearing grease seal into the hub by pressing it evenly into the hub until it is flush.
Note: Always replace the bearing grease seal when removing the hub.

17 Slide the hub onto the yoke spindle.

NOTCE
Component damage hazard. Do not apply excessive force or damage to the lip of the seal may occur.

18 Place the outer bearing into the hub.
19 Install the washer and castle nut.
20 Tighten the slotted nut to 158 ft -lbs / 214 Nm to seat the bearings.

21 Loosen the castle nut one full turn and then torque to 35 ft -lbs / 47 Nm .

22 Install a new cotter pin. Bend the cotter pin to lock it in.

23 Install the dust cap, then the tire and wheel assembly. Torque the wheel lug nuts to specification. Refer to Section 2, Specifications.

## E-3

Perform Engine Maintenance Deutz and Perkins Models (1)

Engine specifications require that this procedure be performed every 2000 hours.

Proper engine maintenance, following the engine manufacturer's maintenance schedule, is essential to good engine performance and service life. Failure to perform the maintenance procedures can lead to poor engine performance and component damage.

## Deutz 1011F models

Required maintenance procedures and additional engine information is available in the Deutz 1011F Operation Manual (Deutz part number 0297 9683).

| Deutz 1011F Operation Manual |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Genie part number | 52883 |

## Perkins models

Required maintenance procedures and additional engine information are available in the Perkins 404-22 Operation Manual (Perkins part number TPD 1443S).

Perkins 404-22 Operation Manual Genie part number 94890

## To access the engine:

Remove the engine tray retaining fasteners located under the engine tray. Swing the engine tray out and away from the machine and secure it from moving.

## AWARNING

Crushing hazard. Failure to secure the engine pivot plate from moving could result in death or serious injury.

## CHECKLIST E PROCEDURES

## E-4 <br> Perform Engine Maintenance Ford Models



Engine specifications require that this procedure be performed every 2400 hours.

Required maintenance procedures and additional engine information are available in the Ford LRG-425 EFI Operator Handbook (Ford part number FPP 194-302) or the Ford DSG-423 EFI Operator Handbook (EDI part number 1060020).

| Ford LRG 425 EFI Operation Manual <br> Genie part number | 84792 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Ford DSG 423 EFI Operator Handbook <br> Genie part number | 119488 |

## To access the engine:

Remove the engine tray retaining fasteners located under the engine tray. Loosen the pivot fastener located at the platform end of the engine tray. Swing the engine tray out and away from the machine and secure it from moving.

> AWARNING
> Crushing hazard. Failure to secure the engine pivot plate from moving could result in death or serious injury.

## E-5 <br> Perform Engine Maintenance Deutz and Perkins Models (1)

Engine specifications require that this procedure be performed every 3000 hours.

Proper engine maintenance, following the engine manufacturer's maintenance schedule, is essential to good engine performance and service life. Failure to perform the maintenance procedures can lead to poor engine performance and component damage.

Required maintenance procedures and additional engine information are available in the Deutz 1011F Operation Manual
(Deutz part number 0297 9683) or the Deutz 2011 Operation Manual
(Deutz part number 0312 3547).

| Deutz 1011F Operation Manual |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Genie part number | 52883 |


| Deutz 2011 Operation Manual |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Genie part number | 139320 |

To access the engine:
Remove the engine tray retaining fasteners located under the engine tray. Loosen the pivot fastener located at the platform end of the engine tray. Swing the engine tray out and away from the machine and secure it from moving.

> AWARNING
> Crushing hazard. Failure to secure the engine pivot plate from moving could result in death or serious injury.

## CHECKLIST E PROCEDURES

## Perkins models

Required maintenance procedures and additional engine information are available in the Perkins 404-22 Operation Manual (Perkins part number TPD 1443S).

## Perkins 404-22 Operation Manual <br> Genie part number

94890

## To access the engine:

Remove the engine tray retaining fasteners located under the engine tray. Loosen the pivot fastener located at the platform end of the engine tray. Swing the engine tray out and away from the machine and secure it from moving.

## AWARNING

Crushing hazard. Failure to secure the engine pivot plate from moving could result in death or serious injury.

## E-6 <br> Perform Engine Maintenance Deutz and Perkins Models (1) 10 N

Engine specifications require that this procedure be performed every 5000 hours.

Proper engine maintenance, following the engine manufacturer's maintenance schedule, is essential to good engine performance and service life. Failure to perform the maintenance procedures can lead to poor engine performance and component damage.

Required maintenance procedures and additional engine information are available in the Deutz 1011F Operation Manual
(Deutz part number 0297 9683) or the Deutz 2011 Operation Manual
(Deutz part number 03123547 ).

| Deutz 1011F Operation Manual |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Genie part number | 52883 |

Deutz 2011 Operation Manual
Genie part number
139320
To access the engine:
Remove the engine tray retaining fasteners located under the engine tray. Loosen the pivot fastener located at the platform end of the engine tray. Swing the engine tray out and away from the machine and secure it from moving.

> AWARNING

Crushing hazard. Failure to secure the engine pivot plate from moving could result in death or serious injury.

## CHECKLIST E PROCEDURES

## E-7 <br> Perform Engine Maintenance Deutz Models



Engine specifications require that this procedure be performed every 6000 hours.

Proper engine maintenance, following the engine manufacturer's maintenance schedule, is essential to good engine performance and service life. Failure to perform the maintenance procedures can lead to poor engine performance and component damage.

Required maintenance procedures and additional engine information are available in the Deutz 1011F Operation Manual
(Deutz part number 0297 9683) or the
Deutz 2011 Operation Manual
(Deutz part number 03123547 ).

| Deutz 1011F Operation Manual |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Genie part number | 52883 |


| Deutz 2011 Operation Manual |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Genie part number | 139320 |

## To access the engine:

Remove the engine tray retaining fasteners located under the engine tray. Loosen the pivot fastener located at the platform end of the engine tray. Swing the engine tray out and away from the machine and secure it from moving.

## AWARNING

Crushing hazard. Failure to secure the engine pivot plate from moving could result in death or serious injury.

## E-8 <br> Perform Engine Maintenance Deutz Models



Engine specifications require that this procedure be performed every 12,000 hours.

Proper engine maintenance, following the engine manufacturer's maintenance schedule, is essential to good engine performance and service life. Failure to perform the maintenance procedures can lead to poor engine performance and component damage.

Required maintenance procedures and additional engine information are available in the Deutz 1011F Operation Manual
(Deutz part number 0297 9683) or the
Deutz 2011 Operation Manual
(Deutz part number 03123547 ).

| Deutz 1011F Operation Manual |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Genie part number | 52883 |

Deutz 2011 Operation Manual
Genie part number
139320
To access the engine:
Remove the engine tray retaining fasteners located under the engine tray. Loosen the pivot fastener located at the platform end of the engine tray. Swing the engine tray out and away from the machine and secure it from moving.

[^4]
## E-9 <br> Perform Engine Maintenance Ford Models

Engine specifications require that this procedure be performed every 4 years.

Required maintenance procedures and additional engine information are available in the FordLRG-425EFIOperatorHandbook (Ford part number FPP 194-302) or the Ford DSG-423EFIOperatorHandbook (EDI part number 1060020) or the FordMSG-425 EFI OperatorHandbook
(Ford part number 1020010).

Ford LRG 425 EFI Operation Manual
Genie part number
84792
Ford DSG 423 EFI Operator Handbook
Genie part number
119488

Ford MSG-425 EFI Operator Handbook
Genie part number 215322
To access the engine:
Remove the engine tray retaining fasteners located under the engine tray. Loosen the pivot fastener located at the platform end of the engine tray. Swing the engine tray out and away from the machine and secure it from moving.

[^5]
## CHECKLIST E PROCEDURES



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## Repair Procedures



## Observe and Obey:

■ Repair procedures shall be completed by a person trained and qualified on the repair of this machine.
$\square$ Immediately tag and remove from service a damaged or malfunctioning machine.
$\square$ Repair any machine damage or malfunction before operating the machine.

## Before Repairs Start:

■ Read, understand and obey the safety rules and operating instructions in the Genie S-40 and Genie S-45 Operator's Manual on your machine.
$\square$ Be sure that all necessary tools and parts are available and ready for use.
$\square$ Use only Genie approved replacement parts.
$\square$ Read each procedure completely and adhere to the instructions. Attempting shortcuts may produce hazardous conditions.

■ Unless otherwise specified, perform each repair procedure with the machine in the following configuration:

- Machine parked on a flat, level surface
- Boom in the stowed position
- Turntable rotated with the boom between the non-steering wheels
- Turntable secured with the turntable rotation lock pin
- Key switch in the off position with the key removed
- Wheels chocked
- All external AC power supply disconnected from the machine


## About This Section

Most of the procedures in this section should only be performed by a trained service professional in a suitably equipped workshop. Select the appropriate repair procedure after troubleshooting the problem.

Perform disassembly procedures to the point where repairs can be completed. To re-assemble, perform the disassembly steps in reverse order.

## Symbols Legend



## : DANGER

sed to indicate the presence of an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

AWARNING
Used to indicate the presence of a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
$\triangle$ CAUTION
With safety alert symbol-used to indicate the presence of a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may cause minor or moderate injury.

NOUCE Used to indicate the presence of a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in property damage.
$\odot$ Indicates that a specific result is expected after performing a series of steps.
\$ Indicates that an incorrect result has occurred after performing a series of steps.

## Platform Controls

The platform control box contains one printed circuit board. The ALC-500 circuit board inside the platform control box controls all proportional machine functions from the platform. The joystick controllers at the platform controls utilize Hall Effect technology and require no adjustment. The operating parameters of the joysticks are stored in memory at the ECM circuit board at the platform controls. If a joystick error occurs or if a joystick is replaced, it will need to be calibrated before that particular machine function will operate. See 1-2, How to Calibrate a Joystick.

Each joystick controller should operate smoothly and provide proportional speed control over its entire range of motion.

a ALC-500 circuit board
b drive/steer joystick controller
c secondary boom up/down joystick controller
d primary boom up/down and turntable rotate left/right joystick controller

## 1-1

## ALC-500 Circuit Board

> AWARNING
> Electrocution hazard. Contact with electrically charged circuits could result in death or serious injury. Remove all rings, watches and other jewelry.

Note: When the ALC-500 circuit board is replaced, the joystick controllers will need to be calibrated.
See 1-2, How to Calibrate a Joystick.

## How to Remove the ALC-500 Circuit Board

1 Push in the red Emergency Stop button to the off position at both the ground and platform controls.

2 Remove the platform control box lid retaining fasteners. Open the control box lid.

3 Locate the ALC-500 circuit board mounted to the inside of the platform control box.

## Genie

## PLATFORM CONTROLS

4 Attach a grounded wrist strap to the ground screw inside the platform control box.

NOUC Componentdamage hazard. Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage printed circuit board components. Maintain firm contact with a metal part of the machine that is grounded at all times when handling printed circuit boards OR use a grounded wrist strap.

5 Carefully disconnect the wire connectors from the circuit board.

6 Remove the ALC-500 circuit board mounting fasteners.

7 Carefully remove the ALC-500 circuit board from the platform control box.

## 1-2

Joysticks

## How to Calibrate a Joystick

The joysticks on this machine utilize digital Hall Effect technology for proportional control. If a joystick is disconnected or replaced, it must be calibrated before that particular machine function will operate.

Note: The joystick must be calibrated before the threshold, max-out or ramping can be set.

Note: Perform this procedure with the engine off.
1 Open the platform control box.

2 Pull out the red Emergency Stop button to the on position at both the ground and platform controls.

3 Turn the key switch to platform control. Do not start the engine.
4 Select a joystick to calibrate.
5 Disconnect the wire harness connector from the joystick for approximately 10 seconds or until the alarm sounds. Connect the wire harness connector to the joystick.
6 Move the joystick full stroke in either direction and hold for 5 seconds.

7 Return the joystick to the neutral position, pause for a moment, then move the joystick full stroke in the opposite direction. Hold for 5 seconds.
© Result: The alarm should sound indicating successful joystick calibration.

Result: The alarm does not sound. Check the electrical connections or replace the joystick.

8 Repeat this procedure for each joystick controlled machine function including the thumb rocker steer switch.

Note: No machine fuction should operate while performing the joystick calibration procedure.

## PLATFORM CONTROLS

## How to Adjust the Joystick Max-out Setting

The max-out setting of a joystick controls the maximum speed of a joystick-controlled machine function. Whenever a hydraulic cylinder, drive motor or hydraulic pump is replaced, the max-out setting should be adjusted to maintain optimum performance. The max-out settings on the joystick can be changed to compensate for hydraulic pump wear to maintain peak performance from the machine.

Note: Perform this procedure with the boom in the stowed position.

1 Pull out the red Emergency Stop button to the on position at both the ground and platform controls.

2 Turn the key switch to platform control. Do not start the engine.

3 Push in the platform controls red Emergency Stop button to the off position.

4 Do not press down the foot switch.
5 Move and hold the drive enable toggle switch in the right position and pull out the red Emergency Stop button to the on position.

6 When the alarm sounds, release the drive enable toggle switch.

7 Momentarily activate the drive enable toggle switch in the right direction 4 times.

- Result: There should be a pause and the alarm should sound 4 times indicating that the machine is in max-out calibration mode.
\$ Result: The alarm does not sound. Repeat steps 3 through 7.
8 Start the engine from the platform controls and press down the foot switch.

9 Start a timer and activate the machine function that needs to be adjusted. Record the time it takes for that function to complete a full cycle (ie; boom up).

10 Compare the machine function time with the function times listed in Section 2, Specifications. Determine whether the function time needs to increase or decrease.

11 While the joystick is activated, adjust the maxout setting to achieve the proper function cycle time. Momentarily move the drive enable toggle switch in the right direction to increase the function speed or momentarily move the drive enable toggle switch in the left direction to decrease the function speed.

Note: Each time the drive enable toggle switch is momentarily moved, the function speed will change in $2 \%$ increments.

12 Repeat steps 9 through 11 for each joystick controlled machine function.

## Genie

## PLATFORM CONTROLS

13 Return the joystick to the neutral position and wait for approximately 10 seconds to allow the settings to be saved.
$\odot$ Result: The alarm should sound indicating that the settings have been saved in memory.
\$ Result: The alarm does not sound. The minimum or maximum adjustment has been obtained. No changes can be saved.
Note: Do not operate any machine function during the 10 second waiting time.

14 Cycle the red Emergency Stop button off, then back on.

## How to Adjust the Joystick Ramp Rate Setting

The ramp rate setting of a joystick controls the time at which it takes for the joystick to reach maximum output, when moved out of the neutral position. The ramp rate settings of a joystick can be changed to compensate for hydraulic pump wear to maintain peak performance from the machine.

Note: Perform this procedure with the boom in the stowed position.

1 Pull out the red Emergency Stop button to the on position at both the ground and platform controls.

2 Turn the key switch to platform control. Do not start the engine.

3 Push in the platform controls red Emergency Stop button to the off position.

4 Do not press down the foot switch.
5 Move and hold the drive enable toggle switch in the right position and pull out the red Emergency Stop button to the on position.
6 When the alarm sounds, release the drive enable toggle switch.
7 Momentarily activate the drive enable toggle switch in the right direction 6 times.
© Result: There should be a pause and the alarm should sound 6 times indicating that the machine is in ramp rate calibration mode.
\$ Result: The alarm does not sound. Repeat steps 3 through 7.

8 Start the engine from the platform controls and press down the foot switch.

9 Start a timer and simultaneously move the joystick in either direction full stroke. Note how long it takes the function to reach maximum speed. This is the ramp rate.
10 Compare the function ramp rate time with the table below and determine whether the ramp rate time needs to increase or decrease.

11 Release the foot switch.

## PLATFORM CONTROLS

12 While the joystick is activated, set the ramp rate. Momentarily move the drive enable toggle switch in the right direction to increase the time or momentarily move the drive enable toggle switch in the left direction to decrease the time.
Note: Each time the drive enable toggle switch is momentarily moved, the time will change in $5 \%$ increments.

13 Repeat steps 9 through 11 for each joystick controlled machine function.

14 Return the joystick to the neutral position and wait for approximately 10 seconds to allow the settings to be saved.
© Result: The alarm should sound indicating that the settings have been saved in memory.

Note: Do not operate any machine function during the 10 second waiting time.

15 Cycle the red Emergency Stop button off, then back on.

| Ramp rate (factory settings) |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Boom up/down | 3 second |
| accelerate | 1 seconds |
| decelerate | 2 seconds |
| Turntable rotate | 1 second |
| accelerate |  |
| decelerate | 2 seconds |
| Drive | 0.5 second |
| accelerate | 0.5 second |
| decelerate to neutral | 0.75 second |
| decelerate, change of direction | 1 second |
| decelerate, coasting | 1 second |
| decelerate, braking | 3 seconds |
| decelerate, shift from low to high speed |  |
| decelerate, shift from high to low speed |  |

## PLATFORM CONTROLS

## How to Adjust the Joystick Threshold Setting

The threshold setting of a joystick is the minimum output at which a function proportional valve can open and allow the function to operate.

Note: Perform this procedure with the boom in the stowed position.

1 Pull out the red Emergency Stop button to the on position at both the ground and platform controls.
2 Turn the key switch to platform control. Do not start the engine.

3 Push in the red Emergency Stop button to the off position at the platform controls.

4 Do not press down the foot switch.
5 Move and hold the drive enable toggle switch in the right position and pull out the red Emergency Stop button to the on position.

6 When the alarm sounds, release the drive enable toggle switch.

7 Momentarily activate the drive enable toggle switch in the right direction 8 times.

- Result: There should be a pause and the alarm should sound 8 times indicating that the machine is in threshold calibration mode.
\$ Result: The alarm does not sound. Repeat steps 3 through 7 .

8 Start the engine from the platform controls and press down the foot switch.
9 Select a boom function joystick to set the threshold.

10 Slowly move the joystick off center in either direction just until the function begins to move.
11 Slowly move the joystick back to the neutral position. Just before the function stops moving, move the drive enable toggle switch to either side to set the threshold.
$\odot$ Result: The alarm should sound indicating a successful calibration.

12 Repeat steps 9 through 11 for each boom joystick-controlled machine function (boom up/ down, boom extend/retract and turntable rotate).

13 Return the joystick to the neutral position and wait for approximately 10 seconds.
© Result: The alarm should sound indicating that the settings have been saved in memory.

Note: Do not operate any machine function during the 10 second waiting time.

14 Cycle the red Emergency Stop button off, then back on.

## Platform Components

## 2-1 <br> Platform Leveling Slave Cylinder

The slave cylinder and the rotator pivot are the two primary supports for the platform. The slave cylinder keeps the platform level through the entire range of boom motion. It operates in a closed-circuit hydraulic loop with the master cylinder. The slave cylinder is equipped with counterbalance valves to prevent movement in the event of a hydraulic line failure.

## How to Remove the Platform Leveling Slave Cylinder

Note: Before cylinder removal is considered, bleed the slave cylinder to be sure there is no air in the closed loop.

Note: When removing a hose assembly or fitting, the O-ring on the fitting and/or hose end must be replaced and then torqued to specification during installation.
Refer to Section 2, Hydraulic Hose and Fitting Torque Specifications.

1 Extend the primary boom until the slave cylinder barrel-end pivot pin is accessible.
2 Raise the primary boom slightly and place blocks under the platform for support.

3 Lower the primary boom until the platform is resting on the blocks just enough to support the platform.

Note: Do not rest the entire weight of the boom on the blocks.

4 Protect the slave cylinder rod from damage.

## S-40 Models:

5 Tag, disconnect and plug the hydraulic hoses from the slave cylinder at the union located near the platform rotate counterbalance valve manifold and connect them together using a connector. Cap the fittings on the cylinder.
AWARNING
Bodily injury hazard. Spraying hydraulic oil can penetrate and burn skin. Loosen hydraulic connections very slowly to allow the oil pressure to dissipate gradually. Do not allow oil to squirt or spray.

## S-45 Models:

6 Tag, disconnect and plug the slave cylinder hoses at the union.

7 Pull the slave cylinder hoses through the platform rotator.

8 Remove the pin retaining fastener from the slave cylinder rod-end pivot pin. Do not remove the pin.
9 Remove the external retaining fastener from the barrel-end pivot pin.
10 Use a soft metal drift to drive the rod-end pivot pin out.
11 Use a soft metal drift and drive the barrel-end pin out.
12 Carefully pull the cylinder out of the boom.
HO C C $=$ Componentdamage hazard. Hoses can be damaged if they are kinked orpinched.

## How to Bleed the Slave Cylinder

Note: Do not start the engine. Use auxiliary power for this procedure.

1 Raise the primary boom to a horizontal position.
2 Move the platform level toggle switch up and down through two platform leveling cycles to remove any air that might be in the system.

## 2-2 <br> Platform Rotator

The platform rotator is a hydraulically activated helical gear assembly used to rotate the platform 160 degrees.

## How to Remove the Platform Rotator



Component damage hazard. Mark the platform mounting weldment and the rotator flange before removing the platform mounting weldment. The platform mounting weldment must be replaced in the exact same position on the rotator flange as it was before removal. If a new rotator is installed or the rotator is disassembled, proper alignment can be achieved by rotating the rotator all the way to the left and then installing the platform mounting weldment all the way in the left position.
Note: When removing a hose assembly or fitting, the O-ring on the fitting and/or hose end must be replaced and then torqued to specification during installation. Refer to Section Two, Hydraulic Hose and Fitting Torque Specifications.

1 Remove the platform and platform support.

## S-40 Models:

2 Tag, disconnect and plug the hydraulic hoses from the platform rotator. Cap the fittings on the rotator.

## AWARNING <br> Bodily injury hazard. Spraying hydraulic oil can penetrate and burn skin. Loosen hydraulic connections very slowly to allow the oil pressure to dissipate gradually. Do not allow oil to squirt or spray.

## S-45 Models:

3 Tag and disconnect the hydraulic hoses from the "V1" and "V2" ports on the counterbalance valve manifold located on the platform rotator and connect them together using a connector. Cap the fittings on the manifold.

4 Support the platform leveling arms and platform mounting weldment with an appropriate lifting device, but do not apply any lifting pressure.

## All Models:

5 Remove the six mounting bolts from the platform mounting weldment. Remove the center bolt and slide the platform mounting weldment off of the platform rotator.

Crushing hazard. The platform mounting weldment could become unbalanced and fall if it is not properly supported.

6 Support the platform rotator with an appropriate lifting device. Do not apply any lifting pressure.

## PLATFORMCOMPONENTS

7 Support the platform leveling slave cylinder. Protect the cylinder rod from damage.

8 Remove the pin retaining fasteners from both the slave cylinder rod-end pivot pin, and the rotator pivot pin.
9 Use a soft metal drift to drive both pins out, then remove the platform rotator from the machine.

## AWARNING

Crushing hazard. The platform rotator could become unbalanced and fall if it is not properly supported.

## How to Bleed the Platform Rotator

Note: This procedure will require two people. Do not start the engine. Use auxiliary power for this procedure.

1 Move the function enable toggle switch to either side and activate the platform rotate toggle switch to the right then the left through two platform rotation cycles, then hold the switch to the right position until the platform is fully rotated to the right.

2 Connect a clear hose to the top bleed valve. Place the other end of the hose in a container to collect any drainage. Secure the container to the boom.

3 Open the top bleed valve on the rotator, but do not remove it.

a top bleed valve
b bottom bleed valve
c container
d clear hose
4 Move the function enable toggle switch to either side and hold the platform rotate toggle switch to the left position until the platform is fully rotated to the left. Continue holding the toggle switch until air stops coming out of the bleed valve. Close the bleed valve.


Crushing hazard. Keep clear of the platform during rotation.
5 Connect the clear hose to the bottom bleed valve and open the valve. Do not remove the bleed valve.

6 Move the function enable toggle switch to either side and hold the platform rotate toggle switch to the right position until the platform is fully rotated to the right. Continue holding the toggle switch until air stops coming out of the bleed valve. Close the bleed valve.

## AWARNING <br> Crushing hazard. Keep clear of the platform during rotation.

7 Remove the hose from the bleed valve and clean up any hydraulic oil that may have spilled.

8 Rotate the platform fully in both directions and inspect the bleed valves for leaks.

## 2-3 <br> Platform Overload System

The platform overload system is designed to prevent the machine from continuing to operate when the load in the platform exceeds maximum rated capacity. Refer to the machine serial label for maximum capacity information.

If maximum platform capacity is exceeded, the alarm will sound at the platform controls and the platform overload indicator lights will flash at both the ground and platform controls. The ground and platform controls will become disabled and the engine will stop. Before normal machine operation can continue, the excess load will need to be removed from the platform.

If the excess load cannot be removed or if the operator at the platform controls is unable to correct the overloaded condition, another person at the ground controls can operate the machine using auxiliary power. There will be limited control of boom functions from the ground controls when using auxiliary power. Auxiliary power can be used to correct the overloaded platform condition in order to resume normal, safe operation of the machine.

Note: When the engine is shut off in an overloaded condition, it will not be possible to re-start the engine until the overloaded condition is corrected.

## How to Calibrate the Platform Overload System (if equipped)

## N

Calibration of the platform overload system is essential to safe machine operation. Continued use of an improperly calibrated platform overload system could result in the system failing to sense an overloaded platform. The stability of the machine is compromised and it could tip over.

Note: Perform this procedure with the machine on a firm, level surface.

1 Turn the key switch to platform control. Start the engine and level the platform.

2 Determine the maximum platform capacity. Refer to the machine serial plate.

3 Remove all weight, tools and accessories from the platform.
Note: Failure to remove all weight, tools and accessories from the platform will result in an incorrect calibration.

4 Using a suitable lifting device, place a test weight equal to the maximum platform capacity at the center of the platform floor.

## PLATFORMCOMPONENTS

5 Move the platform up and down by hand, so it bounces approximately 2.5 to $5 \mathrm{~cm} / 1$ to 2 inches. Allow the platform to settle.
$\odot$ Result: The overload indicator lights are off and the alarm does not sound. Proceed to step 6.
\$ Result: The overload indicator lights are flashing at the platform and ground controls, the alarm is sounding, and the engine stops. Slowly tighten the load spring adjustment nut in a clockwise direction in $10^{\circ}$ increments until the overload indicator light turns off, and the alarm does not sound. Proceed to step 8.

Note: The platform will need to be moved up and down and allowed to settle between each adjustment.

Note: There may be a 2 second delay before the platform overload indicator light and alarm responds.

6 Move the platform up and down by hand, so it bounces approximately 2.5 to $5 \mathrm{~cm} / 1$ to 2 inches. Allow the platform to settle.

- Result: The overload indicator lights are off at the platform and ground controls, and the alarm does not sound. Slowly loosen the load spring adjustment nut in a counterclockwise direction in $10^{\circ}$ increments until the overload indicator light flashes at both the platform and ground controls, the alarm sounds, and the engine stops. Proceed to step 7.
\$ Result: The overload indicator lights are flashing at the platform and ground controls, the alarm is sounding, and the engine stops. Repeat this procedure beginning with step 5 .

Note: The platform will need to be moved up and down and allowed to settle between each adjustment.

Note: There may be a 2 second delay before the platform overload indicator light and alarm responds.

7 Move the platform up and down by hand, so it bounces approximately 2.5 to $5 \mathrm{~cm} / 1$ to 2 inches. Allow the platform to settle.

- Result: The overload indicator lights are off and the alarm does not sound. Proceed to step 8.
\$ Result: The overload indicator lights are flashing at the platform and ground controls, the alarm is sounding, and the engine stops. Repeat this procedure beginning with step 5 .
Note: There may be a 2 second delay before the platform overload indicator light and alarm responds.

8 Add an additional $10 \mathrm{lb} / 4.5 \mathrm{~kg}$ test weight to the platform.

- Result: The overload indicator light is flashing at both the ground and platform controls, the alarm is sounding, and the engine stops. Proceed to step 9.
\$ Result: The overload indicator light is off at both the ground and platform controls, and the alarm does not sound. Remove the additional $10 \mathrm{lb} /$ 4.5 kg test weight. Repeat this procedure beginning with step 6 .

Note: There may be a 2 second delay before the overload indicator lights and alarm turn off.

9 Test all machine functions from the platform controls.

- Result: All platform control functions should not operate.

10 Turn the key switch to ground control.

11 Test all machine functions from the ground controls.

○ Result: All ground control functions utilizing engine power should not operate. (Only limited ground control functions utilizing APU power should function).
12 Using a suitable lifting device, lift the test weight off the platform floor.
© Result: The platform overload indicator light should be off at both the ground and platform controls and the alarm should not sound.

Note: There may be a 2 second delay before the overload indicator lights and alarm turn off.

13 Start the engine from the ground controls.
14 Test all machine functions from the ground controls.
© Result: All ground control functions should operate normally.

15 Turn the key switch to platform control.
16 Test all machine functions from the platform controls.
© Result: All platform control functions should operate normally.

## Jib Boom Components, S-45

## 3-1

## Jib Boom

## How to Remove the Jib Boom

Note: Perform this procedure with the boom in the stowed position.

Note: When removing a hose assembly or fitting, the O-ring on the fitting and/or hose end must be replaced and then torqued to specification during installation.
Refer to Section 2, Hydraulic Hose and Fitting Torque Specifications.

1 Remove the platform.
2 Remove the platform mounting weldment, and the platform rotator. See 2-2, How to Remove the Platform Rotator.

3 From the ground controls, raise the jib boom to a horizontal position.
4 Support the jib boom with a strap from an overhead crane.

5 Tag, disconnect and plug the hydraulic hoses from the jib boom lift cylinder. Cap the fittings on the cylinder.

## AWARNING

Bodily injury hazard. Spraying hydraulic oil can penetrate and burn skin. Loosen hydraulic connections very slowly to allow the oil pressure to dissipate gradually. Do not allow oil to squirt or spray.

6 Remove the hose cover, hoses and cables from the side of the jib boom and set them aside.

Component damage hazard. Hoses and cables can be damaged if they are kinked or pinched.

7 Place blocks under the platform leveling cylinder for support. Protect the cylinder rod from damage.

8 Remove the pin retaining fasteners from the jib boom lift cylinder barrel-end pivot pin. Do not remove the pin.
9 Attach a lifting strap from an overhead crane to the lug on the rod end of the jib boom lift cylinder.
10 Use a soft metal drift to remove the jib boom lift cylinder rod-end pivot pin.
11 Use a soft metal drift to remove the jib boom lift cylinder barrel-end pivot pin, then remove the jib boom cylinder.

Crushing hazard. The jib boom lift cylinder could become unbalanced and fall when it is removed from the machine if it is not properly attached to the overhead crane.

12 Remove the pin retaining fasteners from the jib boom pivot pin. Use a soft metal drift to remove the pin, then remove the jib boom from the bellcrank.

## AWARNING

Crushing hazard. The jib boom could become unbalanced and fall when it is removed from the machine if it is not properly attached to the overhead crane.

## 3-2 <br> Jib Boom Lift Cylinder <br> How to Remove the Jib Boom Lift Cylinder

Note: Perform this procedure with the boom in the stowed position.

Note: When removing a hose assembly or fitting, the O-ring on the fitting and/or hose end must be replaced and then torqued to specification during installation. Refer to Section 2, Hydraulic Hose and Fitting Torque Specifications.

1 Raise the jib boom slightly and place blocks under the platform mounting weldment. Then lower the jib boom until the platform is resting on the blocks just enough to support the platform.
Note: Do not rest the entire weight of the boom on the blocks.

2 Tag, disconnect and plug the jib boom lift cylinder hydraulic hoses. Cap the fittings on the cylinder.

[^6]4 Use a soft metal drift to tap the jib boom lift cylinder rod-end pivot pin half way out. Then lower one of the leveling arms to the ground. Tap the pin the other direction and lower the opposite leveling arm. Do not remove the pin.
5 Support the jib boom lift cylinder with a lifting device.

6 Remove the pin retaining fastener from the jib boom lift cylinder barrel-end pivot pin. Use a soft metal drift to remove the barrel-end pin and let the cylinder hang down.

AWARNING
Crushing hazard. The platform and jib boom could become unbalanced and fall when the jib boom barrel-end pivot pin is removed if not properly supported.

7 Attach a lifting strap from an overhead crane to the lug on the rod end of the jib boom lift cylinder.

8 Use a soft metal drift to remove the jib boom lift cylinder rod-end pin. Remove the cylinder from the machine.

## AWARNING

Crushing hazard. The jib boom lift cylinder could become unbalanced and fall when removed from the machine if not properly attached to the overhead crane.

## Boom Components

## 4-1 <br> Cable Track

The primary boom cable track guides the cables and hoses running up the boom. It can be repaired link by link without removing the cables and hoses that run through it. Removing the entire primary boom cable track is only necessary when performing major repairs that involve removing the primary boom.

## How to Remove the Cable Track

Note: When removing a hose assembly or fitting, the O-ring on the fitting and/or hose end must be replaced and then torqued to specification during installation. Refer to Section 2, Hydraulic Hose and Fitting Torque Specifications.

1 Raise the primary boom to a horizontal position.
2 Locate the cables from the cable track to the platform control box. Number each cable and its entry location at the platform control box.
3 Disconnect the cables from the platform control box.

4 Remove the electrical outlet box bracket mounting fasteners. Remove the outlet box and lay it to the side.

5 Remove the hose and cable clamp from the platform support.

6 Tag, disconnect and plug the hydraulic hoses from the counterbalance valve manifold located on the platform rotator. Cap the fittings on the manifold.
AWARNING
Bodily injury hazard. Spraying
hydraulic oil can penetrate and
burn skin. Loosen hydraulic
connections very slowly to allow
the oil pressure to dissipate
gradually. Do not allow oil to
squirt or spray.

7 Tag, disconnect and plug the hydraulic hoses from the platform leveling cylinder at the union and connect the hoses from the cylinder together using a connector.

## AWARNING

Bodily injury hazard. Spraying hydraulic oil can penetrate and burn skin. Loosen hydraulic connections very slowly to allow the oil pressure to dissipate gradually. Do not allow oil to squirt or spray.
8 Locate all electrical cables that enter the cable track.

9 Tag and disconnect the electrical connectors for all cables that enter the cable track.

10 Remove the retaining fasteners from the electrical connector receptacles for the cables that enter the cable track.

11 Remove the fasteners from the drive speed limit switch mounted on the side of the cable track at the pivot end of the boom. Do not disconnect the wiring.

## Genie

12 Remove the fasteners from the side panel on the lower cable track, then remove the panel. Pull all of the cables out of the channel.

13 Remove the cable cover on the side of the boom.

14 Place blocks in between the upper and lower cable tracks and secure the upper and lower tracks together.

## AWARNING

Crushing hazard. If the upper and lower cable tracks are not properly secured together, the cable track could become unbalanced and fall when it is removed from the machine.

15 Attach a lifting strap from an overhead crane to the cable track.

16 Remove the mounting fasteners from the upper cable track at the platform end of the extension boom.

17 Remove the cable track mounting fasteners that attach the lower cable track to the boom.

18 Remove the cable track from the machine and place it on a structure capable of supporting it.

## AWARNING

Crushing hazard. The cable track could become unbalanced and fall if it is not properly attached to the overhead crane.

T10|CI Componentdamage hazard. Hoses and cables can be damaged if they are kinked or pinched.

## How to Repair the Cable Track

> Component damage hazard. The boom cable track can be damaged if it is twisted.

Note: A cable track repair kit is available through the Genie Industries Service Parts Department, part no. 81007. The kit includes a 4 link section of cable track.

1 Visually inspect the cable track and determine which 4 link section needs to be replaced.

2 Remove the snap-on cable track spacers.
3 Carefully remove the external snap rings from the pivot pins at each end of the 4 -link section to be removed.

4 Lift up the hoses and cables and carefully remove the damaged 4 link section of cable track.

## NOTCE

Component damage hazard. Hoses and cables can be damaged if they are kinked or pinched.

5 Remove the snap-on spacers from the replacement section of the cable track.
6 Lift up the hoses and cables and carefully insert the new 4 link section of cable track.
TOTCI Componentdamage hazard. Hoses and cables can be damaged if they are kinked or pinched.

7 Connect the ends of the replacement cable track section to the existing cable track using the pivot pins and external snap rings.

Note: Be sure the pivot pins are installed from the inside out so the external snap rings are on the outside of the cable track.

8 Operate the boom extend/retract function through a full cycle to ensure smooth operation of the new section of cable track.

## 4-2

## Boom

## How to Remove the Boom

Consult the Genie Industries Service Department for instructions on how to safely remove the boom assembly from the machine. Failure to read and follow the warnings listed below could result in death or serious injury.

## AWARNING

Bodily injury hazard. This procedure requires specific repair skills, lifting equipment and a suitable workshop. Attempting this procedure without these skills and tools could result in death or serious injury and significant component damage. Dealer service is strongly recommended.

Note: Perform this procedure with the boom in the stowed position.

Note: When removing a hose assembly or fitting, the O-ring on the fitting and/or hose end must be replaced and then torqued to specification during installation.
Refer to Section 2, Hydraulic Hose and Fitting Torque Specifications.

1 Remove the platform. See 2-1, How to Remove the Platform.

2 Remove the platform rotator and leveling slave cylinder. See 2-3, How to Remove the Platform Rotator.

3 S-45 Models: Remove the jib boom. See 3-1, How to Remove the Jib Boom.

4 Remove the mounting fasteners from the jib boom/platform rotate valve manifold on the end of the boom. Remove the manifold and set it aside.

5 Remove the fasteners from the limit switch mounted on the side of the cable track. Do not disconnect the wiring.

6 Support the cable track with an overhead crane.
7 Remove the hose/cable clamp from the pivot end of the boom.

8 Remove the hose/cable clamp at the platform end of the cable track.

9 Remove the fasteners from the large cable track guide at the platform end of the cable track. Remove the guide.

10 Remove the cotter pin from the clevis pin at the platform end of the cable track. Remove the clevis pin.

Note: Always replace the cotter pin with a new one when removing a clevis pin.

11 Remove the fasteners from the side panel on the cable track to access the cable track mounting fasteners.

## Genie

12 Remove the cable track mounting fasteners, then remove the cable track from the boom and lay it off to the side.

NOIC:
Component damage hazard.
The boom cable track can be damaged if it is twisted.

TOUIC Componentdamage hazard. Hoses can be damaged if they are kinked or pinched.
13 Remove the turntable end cover.
14 Remove the retaining fastener from the master cylinder rod-end pivot pin. Use a soft metal drift to remove the pin. Pull the cylinder back and secure it from moving.


Component damage hazard. When pulling the master cylinder back, be sure not to damage the master cylinder hoses or fittings.

15 Remove the fasteners from the limit switch mounted to the turntable riser at the pivot end of the boom. Do not disconnect the wiring.

16 Tag, disconnect and plug the extension cylinder hydraulic hoses. Cap the fittings on the cylinder.
AWARNING
Bodily injury hazard. Spraying hydraulic oil can penetrate and burn skin. Loosen hydraulic connections very slowly to allow the oil pressure to dissipate gradually. Do not allow oil to squirt or spray.

17 Attach an overhead 5 ton / 4500 kg crane to the center point of the boom.

18 Attach a similar lifting device to the boom lift cylinder.

19 Use the overhead crane to lift the boom to a horizontal position.

20 Place support blocks under the boom lift cylinder, across the turntable.
21 Remove the pin retaining fastener from the boom lift cylinder rod-end pin. Use a soft metal drift to remove the pin.

## AWARNING

Crushing hazard. The boom lift cylinder will fall if not properly supported.
$२ 2$ Lower the rod end of the lift cylinder onto support blocks. Protect the cylinder rod from damage.

23 Remove the pin retaining fastener from the boom pivot pin.

24 Use a soft metal drift to remove the boom pivot pin, then carefully remove the boom from the machine.

AWARNING<br>Crushing hazard. The primary boom could become unbalanced and fall when removed from the machine if not properly attached to the overhead crane.

## How to Disassemble the Boom

Note: Complete disassembly of the boom is only necessary if the secondary boom tube must be replaced. The extension cylinder can be removed without completely disassembling the boom. See 44, How to Remove the Extension Cylinder.

1 Remove the boom. See 4-2, How to Remove the Boom.

2 Place blocks under the extension cylinder for support.
3 Remove the external snap rings from the extension cylinder barrel-end pivot pin at the pivot end of the primary boom tube. Use a soft metal drift to remove the pin.

4 Remove and label the wear pads from the top side of the primary boom tube at the platform end of the boom.
Note: Pay careful attention to the location and amount of shims used with each wear pad.

5 Attach a lifting strap from an overhead crane to the secondary boom tube at the platform end of the boom for support.
6 Support and slide the secondary boom tube out of the primary boom tube. Place the secondary boom tube on blocks for support.

## AWARNING <br> Crushing hazard. The secondary boom tube could become unbalanced and fall when removed from the primary boom tube if not properly supported.

Note: During removal, the overhead crane strap will need to be carefully adjusted for proper balancing.

7 Remove and label the wear pads from the top side of the secondary boom tube at the platform end of the boom.

8 Remove the trunnion pin retaining fasteners at the base end of the secondary boom tube. Use a slide hammer to remove the trunnion pins.

9 Carefully rotate the base end of the extension cylinder until the pin mounting bore is in a vertical position.
10 Remove the external snap rings from the extension cylinder rod-end pivot pin at the platform end of the secondary boom tube. Use a soft metal drift to remove the pin.
11 Support and slide the extension cylinder out of the base end of the secondary boom tube. Place the extension cylinder on blocks for suppport.

## AWARNING

Crushing hazard. The extension cylinder may become unbalanced and fall when removed from the secondary boom tube if not properly supported.
Note: During removal, the overhead crane strap will need to be carefully adjusted for proper balancing.

12 Remove the label the wear pads from the extension cylinder.
Note: Pay careful attention to the location of each wearpad.

## 4-3 <br> Boom Lift Cylinder

The boom lift cylinder raises and lowers the boom.
The boom lift cylinder is equipped with counterbalance valves to prevent movement in the event of a hydraulic line failure.

## How to Remove the Boom Lift Cylinder

AWARNING<br>Bodily injury hazard. This procedure requires specific repair skills, lifting equipment and a suitable workshop. Attempting this procedure without these skills and tools could result in death or serious injury and significant component damage. Dealer service is strongly recommended.

Note: When removing a hose assembly or fitting, the O-ring on the fitting and/or hose end must be replaced and then torqued to specification during installation. Refer to Section 2, Hydraulic Hose and Fitting Torque Specifications.

1 Raise the boom to a horizontal position.
2 Place support blocks across the turntable under the boom lift cylinder.
3 Attach a 5 ton / 5000 kg overhead crane to the boom at the platform end for support. Do not lift the boom.

4 Support and secure both ends of the boom lift cylinder to a second overhead crane or similar lifting device.

5 Tag, disconnect and plug the boom lift cylinder hydraulic hoses. Cap the fittings on the cylinder.

> AWARNING
> Bodily injury hazard. Spraying hydraulic oil can penetrate and burn skin. Loosen hydraulic connections very slowly to allow the oil pressure to dissipate gradually. Do not allow oil to squirt or spray.

6 Remove the pin retaining fastener from the boom lift cylinder rod-end pivot pin. Use a soft metal drift to remove the pin. Lower the lift cylinder onto the blocks. Protect the cylinder rod from damage.

## AWARNING

Crushing hazard. The lift cylinder could become unbalanced and fall if it is not properly supported.
7 Remove the four mounting fasteners from the lift cylinder barrel-end pivot pin mounting plate.

8 With the lift cylinder being supported by the overhead crane, pull the cylinder toward the platform to remove it from the machine.

AWARNING
Crushing hazard. The lift cylinder could become unbalanced and fall if it is not properly supported.
(1) C $=$ Component damage hazard. The cables and hydraulic hoses can be damaged if the lift cylinder is pulled across them.

9 Using auxiliary power, activate the boom down function so the cylinder will retract. Retract the cylinder just enough until the rod end of the cylinder will clear the mounting bracket on the boom. Turn the machine off.

## 4-4 <br> Extension Cylinder

The extension cylinder extends and retracts the boom extension tube. The extension cylinder is equipped with counterbalance valves to prevent movement in the event of a hydraulic line failure.

## How to Remove the Extension Cylinder

AWARNING
This procedure requires specific
repair skills, lifting equipment and
a suitable workshop. Attempting
this procedure without these skills
and tools could cause death or
serious injury and significant
component damage. Dealer
service is strongly recommended.

Note: When removing a hose assembly or fitting, the O-ring on the fitting and/or hose end must be replaced and then torqued to specification during installation. Refer to Section Two, Hydraulic Hose and Fitting Torque Specifications.

1 Extend the boom until the extension cylinder rod-end pivot pins are accessible in the extension tube.

2 Remove the master cylinder. See 4-5, How to Remove the Master Cylinder.
3 Raise the boom to a horizontal position.

4 Remove the external snap rings from the extension cylinder rod-end pins (at the platform end). Use a soft metal drift to remove the pins.

5 Remove the turntable end cover.
6 Tag, disconnect and plug the extension cylinder hydraulic hoses. Cap the fittings on the cylinder.

## AWARNING

Bodily injury hazard. Spraying hydraulic oil can penetrate and burn skin. Loosen hydraulic connections very slowly to allow the oil pressure to dissipate gradually. Do not allow oil to squirt or spray.

7 Remove the barrel-end pivot pin retaining fasteners.

8 Place a rod through the barrel-end pivot pin and twist to remove the pin.


9 Support and slide the extension cylinder out of the pivot end of the boom.

AWARNING
Crushing hazard. The extension cylinder will fall when it is removed from the extension boom if it is not properly supported.
Note: Note the length of the cylinder after removal. The cylinder must be at the same length for installation.

## Genie

## 4-5 <br> Platform Leveling Master Cylinder

The master cylinder acts as a pump for the slave cylinder. It is part of the closed circuit hydraulic loop that keeps the platform level through the entire range of boom motion. The master cylinder is located at the base of the boom.

## How to Remove the Platform Leveling Master Cylinder

Note: When removing a hose assembly or fitting, the O-ring on the fitting and/or hose end must be replaced and then torqued to specification during installation. Refer to Section Two, Hydraulic Hose and Fitting Torque Specifications.

1 Remove the turntable end cover to access the master cylinder.

2 Raise the boom until the master cylinder rod-end pivot pin is accessible.

3 Tag, disconnect and plug the master cylinder hydraulic hoses. Cap the fittings on the cylinder.

## AWARNING

Bodily injury hazard. Spraying hydraulic oil can penetrate and burn skin. Loosen hydraulic connections very slowly to allow the oil pressure to dissipate gradually. Do not allow oil to squirt or spray.

4 Attach a lifting strap from an overhead crane to the lug on the rod end of the master cylinder.

5 Remove the pin retaining fasteners from the master cylinder barrel-end pivot pin.

6 Place a rod through the barrel-end pivot pin and twist to remove the pin.


7 Remove the pin retaining fastener from the rodend pivot pin.

8 Use a soft metal drift to remove the pin.
9 Remove the master cylinder from the machine.

## AWARNING

Crushing hazard. The master cylinder could become unbalanced and fall if it is not properly attached to the overhead crane.

## 5-1 <br> RPM Adjustment - Deutz Models

Refer to Maintenance Procedure B-11, Check and Adjust the Engine RPM.

## 5-2 <br> RPM Adjustment - Perkins <br> Models

Refer to Maintenance Procedure B-11, Check and Adjust the Engine RPM.

## 5-3

## Flex Plate

The flex plate acts as a coupler between the engine and the pump. It is bolted to the engine flywheel and has a splined center to drive the pump.


## How to Remove the Flex Plate

Deutz models:
1 Remove the tailpipe bracket mounting fasteners from the engine bell housing.

2 Support the drive pump assembly with an appropriate lifting device.

3 Remove all of the engine bell housing fasteners.
4 Carefully pull the pump and bell housing assembly away from the engine and secure it from moving.

TOUC $=$ Component damage hazard. Hoses can be damaged if they are kinked orpinched.

5 Remove the flex plate mounting fasteners.
Remove the flex plate from the flywheel.

## Ford LRG-425 EFI models:

1 Disconnect the electrical connector for the oxygen sensor at the tailpipe. Do not remove the oxygen sensor.

2 Remove the engine oil dipstick fasteners from the muffler bracket. Remove the dipstick from the engine.

3 Remove the muffler retaining fasteners from the exhaust pipe.

4 Support the muffler and bracket assembly with an overhead crane or other suitable lifting device.

5 Remove the muffler bracket mounting fasteners. Carefully remove the muffler and bracket assembly from the engine.

6 Support the engine with a suitable lifting device. Do not lift it.

7 Remove the engine plate to vibration isolator fasteners.

8 Remove the engine mounting plate to bell housing fasteners.

9 Raise the engine slightly to take the weight off of the engine mounting plate.

10 Slide the engine mounting plate towards the pump as far as it will go.

11 Support the drive pump assembly with an appropriate lifting device.

12 Remove all of the engine bell housing fasteners.
13 Carefully pull the pump and bell housing assembly away from the engine and secure it from moving.

TOUC Component damage hazard. Hoses can be damaged if they are kinked orpinched.

14 Remove the flex plate mounting fasteners. Remove the flex plate from the flywheel.

## Ford DSG-423 EFI models:

1 Disconnect the electrical connectors from both oxygen sensors at the tailpipe and exhaust manifold. Do not remove the oxygen sensors.

2 Remove the exhaust pipe fasteners at the muffler.

3 Support the muffler and bracket assembly with a suitable lifting device.

4 Remove the muffler bracket mounting fasteners from the bell housing. Carefully remove the muffler and bracket assembly from the engine.

5 Support the engine with an overhead crane or other suitable lifting device. Do not lift it.

6 Remove the engine mounting plate to bell housing fasteners.

7 Raise the engine slightly using the overhead crane and place a block of wood under the oil pan for support.

8 Support the drive pump assembly with an overhead crane or other suitable lifting device. Do not apply any lifting pressure.

## ENGINES

9 Remove all of the engine bell housing retaining fasteners.

10 Carefully pull the pump and bell housing assembly away from the engine and secure it from moving.
10) $1=$ Component damage hazard. Hoses can be damaged if they are kinked orpinched.

11 Remove the flex plate mounting fasteners. Remove the flex plate from the flywheel.

## Perkins models:

1 Remove the fuel filter/water separator mounting fasteners.

2 Remove the fuel filter/water separator and lay it to the side. Do not disconnect the hoses.

3 Support the drive pump assembly with an appropriate lifting device.

4 Remove all of the engine bell housing fasteners.
5 Carefully pull the pump and bell housing assembly away from the engine and secure it from moving.

HOTC:
Component damage hazard. Hoses can be damaged if they are kinked or pinched.

6 Remove the flex plate mounting fasteners. Remove the flex plate from the flywheel.

## How to Install the Flex Plate

1 Install the flex plate onto the engine flywheel with the raised spline towards the pump.

2 Apply Loctite ${ }^{\circledR}$ removable thread sealant to the screws. Torque the flex plate in a star pattern using the following values.

## Ford models:

Before serial number 13740: Torque the flex plate mounting bolts in sequence to 24 ft-lbs / 32 Nm.

After serial number 13739: Torque the flex plate mounting bolts in sequence to 20 ft-lbs / 27 Nm.

## Deutz models:

Torque the flex plate mounting bolts in sequence to
$28 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs} / 38 \mathrm{Nm}$.

## Perkins models:

Before serial number 7472: Torque the flex plate mounting bolts in sequence to $28 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs} / 38 \mathrm{Nm}$.
From serial number 7472 to 13773: Torque the flex plate mounting bolts in sequence to 49 ft-lbs / 66 Nm.
After serial number 13773: Torque the flex plate mounting bolts in sequence to $14 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs} / 19.1 \mathrm{Nm}$.

3 Install the pump coupler onto the pump shaft with the set screw toward the pump. Leave the appropriate gap between coupler and pump end plate for your engine.

a pump
b pump shaft
c pump coupler
d flex plate with raised spline
e engine flywheel
f 0.18 inch $/ 4.6 \mathrm{~mm}$ gap - Deutz Models 0.070 inch / 1.8 mm gap - Perkins Models 0.0625 inch / 1.6 mm gap - Ford LRG-425 0.080 inch / 2 mm gap - Ford DSG-423

4 Apply Loctite ${ }^{\circledR}$ removable thread sealant to the pump coupler set screw. Torque the set screw to $61 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs} / 83 \mathrm{Nm}$.

5 Install the pump and bell housing assembly.

## Ford LRG-425 models:

Before serial number 7597: Torque the bell housing mounting bolts in sequence to 23 ft -lbs / 31 Nm.
After serial number 7596: Torque the bell housing mounting bolts labeled " C " in sequence to 47 ft -lbs / 63 Nm . Torque the bell housing mounting bolts labeled " B " in sequence to $61 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs} / 83 \mathrm{Nm}$.

## Ford DSG-423 models:

Torque the bell housing mounting bolts labeled "A" and "B" in sequence to 28 ft -lbs / 38 Nm and the mounting bolts labeled " C " to $49 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs}$ / 66 Nm . Then torque the bell housing mounting bolts labeled " A " and " B " in sequence to 40 ft lbs / 54 Nm and the mounting bolts labeled " C " to 70 ft -lbs / 95 Nm .

## Deutz models:

Before serial number 7544: Torque the bell housing mounting bolts in sequence to 28 ft -lbs / 38 Nm .
After serial number 7543: Torque the bell housing mounting bolts in sequence to 47 ft -lbs / 63 Nm .

## Perkins models:

Before serial number 7472: Torque the bell housing mounting bolts in sequence to 28 ft -lbs / 38 Nm .
After serial number 7471: Torque the bell housing mounting bolts labeled " B " in sequence to $28 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs} / 38 \mathrm{Nm}$ and the mounting bolts labeled " A " to 49 ft -lbs / 66 Nm . Then torque the bell housing mounting bolts labeled " B " in sequence to 40 ft -lbs / 54 Nm and the mounting bolts labeled "A" to $70 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs} / 95 \mathrm{Nm}$.

## NOTC=

Component damage hazard. When installing the pump, do not force the pump coupler into the flexplate or damage to the pump shaft seal may occur.

NOTC:
Component damage hazard. Do not force the drive pump during installation or the flex plate teeth may become damaged.


Ford LRG 425 models (before serial number 7597)
(betore serial number 7597)

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4
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Ford LRG 425 models (after serial number 7596)


Perkins models (before serial number 7472)


Deutz 1011 models (before serial number 7544)


Deutz 2011 models (after serial number 7543)


Ford DSG 423 models

## 5-4

## Engine Fault Codes Ford Models

## How to Retrieve Engine Fault Codes

When an engine malfunction is detected by the Electronic Control Module (ECM), a fault code is recorded and the check engine light will turn on at the ground controls. Special equipment is required to retrieve fault codes stored within the ECM. Contact Genie Industries Service Department for assistance in retrieving fault codes.

Note: Perform this procedure with the key switch in the off position.

1 Open the ground controls side cover and locate the run/test toggle switch on the side of the ground control box.

2 Pull out the red Emergency Stop button to the on position at both the ground and platform controls.

3 Quickly activate and release the start toggle switch/button. Do not start the engine. (before serial no. 7597)

4 Move and hold the run/test toggle switch to the test position.

- Result: The check engine light should turn on. The check engine light should begin to blink.

5 Continue to hold the run/test toggle switch in the test position and count the blinks.

Note: If any fault codes are present, the ECM will use the check engine light to blink a three digit code.
It will blink the first digit of a three digit code, pause, blink the second digit, pause, and then blink the third digit. For example: the check engine light blinks 5 consecutive times, blinks 3 times and then 1 time. That would indicate code 531. There will be a longer pause between codes.

6 Refer to Section 5, Fault Codes, for definition of engine fault codes.

Note: Once a fault code has been retrieved and the repair has been completed, the ECM memory must be reset to clear the fault code from the ECM. See How to Clear Engine Fault Codes from the ECM.

## How to Clear Engine Fault Codes from the ECM

Note: Perform this procedure with the engine off and the key switch in the off position.

1 Open the engine side turntable cover and locate the battery.

2 Disconnect the negative battery cable from the battery for a minimum of 5 minutes.

AWARNING | Electrocution/burn hazard. Contact |
| :--- |
| with electrically charged circuits |
| could result in death or serious |
| injury. Remove all rings, watches |
| and other jewelry. |

3 Connect the negative battery cable to the battery.

## Genie

## Hydraulic Pumps

## 6-1 <br> Function Pump

## How to Remove the Function Pump

Note: When removing a hose assembly or fitting, the O-ring on the fitting and/or hose end must be replaced and then torqued to specification during installation.
Refer to Section 2, Hydraulic Hose and Fitting Torque Specifications.

1 Models with hydraulic tank shut-off valves: Locate the two hydraulic tank valves at the hydraulic tank through the access hole underneath the turntable. Close the valves.


Component damage hazard. The engine must not be started with the hydraulic tank shut-off valves in the closed position or component damage will occur. If the tank valves are closed, remove the key from the key switch and tag the machine to inform personnel of the condition.

Models without hydraulic tank shut-off valves: Remove the drain plug from the hydraulic tank and completely drain the tank into a suitable container. See capacity specifications.

2 Tag, disconnect and plug the function pump hydraulic hoses. Cap the fittings on the pump.

## AWARNING

Bodily injury hazard. Spraying hydraulic oil can penetrate and burn skin. Loosen hydraulic connections very slowly to allow the oil pressure to dissipate gradually. Do not allow oil to squirt or spray.

3 Remove the pump mounting bolts. Carefully remove the pump.

Models with hydraulic tank shut-off valves:
TOUC Componentdamage hazard. Be sure to open the two hydraulic tank valves and prime the pump after installing the pump.

Models without hydraulic tank shut-off valves:
Nowa:
Component damage hazard. Be sure to fill the hydraulic tank to specification and prime the pump after installing the pump.

## HYDRAULIC PUMPS

## 6-2 <br> Drive Pump

The drive pump is a bi-directional variable displacement piston pump. The pump output is controlled by the electro-proportional controller, located on the pump. The only adjustment that can be made to the pump is the neutral or null adjustment. Any internal service to the pump should only be performed at an authorized Eaton Hydraulics center. Call Genie Industries Service Department to locate your local authorized service center.

## How to Remove the Drive Pump

## Nowle:

Component damage hazard. The work area and surfaces where this procedure will be performed must be clean and free of debris that could get into the hydraulic system and cause severe component damage. Dealer service is recommended.

Note: When removing a hose assembly or fitting, the O-ring on the fitting and/or hose end must be replaced and then torqued to specification during installation.
Refer to Section 2, Hydraulic Hose and Fitting Torque Specifications.

1 Disconnect the electrical connection at the electro-proportional controller located on the drive pump.

2 Models with hydraulic tank shut-off valves:
Locate the two hydraulic tank valves at the hydraulic tank through the access hole underneath the turntable. Close the valves.


## rouce

Component damage hazard. The engine must not be started with the hydraulic tank shut-off valves in the closed position or component damage will occur. If the tank valves are closed, remove the key from the key switch and tag the machine to inform personnel of the condition.

Models without hydraulic tank shut-off valves: Remove the drain plug from the hydraulic tank and completely drain the tank into a suitable container. See capacity specifications.

3 Tag and disconnect and plug the hydraulic hoses from the drive and function pumps. Cap the fittings on the pumps.

AWARNING
Bodily injury hazard. Spraying hydraulic oil can penetrate and burn skin. Loosen hydraulic connections very slowly to allow the oil pressure to dissipate gradually. Do not allow oil to squirt or spray.

4 Support the pump with a lifting device and remove the two drive pump mounting fasteners.

5 Carefully pull the drive pump out until the pump coupler separates from the flex plate.
6 Remove the drive pump from the machine.


Component damage hazard. The hydraulic pump may become unbalanced and fall if not properly supported.

## Models with hydraulic tank shut-off valves:

NOTIC:Component damage hazard. Be sure to open the two hydraulic tank valves and prime the pump after installing the pump.

## Models without hydraulic tank shut-off valves:

101|C: Component damage hazard. Be sure to fill the hydraulic tank to specification and prime the pump after installing the pump.

## How to Prime the Pump

1 Connect a 0 to $600 \mathrm{psi} / 0$ to 50 bar pressure gauge to the test port on the drive pump.

2 Remove the safety pin (if equipped) from the engine pivot plate latch.

Note: The engine pivot plate latch is located under the engine turntable pivot plate at the counterweight end of the machine.

3 Open the engine pivot plate latch and swing the engine pivot plate out and away from the machine.

4 Ford models: Close the valve on the LPG tank then disconnect the hose from the tank. Move the fuel select switch to the LPG position.

Perkins models: Disconnect the engine wiring harness from the fuel solenoid at the injector pump.
Deutz models: Hold the manual fuel shutoff valve clockwise to the closed position.


5 Have another person crank the engine with the starter motor for 15 seconds, wait 15 seconds, then crank the engine an additional 15 seconds or until the pressure reaches $320 \mathrm{psi} / 22$ bar.
6 Ford models: Connect the LPG hose to the LPG tank and open the valve on the tank. Move the fuel select switch to the gasoline position.
Perkins models: Connect the engine wiring harness to the fuel solenoid.

Deutz models: Release the manual fuel shutoff valve.

7 Start the engine from the ground controls and check for hydraulic leaks.

## Manifolds

## 7-1

## Function Manifold Components

| The function manifold is located underneath the ground controls side turntable cover. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Index | Schematic |  |
| No. | Description Item | Function Torque |
| 1 | Flow regulator valve, <br> $0.8 \mathrm{gpm} / 3.03 \mathrm{~L} / \mathrm{min}$. $\qquad$ | platform rotate and <br> jib boom (S-45) $\qquad$ 20-25 ft-lbs / 27-34 Nm |
| 1 | Flow regulator valve, 0.6 gpm / $2.27 \mathrm{~L} / \mathrm{min}$ AA ... | platform rotate (S-40) $\qquad$ 20-25 ft-lbs / 27-34 Nm |
| 2 | Check valve $\qquad$ AB ... | Differential sensing circuit, platform rotate right and jib boom down (S-45) ........................ 10-12 ft-lbs / 14-16 Nm |
| 3 | Solenoid valve, 2 position 3 way ....... AC .. | Platform level up/down ................... 20-25 ft-lbs / 27-34 Nm |
| 4 | Check valve $\qquad$ AD | Differential sensing circuit, platform level up $\qquad$ 10-12 ft-lbs / 14-16 Nm |
| 5 | Solenoid valve, 2 position 3 way ....... AE ... | Platform level up/down ................... 20-25 ft-lbs / 27-34 Nm |
| 6 | Check valve $\qquad$ AF | Differential sensing circuit, boom up/down $\qquad$ 10-12 ft-lbs / 14-16 Nm |
| 7 | Differential sensing valve, 150 psi / 10.3 bar.............................AG ......... | Turntable rotate circuit $\qquad$ 30-35 ft-lbs / 41-47 Nm |
| 8 | Differential sensing valve, 150 psi / 10.3 bar $\qquad$ AH | Boom up/down circuit $\qquad$ 30-35 ft-lbs / 41-47 Nm |
| 9 | Relief valve, 2200 psi / 152 bar ........ AI ... | Boom down relief........................... 20-25 ft-lbs / 27-34 Nm |
| 10 | Flow regulator valve, <br> 0.1 gpm / $0.38 \mathrm{~L} / \mathrm{min}$ $\qquad$ AJ . | Bleeds off differential sensing valves to tank $\qquad$ 20-25 ft-lbs / 27-34 Nm |
| 11 | Check valve $\qquad$ AK.... | Differential sensing circuit, boom up/down $\qquad$ 10-12 ft-lbs / 14-16 Nm |
| 12 | Relief valve, 1950 psi / 134 bar ........ AL ... | Extend cylinder relief ...................... 20-25 ft-lbs / 27-34 Nm |
| 13 | Check valve $\qquad$ AM ... | Differential sensing circuit, boom extend/retract $\qquad$ 10-12 ft-lbs / 14-16 Nm |
| 14 | Flow regulator valve, <br> $2.0 \mathrm{gpm} / 7.6 \mathrm{~L} / \mathrm{min}$. $\qquad$ AN | Steer left/right circuit $\qquad$ 30-35 ft-lbs / 41-47 Nm |
| 15 | Check valve ................................... AO .. | Platform level up ..................................... $14 \mathrm{ft-lbs} / 19 \mathrm{Nm}$ |
| 16 | Diagnostic nipple ............................ AP .... | Testing |

This list continues. Please turn the page

MANIFOLDS


Genie

MANIFOLDS

## Function Manifold Components, continued

| Index No. | Description $\begin{gathered}\text { Schematic } \\ \text { Item }\end{gathered}$ | Function Torque |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18 | Relief valve, 2900 psi / 200 bar $\qquad$ AQ ... | System relief (S-45) $\qquad$ 30-35 ft-lbs / 41-47 Nm |
| 18 | Relief valve, <br> 2600 psi / 179 bar $\qquad$ AQ .. | System relief (S-40) $\qquad$ 30-35 ft-lbs / 41-47 Nm |
| 19 | Flow regulator valve, $4.5 \mathrm{gpm} / 17.03 \mathrm{~L} / \mathrm{min} . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~ A R ~ . . ~$ | Boom extend/retract circuit $\qquad$ 30-35 ft-lbs / 41-47 Nm |
| 20 | Check valve $\qquad$ AS ... | Blocks flow from auxiliary pump <br> to function pump $\qquad$ 30-35 ft-lbs / 41-47 Nm |
| 21 | Solenoid valve, 3 position 4 way ...... AT | Steer left/right ................................. 30-35 ft-lbs / 41-47 Nm |
| 22 | Solenoid valve, 2 position 3 way ...... AU | Boom extend ................................ 30-35 ft-lbs / 41-47 Nm |
| 23 | Solenoid valve, 2 position 3 way ...... AV . | Boom retract ................................. 30-35 ft-lbs / 41-47 Nm |
| 24 | Proportional solenoid valve ............. AW . | Boom up/down circuit ..................... 20-25 ft-lbs / 27-34 Nm |
| 25 | Solenoid valve, 2 position 3 way ...... AX | Boom up ...................................... 30-35 ft-lbs / 41-47 Nm |
| 26 | Solenoid valve, 2 position 3 way ...... AY | Boom down ................................... 30-35 ft-lbs / 41-47 Nm |
| 27 | Solenoid valve, 3 position 4 way ...... AZ | Turntable rotate ............................. 20-25 ft-lbs / 27-34 Nm |
| 28 | Check valve................................... BA | Platform level down ........................ 10-12 ft-lbs / 14-16 Nm |
| 29 | Proportional solenoid valve ............. BB ... | Turntable rotate left/right ................. 20-25 ft-lbs / 27-34 Nm |
| 30 | Counterbalance valve ..................... BC | Platform level up ............................ 30-35 ft-lbs / 41-47 Nm |
| 31 | Needle Valve ................................ BD | Platform level circuit ....................... 20-25 ft-lbs / 27-34 Nm |
| 32 | Counterbalance valve..................... BE | Platform level down ........................ 30-35 ft-lbs / 41-47 Nm |
| 33 | Solenoid valve, 3 position 4 way ...... BF .... | Platform rotate and jib boom up/down (S-45) $\qquad$ 20-25 ft-lbs / 27-34 Nm |
| 34 | Differential sensing valve, 150 psi / 10.3 bar $\qquad$ BG | Differential sensing circuit, meters flow to functions $\qquad$ 30-35 ft-lbs / 41-47 Nm |
| 35 | Check valve................................... BH .... | Differential sensing circuit, platform rotate left and jib boom up (S-45) $\qquad$ 10-12 ft-lbs / 14-16 Nm |
| 36 | Diagnostic nipple ........................... BI ........ | Testing |

## Genie

MANIFOLDS


## 7-2 <br> Valve Adjustments - <br> Function Manifold

## How to Adjust the System

## Relief Valve

Note: Perform this procedure with the boom in the stowed position.

1 Connect a 0 to $5000 \mathrm{psi} / 0$ to 350 bar pressure gauge to the РTEST port on the function manifold.

2 Start the engine from the ground controls.
3 Hold the function enable/rpm select toggle switch to the high idle position. Activate and hold the boom retract toggle switch with the boom fully retracted.

4 Observe the pressure reading on the pressure gauge. Refer to Section 2, Specifications.

5 Turn the engine off. Use a wrench to hold the relief valve and remove the cap (item AQ).
6 Adjust the internal hex socket. Turn it clockwise to increase the pressure or counterclockwise to decrease the pressure. Install the relief valve cap.

> AWARNING
> Tip-over hazard. Do not adjust the relief valve higher than specified.

7 Repeat steps 2 through 5 and recheck relief valve pressure.

8 Remove the pressure gauge.

## 7-3 <br> Jib Select, Platform Rotate and Generator Manifold Components

| Index No. | Description $\begin{gathered}\text { Schematic } \\ \text { Item }\end{gathered}$ | Function Torque |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Counterbalance valve...................... CA | Platform rotate right ........................ 30-35 ft-lbs / 41-47 Nm |
| 2 | Counterbalance valve...................... CB | Platform rotate left .......................... 30-35 ft-lbs / 41-47 Nm |
| 3 | Relief valve .................................... CD | Generator overload relief ................. 30-35 ft-lbs / 41-47 Nm |
| 4 | Solenoid valve ............................... CE | Controls generator on / off ............... 50-55 ft-lbs / 68-75 Nm |
| 5 | Solenoid valve, 2 position 3 way ....... CC ... | Platform rotate/jib boom select ......... 18-20 ft-lbs / 25-27 Nm |



MANIFOLDS

## 7-4

## Brake Manifold Components (before serial number 7569)




Genie

MANIFOLDS

## 7-5

Brake/Two-Speed Manifold Components (after serial number 7568)

| Index No. | Description $\begin{gathered}\text { Schematic } \\ \text { Item }\end{gathered}$ | Function | Torque |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Orifice, 0.025 inch / 0.63 mm ......... EA ..... | Turntable rotation brake release |  |
| 2 | Solenoid valve, 2 position 3 way ... EB | Brake release | 20-25 ft-lbs / 27-34 Nm |
| 3 | Solenoid valve, 2 position 3 way ... EC . | Two-speed motor shift | 20-25 ft-lbs / 27-34 Nm |
| 4 | Check valve................................. ED ..... | Brake release circuit .............. | 20-25 ft-lbs / 27-34 Nm |



Genie

MANIFOLDS

## 7-6 <br> Oscillate Directional Valve Components

The oscillate directional valve is mounted inside the drive chassis at the non-steer end.

| Index  <br> No. Description | Function | Torque |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Cap ............................................................... Breather ...........................................20-25 ft-lbs / $27-33 \mathrm{Nm}$ |  |
| 2 | Spool valve ....................................................... Directional control |  |



## Genie

## How to Set Up the Oscillate Directional Valve

Note: Adjustment of the oscillate directional valve linkage is only necessary when the linkage or valve has been replaced.

1 Lower the boom to the stowed position.
2 Use a "bubble type" level to be sure the floor is completely level.

AWARNING
Tip-over hazard. Failure to perform this procedure on a level floor could compromise the stability of the machine resulting in the machine tipping over.

3 Check the tire pressure in all four tires and add air if needed to meet specification.

Note: The tires on some machines are foam-filled and do not need air added to them.

4 Remove the drive chassis cover and the nonsteer axle covers.

5 Place a "bubble type" level across the drive chassis non-steer end. Check to be sure the drive chassis is completely level.

6 To level the drive chassis, start the engine and loosen the lock nuts on both sides of the urethane cushions.

7 Push up or pull down on the threaded rod until the machine is completely level.

8 Verify that the ground and drive chassis are completely level.

9 Tighten the nuts on both sides of the urethane cushions until they are snug. Tighten the locknuts.

10 Verify that the ground and drive chassis are completely level.

11 Measure the distance between the drive chassis and the non-steer axle on both sides (from the inside of the drive chassis).

Note: If the distance is not equal and the adjustment to the linkage was completed with the ground and drive chassis level, repeat steps 6 through 11 OR consult Genie Industries Service Department.

## 7-7

## Valve Adjustments - Oscillate Relief Valve

## How to Adjust the Oscillate Relief <br> Valve Pressure

1 Remove the drive chassis cover from the nonsteer end of the machine.

2 Connect a 0 to $2000 \mathrm{psi} / 0$ to 150 bar pressure gauge to the diagnostic nipple located near the oscillate directional valve.

3 Disconnect the directional valve linkage, by removing the heim joint and retaining fastener from the axle.

4 Start the engine from the platform controls.
5 With the engine running, manually activate the valve and observe the pressure reading on the pressure gauge.

| Oscillate relief valve specification |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Pressure | 950 psi |
|  | 65.5 bar |

6 Turn the engine off.
7 Locate the relief valve on the directional valve and remove the cap.

8 Adjust the internal screw. Turn it clockwise to increase the pressure or counterclockwise to decrease the pressure. Install the valve cap.

AWARNING Tip-over hazard. Do not adjust the relief valve higher than specified.
9 Repeat steps 4 through 7 and manually activate the valve to confirm the valve pressure.
10 Turn the engine off, remove the pressure gauge and assemble the directional valve linkage.
11 Install the cover on the non-steer end of the drive chassis.

## 7-8

Traction Manifold Components, 2WD (before serial number 7569)
The traction manifold is mounted inside the drive chassis at the non-steer end.

| Index No. | Description $\begin{gathered}\text { Schematic } \\ \text { Item }\end{gathered}$ | Function Torque |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Relief valve, 210 psi / 14.5 bar ........ FA ..... | Charge pressure circuit .................. 30-35 ft-lbs / 41-47 Nm |
| 2 | Flow divider/combiner valve ............ FB ........ | Controls flow to drive motors <br> in forward and reverse $\qquad$ 90-100 ft-lbs / 122-136 Nm |
| 3 | Orifice, 0.070 inch / 1.78 mm ........... FC ...... | Equalizes flow across flow divider/combiner valve (item FB) |
| 4 | Shuttle valve, 3 position 3 way ......... FD ....... | Charge pressure, hot oil shuttle ........ 50-55 ft-lbs / 68-75 Nm |
| 5 | Diagnostic nipple ............................ FE ....... | Testing |



MANIFOLDS

## 7-9 <br> Traction Manifold Components, 2WD (after serial number 7568)

The traction manifold is mounted inside the drive chassis at the non-steer end.

| Index No. | Description $\begin{gathered}\text { Schematic } \\ \text { Item }\end{gathered}$ | Function Torque |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Relief valve, 280 psi / 19.3 bar ......... GA ... | Charge pressure circuit .................. 30-35 ft-lbs / 41-47 Nm |
| 2 | Flow divider/combiner valve ............. GB ... | Controls flow to drive motors <br> in forward and reverse $\qquad$ 90-100 ft-lbs / 122-136 Nm |
| 3 | Check valve .................................... GC | Drive circuit .................................... 30-35 ft-lbs / 41-47 Nm |
| 4 | Check valve .................................... GD | Drive circuit .................................... 30-35 ft-lbs / 41-47 Nm |
| 5 | Flow divider/combiner valve .............. GE ... | Controls flow to drive motors <br> in forward and reverse $\qquad$ 50-55 ft-lbs / 68-75 Nm |
| 6 | Orifice, 0.070 inch / 1.78 mm ........... GF ... | Equalizes flow across flow divider/combiner valve (item GB) |



Genie

## 7-10

## Valve Adjustments, 2WD <br> Drive Manifold

## How to Adjust the Hot Oil Shuttle Relief Valve

Note: The pressure differential between the charge pump relief valve (located in the drive pump) and the hot oil shuttle relief valve (located in the drive manifold) is necessary to return hot oil from the closed loop drive circuit to the hydraulic tank for cooling. This pressure differential must be maintained at 40 psi / 14.5 bar.

Note: The following procedure will require two people.

1 Open the engine side turntable cover and connect a 0 to 600 psi / 0 to 41 bar pressure gauge to the diagnostic nipple on the drive pump.

2 Start the engine from the platform controls and allow the engine to run at high idle. Note the pressure reading on the pressure gauge.

3 Turn the engine off and connect a 0 to $600 \mathrm{psi} / 0$ to 41 bar pressure gauge to the diagnostic nipple located on the drive manifold.

4 Start the engine from the platform controls and drive the machine slowly in the forward direction. Note the pressure reading on the pressure gauge.

5 Turn the engine off, and remove the hot oil shuttle relief valve cap (item FA). Adjust the internal hex socket clockwise to increase the pressure or counterclockwise to decrease the pressure. Install the valve cap. (before serial no. 7569)
5 Turn the engine off, and remove the hot oil shuttle relief valve cap (item GA). Adjust the internal hex socket clockwise to increase the pressure or counterclockwise to decrease the pressure. Install the valve cap. (after serial no. 7568)

6 Repeat steps 4 and 5 until the pressure reading on the guage is 40 psi / 2.8 bar less than the pressure reading at the pump.

MANIFOLDS

## 7-11

## Traction Manifold Components, 4WD (before serial number 7569)

The traction manifold is mounted inside the drive chassis at the non-steer end.

| Index No. | Description $\begin{gathered}\text { Schematic } \\ \text { Item }\end{gathered}$ | Function Torque |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Flow divider/combiner valve ............ HA ........ | Controls flow to steer end drive motors in forward/reverse $\qquad$ 90-100 ft-lbs / 122-136 Nm |
| 2 | Flow divider/combiner valve $\qquad$ HB | Controls flow to non-steer end drive motors in forward/reverse $\qquad$ 90-100 ft-lbs / 122-136 Nm |
| 3 | Orifice, 0.070 inch / 1.778 mm ........ | Rear drive motor circuit |
| 4 | Orifice, 0.070 inch / 1.778 mm $\qquad$ HD | Equalizes pressure on both sides of flow divider/combiner valve 7 |
| 5 | Shuttle valve, 3 position 3 way ......... HE ... | Charge pressure, hot oil shuttle ........ 50-55 ft-lbs / 68-75 Nm |
| 6 | Diagnostic nipple ............................ HF ....... | Testing |
| 7 | Flow divider/combiner valve ............. HG ........ | Controls flow to flow divider/combiner valves 1 and 2 $\qquad$ 90-100 ft-lbs / 122-136 Nm |
| 8 | Relief valve, 210 psi / 14.5 bar .......... HH ........ | Charge pressure circuit ................... 30-35 ft-lbs / 41-47 Nm |
| 9 | Orifice, 0.052 inch / 1.32 mm ........... HI ......... | Front drive motor circuit |



MANIFOLDS


Genie

MANIFOLDS

## 7-12

## Traction Manifold Components, 4WD (from serial number 7568 to 15822)

| Index No. | Description $\begin{gathered}\text { Schematic } \\ \text { Item }\end{gathered}$ | Function Torque |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Relief valve, 280 psi / 19.3 bar .........JA | Charge pressure circuit .................. 35-40 ft-lbs / 48-54 Nm |
| 2 | Flow divider/combiner valve $\qquad$ JB ..... | Controls flow to non-steer end drive motors in forward and reverse $\qquad$ 80-90 ft-lbs / 108-122 Nm |
| 3 | Check valve ...................................JC .. | Steer end drive motor circuit ............ 35-40 ft-lbs / 48-54 Nm |
| 4 | Check valve ...................................JD ... | Non-steer end drive motor circuit ..... 35-40 ft-lbs / 48-54 Nm |
| 5 | Flow divider/combiner valve $\qquad$ JE | Controls flow to flow divider/combiner valves 2 and 13 $\qquad$ 80-90 ft-lbs / 108-122 Nm |
| 6 | Check valve ................................... JF | Non-steer end drive motor circuit...... 60-70 ft-lbs / 81-95 Nm |
| 7 | Orifice, 0.040 inch / 1 mm $\qquad$ JG ....... | Equalizes pressure on both sides of flow divider/combiner valve 5 |
| 8 | Orifice, 0.040 inch / 1 mm $\qquad$ JH ....... | Equalizes pressure on both sides of flow divider/combiner valve 2 |
| 9 | Orifice, 0.040 inch / 1 mm $\qquad$ JI. | Equalizes pressure on both sides of flow divider/combiner valve 13 |
| 10 | Check valve ................................... JJ .... | Steer end drive motor circuit ............ 60-70 ft-lbs / 81-95 Nm |
| 11 | Check valve ...................................JK ..... | Steer end drive motor circuit ............ 35-40 ft-lbs / 48-54 Nm |
| 12 | Shuttle valve, 3 position 3 way $\qquad$ JL. $\qquad$ | Charge pressure circuit that directs hot oil out of low pressure side of drive pump $\qquad$ 80-90 ft-lbs / 108-122 Nm |
| 13 | Flow divider/combiner valve $\qquad$ JM | Controls flow to steer end drive motors in forward and reverse $\qquad$ 80-90 ft-lbs / 108-122 Nm |
| 14 | Check valve .................................... JN ......... | Non-steer end drive motor circuit...... 35-40 ft-lbs / 48-54 Nm |

## Genie

MANIFOLDS


Genie

MANIFOLDS

7-13

## Traction Manifold Components, 4WD (from serial number 15823)

The traction manifold is mounted inside the drive chassis at the non-steer end.

| Index | Schematic |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. | Description Item | Function Torque |
| 1 | Relief valve, 280 psi / 19.3 bar ......... KA ........ | Charge pressure circuit .................. 55-60 ft-lbs / 74-81 Nm |
| 2 | Flow divider/combiner valve $\qquad$ KB | Controls flow to non-steer end drive motors in forward and reverse $\qquad$ 80-90 ft-lbs / 108-122 Nm |
| 3 | Check valve.................................. KC ... | Steer end drive motor circuit ........... 55-60 ft-lbs / 74-81 Nm |
| 4 | Check valve................................... KD ...... | Non-steer end drive motor circuit ..... 55-60 ft-lbs / 74-81 Nm |
| 5 | Check valve .................................. KE ........ | Non-steer end drive motor circuit ... 70-75 ft-lbs / 95-100 Nm |
| 6 | Flow divider/combiner valve ............ KF ......... | Controls flow to flow divider/combiner valves <br> 2 and 13 $\qquad$ 80-90 ft-lbs / 108-122 Nm |

7 Orifice, 0.040 inch / $1 \mathrm{~mm} . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$. KG ........ Equalizes pressure on both sides of flow divider/combiner valve 5

8 Orifice, 0.040 inch / $1 \mathrm{~mm} . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$. KH ........ Equalizes pressure on both sides of flow divider/combiner valve 2
9 Orifice, 0.040 inch / $1 \mathrm{~mm} \ldots \ldots . \ldots \ldots . . . . . . \mathrm{KI}$............ Equalizes pressure on both sides of flow divider/combiner valve 13

Shuttle valve, 3 position 3 way $\qquad$ KJ $\qquad$ Charge pressure circuit that directs hot oil out of low pressure side of drive pump 35-40 ft-lbs / 48-54 Nm

10 Check valve...................................... KK ......... Steer end drive motor circuit .......... 55-60 ft-lbs / 95-100 Nm
12 Check valve ....................................... KL ......... Steer end drive motor circuit .......... 70-75 ft-lbs / 95-100 Nm
13 Flow divider/combiner valve $\qquad$ KM ........ Controls flow to steer end drive motors in forward and reverse $\qquad$ 80-90 ft-lbs / 108-122 Nm

Check valve $\qquad$ KN $\qquad$ Non-steer end drive motor circuit .. 55-60 ft-lbs / 74-81 Nm

## Genie



MANIFOLDS

## 7-14

## Valve Adjustments, 4WD Drive Manifold

## How to Adjust the Hot Oil Shuttle Relief Valve

Note: The pressure differential between the charge pump relief valve (located in the drive pump) and the hot oil shuttle relief valve (located in the drive manifold) is necessary to return hot oil from the closed loop drive circuit to the hydraulic tank for cooling. This pressure differential must be maintained at 40 psi / 14.5 bar.

Note: The following procedure will require two people.

1 Open the engine side turntable cover and connect a 0 to $600 \mathrm{psi} / 0$ to 41 bar pressure gauge to the diagnostic nipple on the drive pump.

2 Start the engine from the platform controls and allow the engine to run at high idle. Note the pressure reading on the pressure gauge.
3 Turn the engine off and connect a 0 to $600 \mathrm{psi} / 0$ to 41 bar pressure gauge to the diagnostic nipple located on the drive manifold.

4 Start the engine from the platform controls and drive the machine slowly in the forward direction. Note the pressure reading on the pressure gauge.
5 Turn the engine off, and remove the hot oil shuttle relief valve cap (item HH). Adjust the internal hex socket clockwise to increase the pressure or counterclockwise to decrease the pressure. Install the valve cap.
(before serial no. 7569)
5 Turn the engine off, and remove the hot oil shuttle relief valve cap (item JA). Adjust the internal hex socket clockwise to increase the pressure or counterclockwise to decrease the pressure. Install the valve cap.
(from serial no. 7569 to 15822)
5 Turn the engine off, and remove the hot oil shuttle relief valve cap (item KA). Adjust the internal hex socket clockwise to increase the pressure or counterclockwise to decrease the pressure. Install the valve cap.
(from serial no. 15823)

6 Repeat steps 4 and 5 until the pressure reading on the guage is $40 \mathrm{psi} / 2.8$ bar less than the pressure reading at the pump.

## Genie

## 7-15 <br> Valve Coils

## How to Test a Coil

A properly functioning coil provides an electromagnetic force which operates the solenoid valve. Critical to normal operation is continuity within the coil. Zero resistance or infinite resistance indicates the coil has failed.

Since coil resistance is sensitive to temperature, resistance values outside specification can produce erratic operation. When coil resistance decreases below specification, amperage increases. As resistance rises above specification, voltage increases.

While valves may operate when coil resistance is outside specification, maintaining coils within specification will help ensure proper valve function over a wide range of operating temperatures.

## AWARNING

Electrocution/burn hazard. Contact with electrically charged circuits could result in death or serious injury. Remove all rings, watches and other jewelry.
Note: If the machine has been in operation, allow the coil to cool at least 3 hours before performing this test.

1 Tag and disconnect the wiring from the coil to be tested.

2 Test the coil resistance using a multimeter set to resistance ( $\Omega$ ). Refer to the Valve Coil Resistance Specification table.
\$ Result: If the resistance is not within the adjusted specification, plus or minus $10 \%$, replace the coil.

## Valve Coil Resistance Specification

Note: The following coil resistance specifications are at an ambient temperature of $68^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. As valve coil resistance is sensitive to changes in air temperature, the coil resistance will typically increase or decrease by $4 \%$ for each $18^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / 10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ that your air temperature increases or decreases from $68^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

| Description | Specification |
| :--- | :---: |
| Solenoid valve, 2 position 3 way, 10V DC <br> (schematic items AC and AE) | $6.3 \Omega$ |
| Solenoid valve, 3 position 4 way, 10V DC <br> (schematic item AT and AZ) | $6.3 \Omega$ |
| Solenoid valve, 2 position 3 way, 10V DC <br> (schematic items AU, AV, AX, and AY) | $6.3 \Omega$ |
| Solenoid valve, 3 position 4 way, 10V DC <br> (schematic items AZ and BF) | $6.3 \Omega$ |
| Proportional solenoid valve, 12V DC <br> (schematic items AW and BB) | $9 \Omega$ |
| Solenoid valve, 2 position 3 way, 10V DC <br> (schematic item CC) | $6.8 \Omega$ |
| Solenoid valve, 2 position 3 way, 10V DC <br> (schematic items DA) | $3.3 \Omega$ |
| Solenoid valve, 2 position 3 way, 12V DC | $4.8 \Omega$ |
| (schematic items CE) |  |

## MANIFOLDS

## How to Test a Coil Diode

Genie incorporates spike suppressing diodes in all of its directional valve coils except proportional valves and those coils with a metal case. Properly functioning coil diodes protect the electrical circuit by suppressing voltage spikes. Voltage spikes naturally occur within a function circuit following the interruption of electrical current to a coil. Faulty diodes can fail to protect the electrical system, resulting in a tripped circuit breaker or component damage.

| AWARNINGElectrocution/burn hazard. Contact <br> with electrically charged circuits <br> could result in death or serious <br> injury. Remove all rings, watches <br> and other jewelry. |
| :--- |
| 1Test the coil for resistance. See, How to Test a <br> Coil. |
| 2Connect a $10 \Omega$ resistor to the negative terminal <br> of a known good 9V DC battery. Connect the <br> other end of the resistor to a terminal on the <br> coil. |
| Resistor, $10 \Omega$ <br> Genie part number |

Note: The battery should read 9V DC or more when measured across the terminals.

3 Set a multimeter to read DC current.
Note: The multimeter, when set to read DC current, should be capable of reading up to 800 mA .


Note: Dotted lines in illustration indicate a reversed connection as specified in step 6
4 Connect the negative lead to the other terminal on the coil.

Note: If testing a single-terminal coil, connect the negative lead to the internal metallic ring at either end of the coil.

5 Momentarily connect the positive lead from the multimeter to the positive terminal on the 9V DC battery. Note and record the current reading.

6 At the battery or coil terminals, reverse the connections. Note and record the current reading.
© Result: Both current readings are greater than 0 mA and are different by a minimum of $20 \%$. The coil is good.
© Result: If one or both of the current readings are 0 mA , or if the two current readings do not differ by a minimum of $20 \%$, the coil and/or its internal diode are faulty and the coil should be replaced.

MANIFOLDS

## 7-16 <br> Drive Oil Diverter Manifold Components (welder option)

The oil diverter manifold is mounted to the hydraulic generator located in the engine compartment.

| Index <br> No. | Description $\begin{gathered}\text { Schematic } \\ \text { Item }\end{gathered}$ | Function Torque |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Directional Valve .......................... CY | . Diverter valve ............................. 80-90 ft-lbs / 108-122 Nm |
| 2 | Orifice dis | Delays shift to drive ....................... 35-40 ft-lbs / 47-54 Nm |
| 3 | Solenoid valve ............................ CV | Pilot valve to diverter ..................... 35-40 ft-lbs / 47-54 Nm |
| 4 | Relief valve ................................ CX | . Charge pressure circuit .................. 35-40 ft-lbs / 47-54 Nm |
| 5 | Check valve................................ CU .... | Prevents oil to generator ................ 35-40 ft-lbs / 47-54 Nm |



## Turntable Rotation Components

## 8-1

## Turntable Rotation Assembly

## How to Remove the Turntable Rotation Assembly

Note: When removing a hose assembly or fitting, the O-ring on the fitting and/or hose end must be replaced and then torqued to specification during installation.
Refer to Section 2, Hydraulic Hose and Fitting Torque Specifications.

Note: Perform this procedure with the machine on a firm and level surface.

1 Secure the turntable from rotating with the turntable rotation lock pin.


2 Tag, disconnect and plug the hydraulic hoses from the motor, brake and manifold. Cap the fittings on the motor, brake and manifold.

AWARNING
Bodily injury hazard. Spraying hydraulic oil can penetrate and burn skin. Loosen hydraulic connections very slowly to allow the oil pressure to dissipate gradually. Do not allow oil to squirt or spray.
3 Attach a suitable lifting device to the turntable rotator assembly.


> brake assembly drive hub backlash plate mounting bolts backlash plate manifold motor

4 Remove the turntable rotation assembly mounting fasteners.
5 Carefully remove the turntable rotation assembly from the machine.

AWARNING
Crushing hazard. The turntable
could rotate unexpectedly when the rotation drive hub assembly is removed if the turntable is not secured with the turntable rotation lock pin.

AWARNING Crushing hazard. The turntable rotation drive hub assembly could become unbalanced and fall when removed from the machine if not properly supported.

When installing the drive hub assembly:
6 Install the drive hub. Apply Loctite ${ }^{\circledR}$ removable thread sealant and torque the backlash plate mounting fasteners to $160 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lbs} / 217 \mathrm{Nm}$.

## Axle Components

## 9-1 <br> Oscillate Cylinders

The oscillating axle cylinders extend and retract between the drive chassis and the axle to maintain a level chassis while driving over uneven terrain. The cylinders are equipped with counterbalance valves to prevent movement in the event of a hydraulic hose failure.

## How to Remove an Oscillating Axle Cylinder

## AWARNING

Bodily injury hazard. This procedure requires specific repair skills and a suitable workshop. Attempting this procedure without these skills and tools could result in death or serious injury and significant component damage. Dealer service is strongly recommended.

Note: Perform this procedure on a firm, level surface with the boom in the stowed position.

Note: When removing a hose assembly or fitting, the O-ring on the fitting and/or hose end must be replaced and then torqued to specification during installation.
Refer to Section Two, Hydraulic Hose and Fitting Torque Specifications.

1 Rotate the turntable until the boom is between the steer tires.

2 Remove the fasteners from drive chassis cover at the steer end. Remove the cover.

3 Tag, disconnect and plug the oscillating axle cylinder hydraulic hoses. Cap the fittings on the oscillate cylinder.

> AWARNING
> Bodily injury hazard. Spraying hydraulic oil can penetrate and burn skin. Loosen hydraulic connections very slowly to allow the oil pressure to dissipate gradually. Do not allow oil to squirt or spray.

4 Remove the pin retaining fasteners from the rod-end pivot pin. Use a soft metal drift to remove the pin.

5 Attach a lifting strap from an overhead crane to the barrel end of the oscillating cylinder.

6 Remove the pin retaining fasteners from the barrel-end pivot pin. Use a soft metal drift to remove the pin.

7 Remove the cylinder from the machine.

## AWARNING

Crushing hazard. The oscillate cylinder could become unbalanced and fall when it is removed from the machine if it is not properly attached to the overhead crane.

## Track Components

## 10-1

## Track Assembly - TRAX option

## How to Remove a Track Assembly

Note: Perform this procedure on a firm, level surface with the boom in the stowed position.

1 Chock the tracks at the opposite end of the machine to prevent the machine from rolling.

2 Center a lifting jack of ample capacity ( $20,000 \mathrm{lbs} / 10,000 \mathrm{~kg}$ ) under the drive chassis between the tracks.

3 Lift the machine until the tracks are off the ground and then place jack stands under the drive chassis for support.

4 Remove the lug nut bolts holding each half sprocket on the drive hub. Rotate the sprockets until only one sprocket is contacting the track. Remove the lower half sprocket from the track assembly.

5 Rotate the remaining half sprocket $180^{\circ}$ so that it is free of the track.

6 Attach a lifting strap from an overhead crane to the center-point of the track assembly, above the sprocket.

7 Remove the fasteners holding the TRAX mounting pin located underneath the axle. Remove the pin supporting the TRAX assembly.
8 Carefully remove the track assembly from the drive hub and set aside.

ACAUTION
Crushing hazard. The track assembly could become unbalanced and fall when removed from the machine if not properly supported by the overhead crane.

## How to Replace the Track

Note: The sprocket is comprised of two halves.
1 Center a lifting jack of ample capacity ( $20,000 \mathrm{lbs} / 10,000 \mathrm{~kg}$ ) under the drive chassis between the tracks.

2 Refer to illustration 1 and place the drive hub disconnect cap in the brake disengaged position.
3 Lift the machine until the tracks are off the ground and then place jack stands under the drive chassis for support.
4 Loosen the idler axle bolt, tensioner jam nut and tension nut on both sides of the assembly to allow maximum play in the tensioner wheel.

5 Remove the lug nut bolts holding each half sprocket on the drive hub. Rotate the sprockets until only one sprocket is contacting the track. Remove the lower half sprocket from the track assembly.

6 Rotate the remaining half sprocket $180^{\circ}$ so that it is free of the track.

7 Carefully remove the track from the undercarriage.


Illustration 1


Illustration 2

8 Install the new track onto the undercarriage.
Note: Be sure the idler and bogey wheels are aligned with the inside surface of the track.

9 Using a suitable lifting device, lift up on the rubber track and rotate the half sprocket until one of the sprocket teeth is engaging the track.

10 Continue rotating the half sprocket until it is fully engaging the track.

11 Install the other sprocket half, removed in step 4.

12 Install the lug nuts onto the wheel hub and torque to specification. Refer to Section 2, Specifications.

13 Adjust the track tension. Tighten the tensioner nut on both sides of the idler wheel until there is about 0.75-1.0 inch / 19-25 mm of droop between the inside of the rubber track and the bottom surface of the bogey wheels.

Note: Make sure that both sides of the track have the same amount of clearance between the rollers and the track.

14 Tighten the jam nuts and idler axle bolts on both tensioner assemblies.

## Generators

## 11-1 <br> Hydraulic Generator

## How to Adjust the Generator Voltage

AWARNING | Bodily injury hazard. Spraying |
| :--- |
| hydraulic oil can penetrate and |
| burn skin. Loosen hydraulic |
| connections very slowly to allow |
| the oil pressure to dissipate |
| gradually. Do not allow oil to squirt |
| or spray. |

AWARNING | Electrocution/burn hazard. Contact |
| :--- |
| with electrically charged circuits |
| could result in death or serious |
| injury. Remove all rings, watches |
| and otherjewelry. |

Note: Be sure that the hydraulic oil level is within the top 2 inches / 5 cm of the sight gauge.

Note: Perform this procedure with the machine on a firm, level surface.

1 Disconnect all electrical tools from the machine.
2 Start the engine from the platform controls.
3 Press the generator select switch.
4 Connect an electrical tool, which does not draw more than 15A, to the electrical outlet at the platform controls and run the tool at full speed.

5 Connect the positive and negative leads from a multimeter of sufficient capacity to the electrical
outlet at the generator.

- Result: The reading on the multimeter should be 112 to 118 V AC.
© Result: If the reading on the multimeter is not 112 to 118 V AC, proceed to step 6.

6 Turn the key switch to the off position.
7 Use a wrench to hold the generator flow regulator valve (item AM) and remove the cap.
a flow regulator


8 Adjust the internal hex socket. Turn it clockwise to increase the AC voltage or counterclockwise to decrease the AC voltage. Install the flow regulator valve cap.

Componentdamage hazard. Failure to adjust the generator as instructed may result in damage to the generator or other electrical equipment. Do not adjust the generator to other than specified.
9 Repeat steps 2 through 5 to confirm the generator AC voltage.

## GENERATORS

## How to Purge the Hydraulic Line on the MTE Generator

AWARNING Electrocution hazard. Contact with electrically charged circuits could result in death or serious injury. Remove all rings, watches and otherjewelry.

Note: This procedure should be performed if the hydaulic line to the generator has been removed.

Note: Perform this procedure with the machine on a firm, level surface.

1 Locate the blue purge wire with the male spade connector from the MTE generator harness.

2 Connect a jumper wire of sufficient length from the positive battery terminal to the spade connector on the purge wire.

3 Start the engine and turn on the generator. Allow the generator to run for three minutes.

4 Turn off the generator and turn off the engine.
5 Remove the jumper wire from the positive battery terminal and disconnect from the purge wire.

6 Start the engine and turn on the generator. Using a digital multimeter check the voltage at the outlet.

- Result: The generator produces a voltage $\pm 10 \%$ of rated output. The generator is ready for use.
\$ Result: The generator output voltage is outside the $\pm 10 \%$ voltage range. Repeat the procedure beginning with step 2 .


## Fault Codes



## Observe and Obey:

■ Troubleshooting and repair procedures shall be completed by a person trained and qualified on the repair of this machine.

■ Immediately tag and remove from service a damaged or malfunctioning machine.
$\square$ Repair any machine damage or malfunction before operating the machine.
$\square$ Unless otherwise specified, perform each repair procedure with the machine in the following configuration:

- Machine parked on a firm, level surface
- Boom in stowed position
- Turntable rotated with the boom between the non-steer wheels
- Turntable secured with the turntable rotation lock
- Key switch in the off position with the key removed
- Wheels chocked
- All external AC power disconnected from the machine


## Before Troubleshooting:

$\square$ Read, understand and obey the safety rules and operating instructions printed in the Genie S-40 and S-45 Operator's Manual.

■ Be sure that all necessary tools and test equipment are available and ready for use.
$\square$ Read each appropiate fault code thoroughly. Attempting shortcuts may produce hazardous conditions.
$\square$ Be aware of the following hazards and follow generally accepted safe workshop practices.

ADANCER
Crushing hazard. When testing or replacing any hydraulic component, always support the structure and secure it from movement.

## AWARNING

Electrocution/burn hazard. Contact with electrically charged circuits could result in death or serious injury. Remove all rings, watches and other jewelry.

AWARNING
Bodily injury hazard. Spraying hydraulic oil can penetrate and burn skin. Loosen hydraulic connections very slowly to allow the oil pressure to dissipate gradually. Do not allow oil to squirt or spray.

Note: Perform all troubleshooting on a firm level surface.

Note: Two persons will be required to safely perform some troubleshooting procedures.

## Fault Code Chart Control System

## How to Retrieve Control System Fault Codes

Note: At least one fault code is present when the alarm at the platform controls produces two short beeps every 30 seconds for 10 minutes.

Note: Perform this procedure with the engine off, the key switch turned to platform controls and the red Emergency Stop button pulled out to the on position at both the ground and platform controls.
1 Open the platform control box lid.
AWARNING
Electrocution/burn hazard. Contact with electrically charged circuits could result in death or serious injury. Remove all rings, watches and other jewelry.

2 Locate the red and yellow fault LEDs on the ALC-500 circuit board inside the platform control box. Do not touch the circuit board.

[^7]3 Determine the error source: The red LED indicates the error source and will flash two separate codes. The first code will indicate the first digit of the two digit code, flashing once per second. It will then pause for 1.5 seconds and flash the second digit once per 0.5 second.
Note: When the red LED is flashing the code, the yellow LED will be on solid.

4 Determine the error type: The yellow LED indidates the error type and will flash two separate codes. The first code will indicate the first digit of the two digit code, flashing once per second. It will then pause for 1.5 seconds and flash the second digit once per 0.5 second.

Note: When the yellow LED is flashing the code, the red LED will be on solid.
5 Use the fault code table on the following pages to aid in troubleshooting the machine by pinpointing the area or component affected.

| Error Source |  | Error Type |  | Condition | Solution |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ID | Name | ID | Name |  |  |
| 21 | Boom 1 Joystick (primary boom up/ down) | $\begin{aligned} & 11 \\ & 12 \\ & 15 \\ & 16 \end{aligned}$ | Value at 5 V <br> Value too high <br> Value too low <br> Value at 0 V | Function is inoperative until joystick is calibrated. Alarm sounds indicating fault. | Cycle power off, then on and problem should be corrected. |
|  |  | 17 | Not calibrated | Function is inoperative until joystick is calibrated. | Calibrate joystick |
| 22 | Boom 1 directional valves | 21 | Fault | Valve is operating outside of operational limits. Alarm sounds indicating fault. | Cycle power off, then on and problem should be corrected. |
| 23 | Boom 1 flow control valve | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | Value too high Value too low | Valve is operating outside of operational limits. Alarm sounds indicating fault. | Cycle power off, then on and problem should be corrected. |
|  |  | 17 | Not calibrated | Normal function except threshold for one or both directions is zero. | Calibrate valve thresholds |
| 24 | Boom 1 angle sensor | $\begin{aligned} & 11 \\ & 12 \\ & 15 \\ & 16 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Value at 5 V <br> Value too high Value too low Value at 0V | Reduced speed. | Cycle power off, then on and problem should be corrected. |
|  |  | 31 | Invalid setup | Initiate 1 second beep of alarm. | Calibrate angle sensor. |
| 31 | Boom 2 Joystick (secondary boom up/down or primary boom extend/retract) | $\begin{aligned} & 11 \\ & 12 \\ & 15 \\ & 16 \end{aligned}$ | Value at 5V <br> Value too high <br> Value too low <br> Value at 0 V | Joystick is operating outside of operational limits. Alarm sounds indicating fault. | Cycle power off, then on and problem should be corrected. |
|  |  | 17 | Not calibrated | Function is inoperative until joystick is calibrated. | Calibrate joystick |
| 32 | Boom 2 directional valves | 21 | Fault | Valve is operating outside of operational limits. Alarm sounds indicating fault. | Cycle power off, then on and problem should be corrected. |



Continued on next page

## FAULTCODES

| Error Source |  | Error Type |  | Condition | Solution |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ID | Name | ID | Name |  |  |
| 33 | Boom 2 flow control valve | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | Value too high Value too low | Valve is operating outside of operational limits. Alarm sounds indicating fault. | Cycle power off, then on and problem should be corrected. |
|  |  | 17 | Not calibrated | Normal function except threshold for one or both directions is zero. | Calibrate valve thresholds |
| 41 | Turntable rotate joystick | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 11 \\ & 12 \\ & 15 \\ & 16 \end{aligned}$ | Value at 5 V <br> Value too high <br> Value too low <br> Value at 0 V | Joystick is operating outside of operational limits. Alarm sounds indicating fault. | Cycle power off, then on and problem should be corrected. |
|  |  | 17 | Not calibrated | Function is inoperative until joystick is calibrated. | Calibrate joystick |
| 42 | Turntable rotate directional valves | 21 | Fault | Valve is operating outside of operational limits. Alarm sounds indicating fault. | Cycle power off, then on and problem should be corrected. |
| 43 | Turntable rotate flow control valve | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | Value too high Value too low | Valve is operating outside of operational limits. Alarm sounds indicating fault. | Cycle power off, then on and problem should be corrected. |
|  |  | 17 | Not calibrated | Normal function except threshold for one or both directions is zero. | Calibrate valve thresholds. |
| 44 | Drive enable toggle switch | 21 | Fault | Drive enable function is inoperative. | Cycle power off, then on and problem should be corrected. |

FAULTCODES

| Error Source |  |  | rror Type | Condition | Solution |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ID | Name | ID | Name |  |  |
| 51 | Drive joystick | $\begin{aligned} & 11 \\ & 12 \\ & 15 \\ & 16 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Value at 5 V Value too high Value too low Value at OV | Joystick is operating outside of operational limits. Alarm sounds indicating fault. | Cycle power off, then on and problem should be corrected. |
|  |  | 17 | Not calibrated | Function is inoperative until joystick is calibrated. | Calibrate joystick |
| 53 | Drive flow valve (EDC) | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | Value too high Value too low | Valve is operating outside of operational limits. Alarm sounds indicating fault. | Cycle power off, then on and problem should be corrected. |
|  |  | 17 | Not calibrated | Normal function except threshold for one or both directions is zero. | Calibrate valve thresholds |
| 54 | Drive brake valve | 21 | Fault | Valve is operating outside of operational limits. Alarm sounds indicating fault. | Cycle power off, then on and problem should be corrected. |
| 55 | High speed drive motor Valve | 21 | Fault | Motor speed frozen in the low state. Alarm sounds indicating fault. | Cycle power off, then on and problem should be corrected. |
| 61 | Steer joystick | $\begin{aligned} & 11 \\ & 12 \\ & 15 \\ & 16 \end{aligned}$ | Value at 5 V <br> Value too high <br> Value too low <br> Value at OV | Joystick is operating outside of operational limits. Alarm sounds indicating fault. | Cycle power off, then on and problem should be corrected. |
|  |  | 17 | Not calibrated | Function is inoperative until joystick is calibrated. | Calibrate Joystick |
| 62 | Steer directional valves | 21 | Fault | Valve is operating outside of operational limits. Alarm sounds indicating fault. | Cycle power off, then on and problem should be corrected. |

## Ford LRG-425 EFI Engine

## How to Retrieve Ford Engine Fault Codes

The ECM constantly monitors the engine by the use of sensors on the engine. The ECM also uses signals from the sensors to initiate sequential fuel injection and make constant and instantaneous changes to ignition timing, fuel delivery and throttle position to maintain the engine's running condition at its highest efficiency while at the same time keeping exhaust emissions to a minimum. When a sensor fails or returns signals that are outside of set parameters, the ECM will store a fault code in memory that relates to the appropriate sensor and will turn on the Check Engine Light.

Note: Perform this procedure with the key switch in the off position.

1 Open the ground controls side cover and locate the run/test toggle switch on the side of the ground control box.

2 Pull out the red Emergency Stop button to the on position at both the ground and platform controls.

3 Quickly activate and release the start toggle switch/button. Do not start the engine.

4 Move and hold the run/test toggle switch to the test position.

- Result: The check engine light should turn on. The check engine light should begin to blink.
5 Continue to hold the run/test toggle switch in the test position and count the blinks.
Note: Before the fault codes are displayed, the check engine light will blink a code 123 three times. After the fault codes, the check engine light will blink a code 123 three times again indicating the end of the stored codes.

Note: If any fault codes are present, the ECM will blink a three digit code three times for each code stored in memory. It will blink the first digit of a three digit code, pause, blink the second digit, pause, and then blink the third digit. For example: the check engine light blinks 5 consecutive times, blinks 3 times and then 1 time. That would indicate code 531.

Note: Once a fault code has been retrieved and the repair has been completed, the ECM memory must be reset to clear the fault code from the ECM. See How to Clear Engine Fault Codes from the ECM.

## How to Clear Engine Fault Codes from the ECM

Note: Perform this procedure with the engine off and the key switch in the off position.

1 Open the engine side turntable cover and locate the battery.

2 Disconnect the negative battery cable from the battery for a minimum of 5 minutes.

## AWARNING <br> Electrocution/burn hazard. Contact with electrically charged circuits could result in death or serious injury. Remove all rings, watches and other jewelry.

3 Connect the negative battery cable to the battery.

| Code | Problem | Cause | Solution |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 111 | Closed Loop Multiplier High (LPG) | Heated Oxygen Sensor wiring and/or connections open or shorted OR sensor is faulty OR there are vacuum leaks or exhaust leaks. | Repair wiring and/or connections OR replace sensor OR repair vacuum and exhaust leaks. |
| 112 | HO2S Open/Inactive (Bank 1) | Heated Oxygen Sensor wiring and/or connections open or shorted OR sensor is faulty. | Repair wiring and/or connections OR replace sensor. |
| 113 | HO2S Open/Inactive (Bank 2) | Heated Oxygen Sensor wiring and/or connections open or shorted OR sensor is faulty. |  |
| 114 | Post-cat oxygen sensor open | The post cat Heated Oxygen Sensor wiring and/or connections are open or shorted OR sensor is cold, non-responsive or inactive for 60 seconds or longer. | Repair wiring and/or connections OR replace the post cat oxygen sensor. |
| 121 | Closed Loop Multiplier High (Gasoline) | Heated Oxygen Sensor wiring and/or connections open or shorted OR sensor is faulty OR there are vacuum leaks or exhaust leaks OR fuel pressure is low OR the fuel injectors need cleaning or replacing. | Repair wiring and/or connections OR replace sensor OR repair any vacuum and exhaust leaks OR test the fuel pressure OR clean or replace the fuel injectors. |
| 122 | Closed Loop Multiplier Low (Gasoline) | MAP, IAT or ECT sensors not in correct position OR wiring and/or connections for sensors open or shorted OR sensor is faulty OR one or more fuel injectors are stuck open OR there is electro-magnetic interference from a faulty crankshaft and/or camshaft position sensor. | Adjust or replace sensors OR clean or repair fuel injectors. |
| 124 | Closed Loop Multiplier Low (LPG) | Heated Oxygen Sensor wiring and/or connections open or shorted OR sensor is faulty OR fuel quality is poor OR fuel system components may be faulty. | Repair wiring and/or connections OR replace sensor OR replace fuel OR test and repair the fuel system components. |
| 133 | Gasoline cat monitor | There are exhaust leaks OR the catalyst system efficiency is below the acceptable level. | Repair exhaust leaks OR there is an emissions compliance issue. Contact Ford Power Products for assistance. |
| 134 | LPG cat monitor |  |  |
| 135 | NG cat monitor |  |  |
| 141 | Adaptive Lean Fault High Limit (Gasoline) | Heated Oxygen Sensor wiring and/or connections open or shorted OR sensor is faulty OR there are vacuum or exhaust leaks OR one or more fuel injectors faulty or stuck closed OR fuel quality is poor OR fuel pressure is too low. | Repair heated oxygen sensor wiring and/or connections OR replace sensor OR repair vacuum and exhaust leaks OR test the fuel pressure OR clean or replace the fuel injectors. |
| 142 | Adaptive Rich Fault Low Limit (Gasoline) | MAP, IAT or ECT sensors not in correct position OR wiring and/or connections for sensors open or shorted OR sensor is faulty OR one or more fuel injectors are stuck closed OR there is electro-magnetic interference from a faulty crankshaft and/or camshaft position sensor. | Adjust or replace sensors OR clean or repair fuel injectors. |
| 143 | Adaptive Learn High (LPG) | Heated Oxygen Sensor wiring and/or connections open or shorted OR sensor is faulty OR there are vacuum leaks or exhaust leaks OR fuel quality is poor OR fuel system components may be faulty. | Repair wiring and/or connections OR replace sensor OR repair any vacuum and exhaust leaks OR replace fuel OR test and repair the fuel system components. |
| 144 | Adaptive Learn Low (LPG) | Engine wire harness may have an intermittent short to 5V DC or 12V DC OR fuel system components may be faulty. | Repair short in engine wire harness OR test and repair the fuel system components. |

## FAULT CODES

| Code | Problem | Cause | Solution |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 161 | System Voltage Low | Battery is faulty OR alternator is not charging OR battery supply wiring to ECM is open or shorted. | Replace battery OR repair alternator OR repair battery supply wiring to ECM. |
| 162 | System Voltage High | Alternator is overcharging the battery when engine RPM is greater than 1500 rpm . | Repair or replace the alternator. |
| 211 | IAT High Voltage | IAT sensor wiring and/or connections are open or shorted OR sensor is faulty OR engine intake air temperature is too cold. | Repair wiring and/or connections OR replace sensor OR direct warmer air into air intake. |
| 212 | IAT Low Voltage | IAT sensor wiring and/or connections are open or shorted OR sensor is faulty OR engine intake air temperature is too hot | Repair wiring and/or connections OR replace sensor OR direct cooler air into air intake. |
| 213 | IAT Higher Than Expected (1) | Air intake temperature is greater than $200^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ with the engine greater than 1000 rpm OR air intake system has leaks OR IAT sensor is fauty. | Check air intake system for damage and proper routing of air intake components OR replace the IAT sensor. |
| 214 | IAT Higher Than Expected (2) | Air intake temperature is greater than $210^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ with the engine greater than 1000 rpm OR air intake system has leaks OR IAT sensor is faulty. |  |
| 215 | Oil Pressure Low | Faulty oil pressure sensor OR sensor wiring and/or connections open or shorted OR engine oil level too low. | Replace oil pressure sensor OR repair sensor wiring and/or connections OR fill engine oil level to specification. |
| 221 | CHT/ECT High Voltage | Engine cooling system is malfunctioning OR sensor wires and/or connections open or shorted OR sensor is faulty. | Repair engine cooling system problems OR repair open or shorted wiring to sensor OR replace sensor. |
| 222 | CHT/ECT Low Voltage | Engine cooling system is malfunctioning and overheating the engine OR sensor wires and/or connections open or shorted OR sensor is faulty OR coolant level is low. | Repair engine cooling system problems OR repair open or shorted wiring to sensor OR replace sensor OR fill engine coolant level to specification |
| 223 | CHT Higher Than Expected (1) | Coolant temperature at the cylinder head is $240^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. Engine cooling system is malfunctioning and overheating the engine OR sensor wires and/or connections open or shorted OR sensor is faulty OR coolant level is low. |  |
| 224 | CHT Higher Than Expected (2) | Coolant temperature at the cylinder head is $250^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. Engine cooling system is malfunctioning and overheating the engine OR sensor wires and/or connections open or shorted OR sensor is faulty OR coolant level is low. |  |
| 231 | MAP High Pressure | Open or shorted wiring and/or connections to MAP sensor OR sensor is faulty. | Repair wiring and/or connections to sensor OR replace MAP sensor. |
| 232 | MAP Low Voltage | Open or shorted wiring and/or connections to MAP sensor OR sensor is faulty. |  |
| 234 | BP High Pressure | MAP sensor is fauty OR ECM is faulty. | Replace MAP sensor OR replace the ECM. |
| 235 | BP Low Pressure | MAP sensor is fauty OR ECM is faulty. |  |
| 242 | Crank Sync Noise | Crankshaft position sensor wiring and/or connections open or shorted OR there is a poor system ground connection OR sensor is faulty. | Be sure system ground connections are in place and secure OR repair wiring and/or connections to sensor OR replace sensor. |
| 243 | Never Crank Synced At Start | Crankshaft position sensor wiring and/or connections open or shorted OR there is a poor system ground connection OR sensor is faulty. |  |
| 244 | Camshatt Sensor Loss | Crankshaft position sensor wiring and/or connections open or shorted OR there is a poor system ground connection OR sensor is faulty. |  |

FAULT CODES

| Code | Problem | Cause | Solution |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 245 | Camshaft Sensor Noise | Camshaft position sensor wiring and/or connections open or shorted OR there is a poor system ground connection OR sensor is faulty. | Be sure system ground connections are in place and secure OR repair wiring and/or connections to sensor OR replace sensor. |
| 253 | Knock Sensor Open | Knock sensor wiring and/or connections open or shorted OR sensor is faulty. | Repair wiring and/or connections to knock sensor OR replace knock sensor. |
| 254 | Excessive Knock Signal | Knock sensor wiring and/or connections open or shorted OR there is excessive engine vibration OR sensor is faulty. | Check for excessive engine vibration OR repair wiring and/or connections to knock sensor OR replace knock sensor. |
| 311 | Injector Driver \#1 Open | Open wiring and/or connections to fuel injector \#1 OR fuel injector \#1 is faulty OR ECM is faulty. | Repair wiring and/or connections to fuel injector \#1 OR replace fuel injector \#1 OR replace the ECM. |
| 312 | Injector Driver \#1 Shorted | Wiring and/or connections to fuel injector \#1 is shorted OR fuel injector \#1 is faulty OR ECM is faulty. |  |
| 313 | Injector Driver \#2 Open | Open wiring and/or connections to fuel injector \#2 OR fuel injector \#2 is faulty OR ECM is faulty. | Repair wiring and/or connections to fuel injector \#2 OR replace fuel injector \#2 OR replace the ECM. |
| 314 | Injector Driver \#2 Shorted | Wiring and/or connections to fuel injector \#2 is shorted OR fuel injector \#2 is faulty OR ECM is faulty. |  |
| 315 | Injector Driver \#3 Open | Open wiring and/or connections to fuel injector \#3 OR fuel injector \#3 is faulty OR ECM is faulty. | Repair wiring and/or connections to fuel injector \#3 OR replace fuel injector \#3 OR replace the ECM. |
| 316 | Injector Driver \#3 Shorted | Wiring and/or connections to fuel injector \#3 is shorted OR fuel injector \#3 is faulty OR ECM is faulty. |  |
| 321 | Injector Driver \#4 Open | Open wiring and/or connections to fuel injector \#4 OR fuel injector \#4 is faulty OR ECM is faulty. | Repair wiring and/or connections to fuel injector \#4 OR replace fuel injector \#4 OR replace the ECM. |
| 322 | Injector Driver \#4 Shorted | Wiring and/or connections to fuel injector \#4 is shorted OR fuel injector \#4 is faulty OR ECM is faulty. |  |
| 351 | Fuel Pump Loop Open or High Side Short to Ground | Open wiring and/or connections to fuel pump OR fuel pump power shorted to ground OR fuel pump is faulty. | Repair wiring and/or connections to fuel pump OR replace fuel pump. |
| 352 | Fuel Pump High Side Shorted to Power | Wiring and/or connections to fuel pump shorted to power OR fuel pump is faulty. |  |
| 353 | MegaJector Delivery Pressure Higher Than Expected | Fuel pressure too high OR LPG lockoff not opening completely OR the line between the MegaJector and carburetor is kinked or restricted or is leaking OR engine cooling system is not operating properly OR MegaJector is faulty. | Check fuel pressure OR repair LPG lockoff OR repair the line between the MegaJector and carburetor OR repair engine cooling system OR replace the MegaJector. |
| 354 | MegaJector Delivery Pressure Lower Than Expected | Fuel pressure too low OR LPG lockoff not opening completely OR the line between the MegaJector and carburetor is kinked or restricted or is leaking OR engine cooling system is not operating properly OR MegaJector is faulty. |  |
| 355 | MegaJector Communication Lost | The ECM doesn't get any response from the MegaJector, or an incorrect response for 500 ms period or longer. | Check CAN circuits for continuity and shorts to power or ground and for continuity and repair as necessary OR replace the MegaJector. |
| 361 | MegaJector Voltage Supply High | The MegaJector detects voltage greater than 18 volts for 5 seconds anytime the engine is cranking or running. | Repair charging system OR replace the MegaJector. |
| 362 | MegaJector Voltage Supply Low | The MegaJector detects voltage less than 9.5 volts for 5 seconds anytime the engine is cranking or running. | Repair VBAT power or ground circuit to ECM and MegaJector OR replace battery OR repair charging system OR replace the MegaJector. |
|  |  |  |  |

## FAULTCODES

| Code | Problem | Cause | Solution |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 363 | MegaJector Internal Actuator Fault Detection | The MegaJector detects an internal fault. Open or short in power, ground or CAN circuits. | Check Power, Ground and CAN circuits at Megajector and all connections and repair as necessary OR Megajector has an internal fault. Contact Ford Power Products for assistance. |
| 364 | MegaJector Internal Circuitry Fault Detection | The MegaJector detects an internal circuitry failure Open or short in power, ground or CAN circuits. |  |
| 365 | MegaJector Internal Communication Fault Detection | The MegaJector detects an internal communications failure. Open or short in power, ground or CAN circuits. |  |
| 411 | Coil Driver \#1 Open | Open wiring and/or connections to ignition coil \#1 OR ignition coil \#1 is faulty. | Repair wiring and/or connections to ignition coil \#1 OR replace ignition coil \#1. |
| 412 | Coil Driver \#1 Shorted | Wiring and/or connections to ignition coil \#1 shorted OR ignition coil \#1 is faulty |  |
| 413 | Coil Driver \#2 Open | Open wiring and/or connections to ignition coil \#2 OR ignition coil \#2 is faulty. | Repair wiring and/or connections to ignition coil \#2 OR replace ignition coil \#2. |
| 414 | Coil Driver \#2 Shorted | Wiring and/or connections to ignition coil \#2 shorted OR ignition coil \#2 is faulty |  |
| 511 | FPP1 High Voltage | Not used. | If this fault appears on your machine, contact the Genie Industries Service Department. |
| 512 | FPP1 Low Voltage |  |  |
| 513 | FPP1 Higher than IVS Limit |  |  |
| 514 | FPP1 Lower than IVS Limit |  |  |
| 521 | FPP2 High Voltage |  |  |
| 522 | FPP2 High Voltage |  |  |
| 531 | TPS1 (Signal Voltage) High | The \# 1 throtlle position sensor wiring and/or connections open or shorted OR there is a poor system ground connection OR throttle position sensor \#1 is faulty. | Be sure system ground connections are in place and secure OR repair wiring and/or connections to sensor OR replace throttle position sensor \#1 |
| 532 | TPS1 (Signal Voltage) Low |  |  |
| 533 | TPS2 (Signal Voltage) High | The \#2 throttle position sensor wiring and/or connections open or shorted OR there is a poor system ground connection OR throttle position sensor \#2 is faulty. | Be sure system ground connections are in place and secure OR repair wiring and/or connections to sensor OR replace throttle position sensor \#2 |
| 534 | TPS2 (Signal Voltage) Low |  |  |
| 535 | TPS1 Higher than TPS2 | The throttle position sensor wiring and/or connections for either TPS1 or TPS2 open or shorted OR there is a poor system ground connection OR one or both throttle position sensors are faulty. | Be sure engine harness wiring and connections are in place and secure OR repair wiring and/or connections to one or both TPS sensors OR replace one or both TPS sensors. |
| 536 | TPS1 Lower than TPS2 |  |  |
| 537 | Throttle Unable to Open | Governor actuator is stuck closed OR wiring and/or connections open or shorted OR governor actuator is faulty. | Repair wiring and/or connections to governor actuator OR replace the governor actuator. |
| 538 | Throttle Unable to Close | Governor actuator is stuck open OR wiring and/or connections open or shorted OR governor actuator is faulty. |  |
| 545 | Governor Interlock Failure | Engine harness wiring and/or connections open or shorted OR there is a poor system ground connection OR ECM is faulty. | Repair wiring and/or connections in engine harness OR replace the ECM. |
|  |  |  |  |

FAULTCODES

| Code | Problem | Cause | Solution |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 551 | Max Governor Speed Override | ECM needs to be re-programmed OR throttle is sticking open OR there are air leaks between the throttle body and cylinder head. | Re-program ECM OR repair binding throttle operation OR repair any air leaks between the throttle body and cylinder head. |
| 552 | FPP1 Low Voltage |  |  |
| 553 | FPP1 Higher than IVS Limit |  |  |
| 611 | COP Failure | Loose wire connections to ECM OR ECM is fauty. | Locate and repair any engine harness wiring damage or shorts to ECM to be sure they are secure OR replace ECM. |
| 612 | Invalid Interrupt |  |  |
| 613 | A/D Loss |  |  |
| 614 | RTI 1 Loss |  |  |
| 615 | Flash Checksum Invalid |  |  |
| 616 | RAM Failure |  |  |
| 631 | External 5V DC Ref Lower than Expected | Engine harness wiring and/or connections open or shorted to ground OR there is a faulty engine sensor OR ECM is faulty. | Locate and repair any engine harness wiring damage or shorts OR locate and troubleshoot or repair faulty engine sensor OR replace ECM. |
| 632 | External 5V DC Ref Higher than Expected |  |  |
| 655 | RT12 Loss | Loose wire connections to ECM OR ECM is fauty. | Locate and repair any engine harness wiring damage or shorts to ECM to be sure they are secure OR replace ECM |
| 656 | RT13 Loss |  |  |

## Ford DSG-423 EFI Engine

## How to Retrieve Ford Engine Fault Codes

The ECM constantly monitors the engine by the use of sensors on the engine. The ECM also uses signals from the sensors to initiate sequential fuel injection and make constant and instantaneous changes to ignition timing, fuel delivery and throttle position to maintain the engine's running condition at its highest efficiency while at the same time keeping exhaust emissions to a minimum. When a sensor fails or returns signals that are outside of set parameters, the ECM will store a fault code in memory that relates to the appropriate sensor and will turn on the Check Engine Light.

Note: Perform this procedure with the key switch in the off position.

1 Open the ground controls side cover and locate the run/test toggle switch on the side of the ground control box.

2 Pull out the red Emergency Stop button to the on position at both the ground and platform controls.

3 Quickly activate and release the start toggle switch/button. Do not start the engine.
4 Move and hold the run/test toggle switch to the test position.

- Result: The check engine light should turn on. The check engine light should begin to blink.
5 Continue to hold the run/test toggle switch in the test position and count the blinks.

Note: Before the fault codes are displayed, the check engine light will blink a code 123 three times. After the fault codes, the check engine light will blink a code 123 three times again indicating the end of the stored codes.

Note: If any fault codes are present, the ECM will blink a three digit code three times for each code stored in memory. It will blink the first digit of a three digit code, pause, blink the second digit, pause, and then blink the third digit. For example: the check engine light blinks 5 consecutive times, blinks 3 times and then 1 time. That would indicate code 531.

Note: Once a fault code has been retrieved and the repair has been completed, the ECM memory must be reset to clear the fault code from the ECM. See How to Clear Engine Fault Codes from the ECM.

## How to Clear Engine Fault Codes from the ECM

Note: Perform this procedure with the engine off and the key switch in the off position.

1 Open the engine side turntable cover and locate the battery.

2 Disconnect the negative battery cable from the battery for a minimum of 5 minutes.

AWARNING
Electrocution/burn hazard. Contact with electrically charged circuits could result in death or serious injury. Remove all rings, watches and other jewelry.

3 Connect the negative battery cable to the battery.

FAULTCODES

| Code | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| 111 | CL (closed loop) high LPG |
| 112 | EGO open / lazy pre-cat 1 |
| 113 | EGO open / lazy pre-cat 2/post-cat 1 |
| 114 | EGO open / lazy post-cat 1 |
| 115 | EGO open / lazy post-cat 2 |
| 121 | CL (closed loop) high gasoline bank 1 |
| 122 | CL (closed loop) low gasoline bank 1 |
| 124 | CL (closed loop) low LPG |
| 133 | Gasoline catalyst monitor 1 |
| 134 | LPG catalyst monitor |
| 141 | AL (adaptive learning) high gasoline bank 1 |
| 142 | AL (adaptive learning) low gasoline bank 1 |
| 143 | AL (adaptive learning) high LPG |
| 144 | AL (adaptive learning) low LPG |
| 161 | Battery voltage high |
| 162 | Battery voltage low |
| 163 | AUX analog PD1 high |
| 164 | AUX analog PD1 low |
| 165 | AUX analog PU3 high |
| 166 | AUX analog PU3 low |
| 167 | AUX analog PUDt high |
| 168 | AUX analog PUD1 low |
| 171 | AUX analog PUD2 high |
| 172 | AUX analog PUD2 low |
| 173 | AUX analog PUD3 high |
| 174 | AUX analog PUD3 low |
| 181 | AUX DIG1 high |
| 182 | AUX DIG1 low |
| 183 | AUX DIG2 high |
| 184 | AUX DIG2 low |
| 185 | AUX DIG3 high |
| 186 | AUX DIG3 low |
| 211 | IAT (intake air temperature) high voltage |


| Code | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| 212 | IAT (intake air temperatur) low voltage |
| 213 | IAT (intake air temperature) higher than expected 1 |
| 214 | IAT (intake air temperature) higher than expected 2 |
| 215 | Oil pressure low |
| 221 | ECT/CHT (engine/cylinder head temp) high voltage |
| 222 | ECT/CHT (engine/cylinder head temp) low voltage |
| 223 | CHT higher than expected 1 |
| 224 | CHT higher than expected 2 |
| 225 | ECT higher than expected 1 |
| 226 | ECT higher than expected 2 |
| 231 | MAP (manifold absolute pressure) high pressure |
| 232 | MAP (manifold absolute pressure) low pressure |
| 234 | BP (barometric pressure) high pressure |
| 235 | BP (barometric pressure) low pressure |
| 242 | Crank sync noise |
| 243 | Never crank synced at start |
| 244 | Cam loss |
| 245 | Cam sync noise |
| 246 | Crank loss |
| 253 | Knock 1-2 sensor open 1 |
| 254 | Knock 1-2 excessive signal 1 |

## FAULTCODES

| Code | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 6 1}$ | FP (fuel pressure) high voltage |
| $\mathbf{2 6 2}$ | FP (fuel pressure) low voltage |
| $\mathbf{2 7 1}$ | FT (fuel temperature) gasoline high voltage |
| $\mathbf{2 7 2}$ | FT (fuel temperature) gasoline low voltage |
| $\mathbf{2 7 3}$ | FT (fuel temperature) gaseous fuel high voltage |
| $\mathbf{2 7 4}$ | FT (fuel temperature) gaseous fuel low voltage |
| $\mathbf{3 1 1}$ | Injector loop open OR low-side short to ground 1 |
| $\mathbf{3 1 2}$ | Injector coil shorted 1 |
| $\mathbf{3 1 3}$ | Injector loop open OR low-side short to ground 2 |
| $\mathbf{3 1 4}$ | Injector coil shorted 2 |
| $\mathbf{3 1 5}$ | Injector loop open OR low-side short to ground 3 |
| $\mathbf{3 1 6}$ | Injector coil shorted 3 |
| $\mathbf{3 2 1}$ | Injector loop open OR low-side short to ground 4 |
| $\mathbf{3 2 2}$ | Injector coil shorted 4 |
| $\mathbf{3 5 1}$ | FPump motor loop open OR high-side shorted to ground |
| $\mathbf{3 5 2}$ | Fpump motor high-side shorted to power |
| $\mathbf{3 5 3}$ | EPR delivery pressure higher than expected |
| $\mathbf{3 5 4}$ | EPR delivery pressure lower than expected |
| $\mathbf{3 5 5}$ | EPR comm lost |
| $\mathbf{3 5 9}$ | Fuel run-out longer than expected |
| $\mathbf{3 6 1}$ | EPR voltage supply high |
| $\mathbf{3 6 2}$ | EPR voltage supply low |
| $\mathbf{4 6 3}$ | EPR internal actuator fault detection |
| $\mathbf{4 6 4}$ | EPR internal circuitry fault detection |
| $\mathbf{3 6 5}$ | EPR internal comm fault detection |
| $\mathbf{4 1 1}$ | Primary coil shorted 4 lory loop open OR low-side short to ground 1 |
| $\mathbf{4 1 2}$ | Primary coil shorted 3 |
| $\mathbf{4 1 3}$ | Primary coil shorted 1 |
| $\mathbf{4 1 4}$ | Primary loop open OR low-side short to ground 2 |
|  |  |
|  | Primary loop open OR low-side short to ground 4 |


| Code | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| 531 | TPS1 (throttle position sensor) high voltage |
| 532 | TPS1 (throttle position sensor) low voltage |
| 533 | TPS2 (throttle position sensor) high voltage |
| 534 | TPS2 (throttle position sensor) low voltage |
| 535 | TPS1 (throttle position sensor) higher than TPS2 |
| 536 | TPS1 (throttle position sensor) lower than TPS2 |
| 537 | Unable to reach higher TPS (throttle position sensor) |
| 538 | Unable to reach lower TPS (throttle position sensor) |
| 539 | TPS 1-2 simultaneous voltages |
| 541 | AUX analog PU1 high |
| 542 | AUX analog PU1 low |
| 543 | AUX analog PU2 high |
| 544 | AUX analog PU2 low |
| 551 | Max govern speed override |
| 552 | Fuel rev limit |
| 553 | Spark rev limit |
| 611 | COP failure |
| 612 | Invalid interrupt |
| 613 | A/D loss |
| 614 | RTI 1 loss |
| 615 | Flash checksum invalid |


| Code | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| 616 | RAM failure |
| 631 | 5VE1 low voltage |
| 632 | 5VE1 high voltage |
| 633 | 5 V 22 high voltage |
| 634 | 5VE2 low voltage |
| 635 | 5VE1-5VE2 simultaneous out-of-range |
| 641 | Rx inactive |
| 642 | Rx noise |
| 643 | Invalid packet format |
| 644 | Shutdown request |
| 646 | CAN Tx failure |
| 647 | CAN Rx failure |
| 648 | CAN address confilict failure |
| 655 | RTI 2 loss |
| 656 | RTI 3 loss |
| 711 | Relay control ground short |
| 712 | Relay coil open |
| 713 | Relay coil short to power |
| 714 | Fpump relay control ground short |
| 715 | Fpump relay coil open |
| 716 | Fpump relay coil short to power |
| 721 | Start relay control ground short |
| 722 | Start relay coil open |
| 723 | Start relay coil short to power |
| 731 | PWM 1-gauge1 open / ground short |
| 732 | PWM1-gauge1 short to power |
| 733 | PWM2-gauge2 open / ground short |
| 734 | PWM2-gauge2 short to power |
| 735 | PWM3-gauge3 open/ ground short |
| 736 | PWM3-gauge3 short to power |
| 741 | PWM4 open / ground short |
| 742 | PWM4 short to power |
| 743 | PWM5 open / ground short |


| Code | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{7 4 4}$ | PWM5 short to power |
| $\mathbf{7 6 1}$ | MIL (malfunction indicator light) control ground short |
| $\mathbf{7 6 2}$ | MIL (malfunction indicator light) open |
| $\mathbf{7 6 3}$ | MIL (malfunction indicator light) control short to power |
| $\mathbf{7 7 1}$ | Tach output ground short |
| $\mathbf{7 7 2}$ | Tach output short to power |
| 1629 | J1939 TSC1 message receipt lost |
| 1630 | J1939 ETC message receipt lost |

For further engine fault code troubleshooting and diagnostic information, refer to the Ford DSG-423 EFI Service Manual (EDI part number 1060040). Genie partnumber 119494.

Ford DSG 423 EFI Operator Handbook Genie part number 119488


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## Schematics



## Observe and Obey:

■ Troubleshooting and repair procedures shall be completed by a person trained and qualified on the repair of this machine.
$\square$ Immediately tag and remove from service a damaged or malfunctioning machine.
$\square$ Repair any machine damage or malfunction before operating the machine.

## BeforeTroubleshooting:

$\square$ Read, understand and obey the safety rules and operating instructions printed in the Genie S-40 \& Genie S-45 Operator's Manual.
$\square$ Be sure that all necessary tools and test equipment are available and ready for use.

## About This Section

There are two groups of schematics in this section. An illustration legend precedes each group of drawings.

## ElectricalSchematics

## AWARNING

Electrocution/burn hazard. Contact with electrically charged circuits could result in death or serious injury. Remove all rings, watches and other jewelry.

## Hydraulic Schematics

## AWARNING

Bodily injury hazard. Spraying hydraulic oil can penetrate and burn skin. Loosen hydraulic connections very slowly to allow the oil pressure to dissipate gradually. Do not allow oil to squirt or spray.

## General Repair Process



## Electrical Symbols Legend



Genie

## Hydraulic Symbols Legend



## Genie

## Ford DSG-423 Engine Relay Layout



M

| C1P DT06-12SA |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| color | ckt* | PIN* |
| RD <br> RD <br> RDBK <br> ROWH <br> WWH <br> WHBK <br> WHRHD <br> BK <br> BKWH <br> BKWD <br> BK <br> BL <br> BLBK <br> BLWH |  | $\begin{array}{\|r\|} \hline 1 \\ \hline \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 5 \\ \hline \\ 7 \\ 8 \\ 9 \\ 10 \\ 11 \\ 12 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| C2P DT06-12SB |  |  |
| COLOR | ckT* | PiN * |
| BL/R OR OR/BK OR/RD GR/BK GR/WH | C39LP C41RPM C134PWR JDALARM C45GEN PLUG PLUG PLUG | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 6 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 8 \\ 9 \\ 10 \\ 11 \\ 12 \end{gathered}$ |
| C3P DT06-12SC |  |  |
| color | скт* | PIN \# |
| RD <br> RDBK <br> RDBK <br> ROWH <br> WH <br> WHBK <br> WHRD <br> BK <br> BKWH <br> BKWBK <br> GRB <br> BL <br> BLBK <br> BLWH |  |  |
| C4P DT06-12SD |  |  |
| Color | скт \# | PIN \# |
| BL <br> OR <br> OR/BK <br> GR/BK <br> GR <br> GR/WH |  | 1 2 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 12 |

C1

C2

| ci |
| :---: |
| Gray |


$\square$


H
G
F
E
D
C
B
A
1

|  | 0 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\square$ | - |
| C5:EN | me hatness |  |
| PIN\# | color | скт* |
| 1 2 3 3 | ${ }_{\text {OHBK }}^{\text {ORE }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { C41RPM } \\ & \text { C107AF } \end{aligned}$ |
| [ | $\underset{\substack{\text { BK } \\ \text { R }}}{ }$ | ${ }_{\substack{\text { Rasstp } \\ \text { R27AUX }}}^{\text {den }}$ |
| ${ }_{8}^{7}$ |  | R21GN |
| 9 9 10 |  | $\substack{\text { Crsaram } \\ \text { cselp }}$ |
| 10 11 11 12 | (elen |  |
| ${ }_{13}^{12}$ | ${ }_{\text {af }}^{\text {gim }}$ |  |
| 15 16 |  |  |
| 16 17 18 18 | WHH ${ }_{\text {WH }}$ |  |
| 19 20 20 | ${ }_{\text {WHf }}^{\text {w-b }}$ |  |
| ${ }_{2}^{22}$ |  |  |
| ${ }_{24}^{23}$ | ${ }_{\text {WHPRD }}^{\text {Row }}$ | ${ }_{\text {cher }}^{\substack{\text { c32bRK } \\ \text { c2ams }}}$ |



Connector Pin Legend

Electrical Schematic
Deutz F3L 1011F Models (before serial number 7544)


Genie
$\mathrm{S}-40 \cdot \mathrm{~S}-45$
PartNo. 102521


Electrical Schematic
Deutz F3L 1011F Models (before serial number 7544)


C
rive light option relay
DRIVE LIGHT OPT
RD-CB3 sp
CR23


| DESCRIIPTION | LabeL | PART\# |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EMERGENCY STOP BUTTON | P1 | P1 |
| KEY SWITCH | KS1 | ks1 |
| AUXILIARY SWITCH | TS51 | 42730 |
| ENGIIE START SWITCH | TS52 | 13037 |
| FUNCTION ENABLE | TS55 | 13037 |
| PLATFORM ROTATE SWITCH | TS57 | 16397 |
| PLatForm level swith | TS59 | 13037 |
| BOOM EXTEND/RETRACT SWITCH | TS63 | 13037 |
| PRIMARY BOOM UPIDOWN SWITCH | TS61 | 16397 |
| TURNTABLE ROTATE SWITCH | TS62 | 16397 |
| Jib Boom up/Down switch | TS58 | 13037 |
| CIRCUIT BREAKER, CONTROLS, 15A | CB1 | CB1 |
| CIRCUIT BREAKER, ENGINE, 15A | CB2 | CB2 |
| CIRCUIT BREAKER, OPTIONS, 20A | С83 | С83 |
| RESISTOR, 5 OHM, BOOM FUNCTION | R1 | R1 |
| RESIITOR, 7.5 OHM, TURNTABLE FUNCTION | R2 | R2 |
| Volt meter gate | G1 | $\mathrm{G}_{1}$ |
| OLL PRESSURE GAGE | G2 | $\mathrm{G}^{2}$ |
| OILTEMP. GAGE | ${ }^{\text {G3 }}$ | $\mathrm{G}^{3}$ |
| Starter ald | 128 | 56298 |
| HOUR METER | HM | HM |
| IGN. Start relay | CR1 | CR1 |
| IGN. Power relay | CR2 | CR2 |
| HIGH IILE (RPM) CUTOUT RELAY | CR3 | CR3 |
| RPM RELAY | CR4 | CR4 |
| COOLING FAN RELAY | CR17 | CR17 |
| PLATFORM OVERLOAD ALARM | H6 |  |
| PLAT OVERLOAD MODULE | U33 |  |
| PLAT OVERLOAD LED | 145 |  |

Ground Control Box Wiring Diagram
Deutz F3L 1011F Models

Platform Control Box Wiring Diagram
Deutz F3L 1011F Models

A B
B
C
D
E
F
G
H
J
K


OMPONENT INDEX
H1 ${ }^{\text {Hen }}$
M
M past number

N ${ }_{89353}^{4538}$


8

# Platform Control Box Switch Panel Wiring Diagram 

 Deutz F3L 1011F Models NM
L
K
J
H
G
F
E
D
C
B
A


Platform Control Box Switch Panel Wiring Diagram
Deutz F3L 1011F Models

Electrical Schematic
Perkins 704-30 Models (before serial number 7472)


S-40•S-45

## Electrical Schematic

## Perkins 704-30 Models (before serial number 7472

N
M
L
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B
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1


Electrical Schematic
Perkins 704-30 Models (before serial number 7472)

drive light option relay

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { RD-CB3 SP } \\
& \text { CR23 }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& { }_{\substack{\text { RD CAB-12 } \\
\text { BRN } \\
\text { GND }}}
\end{aligned}
$$

| description | LABEL | Part \# |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Emergency stop button | P1 | P1 |
| KEY SWITCH | ks1 | ks1 |
| AUXILARY SWITCH | T551 | 42730 |
| ENGINE START SWITCH | TS52 | 13037 |
| FUNCTION ENABLE | TS55 | 13037 |
| PLATFORM ROTATE SWITCH | TS57 | 16397 |
| PLatform Level switch | TS59 | 13037 |
| BOOM EXTEND/RETAACT SWITCH | TS63 | 13037 |
| PRIMARY BOOM UPIDOWN SWWITCH | TS61 | 16397 |
| TURNTABLE ROTATE SWITCH | TS62 | 16397 |
| JIB BOOM UPDOOWN SWITCH | TS58 | 13037 |
| CIRCUIT PREAKER, CONTROLS, 15 A | CB1 | CB1 |
| CIRCUIT BREAKER, ENGIIE, 15A | Св2 | CB2 |
| CIRCUIT BEEAKER, OPTIONS, 20A | Св3 | С83 |
| RESISTOR, 5 OHM, BOOM FUNCTION | R1 | R1 |
| RESISTRR, 7.5 OHM,TURNTABLE FUNCTION | R2 | R2 |
| volt meter gage | G1 | $\mathrm{G}_{1}$ |
| OLIPRESSURE GAGE | G2 | $\mathrm{G}^{2}$ |
| OLL TEMP. GAGE | G3 | $\mathrm{G}^{3}$ |
| StaRTER AID | L28 | 56298 |
| HoUR METER | нм | нм |
| IGN. START RELAY | CR1 | CR1 |
| IGN. Power relay | CR2 | CR2 |
| HIGHIDLE (RPM) CuTOUT RELAY | CR3 | CR3 |
| RPM RELAY | CR4 | CR4 |
| Cooling fan relay | CR17 | CR17 |
| PLATPORM OVERLOAD ALARM | н6 |  |
| PLAT OVERLOAD MODULE | U33 |  |
| PLAT OVERLOAD LED | L45 |  |

Ground Control Box Wiring Diagram
Perkins 704-30 Models

Platform Control Box Wiring Diagram
Perkins 704-30 Models

B
C
D
E
F
H
K
M
N
1

3

4

5

6


8

# Platform Control Box Switch Panel Wiring Diagram 

 Perkins 704-30 Models

Platform Control Box Switch Panel Wiring Diagram
Perkins 704-30 Models

## Electrical Schematic

Deutz F3L-2011/Deutz D2011 L03i (from serial number 7544 to 12509)
Perkins 404-22 Models (from serial number 7472 to 12509)


N
M
L
K
」
H
G
F
E
D
C
B
A


## Electrical Schematic

Deutz F3L-2011/Deutz D2011 L03i (from serial number 7544 to 12509)
Perkins 404-22 Models (from serial number 7472 to 12509)


## Electrical Schematic

Deutz F3L-2011/Deutz D2011L03iand Perkins 404-22Models
(from serial number 12510 to 14831)



N

Electrical Schematic
Deutz F3L-2011/Deutz D2011L03i and Perkins 404-22 Models
(from serial number 12510 to 14831)

Electrical Schematic
Deutz F3L-2011/Deutz D2011L03i and Perkins 404-22Models
(from serial number 14832 to serial 15662)

$\mathrm{S}-40 \cdot \mathrm{~S}-45$


Electrical Schematic
Deutz F3L-2011/Deutz D2011L03i and Perkins 404-22 Models
(from serial number 14832 to 15662)

Electrical Schematic Deutz F3L-2011/Deutz D2011L03i and Perkins 404-22 Models - ANSI/CSA/AS (from serial number 15663 to 16419)

Electrical Schematic
Deutz F3L-2011/Deutz D2011L03i and Perkins 404-22 Models - ANSI / CSA / AS
(from serial number 15663 to 16419)
A
B
D
E
F

G
H
I
」
K
L
M
N

2

$\qquad$

Electrical Schematic Deutz F3L-2011/Deutz D2011L03i and Perkins 404-22 Models - ANSI/CSA/AS from serial number 15663 to 16419)
F
E
D
C
B
A

## Electrical Schematic

Deutz F3L-2011/Deutz D2011L03i and Perkins 404-22 Models - ANSI/CSA / AS (from serial number 15663 to 16419)

Deutz F3L-2011/Deutz D2011 L03i and Perkins 404-22 Models - CE (from serial number 15663 to 16419)

Electrical Schematic
Deutz F3L-2011/Deutz D2011 L03i and Perkins 404-22 Models-CE
(from serial number 15663 to 16419)


# Electrical Schematic 

 Deutz F3L-2011/Deutz D2011 L03i and Perkins 404-22 Models - CE (from serial number 15663 to 16419)N
M
L
K
J
H
G
F from serial number 1566

A


Electrical Schematic
Deutz F3L-2011/Deutz D2011L03i and Perkins 404-22 Models-CE (from serial number 15663 to 16419)

Electrical Schematic Deutz F3L-2011/Deutz D2011L03i and Perkins 404-22 Models - ANSI/CSA/AS (from serial number 16420)


Electrical Schematic
Deutz F3L-2011/Deutz D2011L03i and Perkins 404-22 Models - ANSI / CSA / AS
(from serial number 16420)
1
C
D
E
F
G
H
1
J
K
L
M
N


N
M
L
K
」
H
G
F
E
D
C
B
A


Electrical Schematic
Deutz F3L-2011/Deutz D2011L03i and Perkins 404-22 Models - ANSI/CSA / AS
(from serial number 16420)

Electrical Schematic
Deutz F3L-2011/Deutz D2011 L03i and Perkins 404-22 Models - CE
(from serial number 16420)


Electrical Schematic
Deutz F3L-2011/Deutz D2011 L03i and Perkins 404-22 Models - CE
(from serial number 16420)


N
M
L
K
J
H
G
F
E
D
C
B


Electrical Schematic
Deutz F3L-2011/Deutz D2011 L03i and Perkins 404-22 Models-CE (from serial number 16420)


## Ground Control Box Wiring Diagram

## Deutz F3L-2011/Deutz D2011L03i and Perkins 404-22 Models

(before serial number 14832)


Cenie
PartNo. 102521

F
E
D


$\qquad$



## Ground Control Box Wiring Diagram

Deutz D2011L03i and Perkins 404-22 Models (from serial number 14832)

## Platform Control Box Wiring Diagram

## Platform Control Box Wiring Diagram- ALC-500

Deutz F3L-2011/Deutz D2011 L03i and Perkins 404-22 Models
(before serial number 14832)
A B
C
D
E
F
G
H
J
K
L
M
N
1

3

4

5

6

7

8


|  | Cenie |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $6-60$ | $\mathrm{~S}-40 \cdot \mathrm{~S}-45$ | PartNo.102521 |

## Platform Control Box Wiring Diagram- ALC-500

 Deutz D2011L03i and Perkins 404-22 Models (from serial number 14832)N
M
L
K
J
H
G
F
E
D
B
A
1


```
* COMPONENT INDEX
N1:
Cl
```

Platform Control Box Wiring Diagram- ALC-500
Deutz D2011L03i and Perkins 404-22 Models
(from serial number 14832)

Platform Control Box Switch Panel Wiring Diagram Deutz F3L-2011/Deutz D2011L03i (from serial number7544 to 12509) Perkins 404-22 Models (from serial number 7472 to 12509)

Platform Control Box Switch Panel Wiring Diagram
Deutz F3L-2011/Deutz D2011 L03i (from serial number 7544 to 12509)
Perkins 404-22 Models (from serial number 7472 to 12509)
A
B
C
D
E

F
G
H
」
K
L
M
N


8

## Platform Control Box Switch Panel Wiring Diagram

 Deutz D2011L03iand Perkins 404-22 Models (from serial number 12510)N
M
L
K
J
H
G
F
E
D
C
B
A


Platform Control Box Switch Panel Wiring Diagram
Deutz D2011L03i and Perkins 404-22 Models
(from serial number 12510)

Electrical Schematic
FordLRG-425 EFIModels (before serial number7597)


Electrical Schematic
Ford LRG-425 EFIModels
(before serial number 7597)


Electrical Schematic

N
M
L
K
J
H
G
F
E
D
C
B


Electrical Schematic
Ford LRG-425EFIModels (before serial number 7597


Ground Control Box Wiring Diagram
Ford LRG-425 EFI Models
(before serial number 7597)


## Platform Control Box Wiring Diagram

Ford LRG-425EFI Models
(before serial number 7597)
A B B C

C
D
E
F
G
H
J
K
L
M
N


# Platform Control Box Switch Panel Wiring Diagram 

Ford LRG-425EFIModels (before serial number 7597)
N
M
L
K
J
G
F
E
B



2

3

| ITS4 |
| :--- | :--- |


note:
DASHED LINES INDICATE
OPTION WIRES

## Platform Control Box Switch Panel Wiring Diagram

Ford LRG-425EFI Models
(before serial number 7597)

Electrical Schematic
Ford LRG-425EFIModels (from serial number 7597 to 11066

Electrical Schematic
Ford LRG-425 EFIModels
(from serial number 7597 to 11066)



Electrical Schematic
Ford LRG-425EFIModels
(from serial number 7597 to 11066)

## Ground Control Box Wiring Diagram



C
B
A


5

S-40•S-45

## Ground Control Box Wiring Diagram

Ford LRG-425EFIModels
(from serial number 7597 to 11066)

## Platform Control Box Wiring Diagram

## Platform Control Box Wiring Diagram

Ford LRG-425 EFI Models
(from serial number 7597 to 11066)
1
$A \quad B$
B C
D
E
F
G
H
J
K
L
M
M
PART NUMBER COMPONENT
TLT ALARM 5383
2


8

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| $6-84$ | Cenie |
| $\mathrm{S}-40 \cdot \mathrm{~S}-45$ |  |

# Platform Control Box Switch Panel Wiring Diagram 

Ford LRG-425EFIModels (from serial number 7597 to11066
N
M
L
K
J
H
G
F
E
$C \quad B$
A




Platform Control Box Switch Panel Wiring Diagram
Ford LRG-425 EFI Models
(from serial number 7597 to 11066)

Electrical Schematic
Ford DSG-423 EFIModels (from serial number 11067 to 12509)


Electrical Schematic
Ford DSG-423EFI Models


M
L
K
J
H
G
F
E
D
C
B


Electrical Schematic
Ford DSG-423EFIModels
(from serial number 11067 to 12509)


## Electrical Schematic

Ford DSG-423EFI Models
(from serial number 12510 to 14831)


J
H
G
F
E
D
C
B
A
1


|  | Genie |
| :---: | :---: |
| PartNo. 102521 | $\mathrm{~S}-40 \cdot \mathrm{~S}-45$ |

Electrical Schematic
Ford DSG-423EFI Models
(from serial number 12510 to 14831)

Electrical Schematic
Ford DSG-423EFIModels (from serial number 14832 to 15662)


## Electrical Schematic

Ford DSG-423EFIModels
(from serial number 14832 to 15662)


- Ro -


Electrical Schematic
Ford DSG-423EFIModels
(from serial number 14832 to 15662)

Electrical Schematic

## Electrical Schematic

Ford DSG-423 EFI Models- ANSI / CSA / AS
(from serial number 15663 to 16419)


N
M
L
K
J
H
G
F
Electrical Schematic

## Ford DSG-423 EFI Models- ANSI / CSA / AS

 (from serial number 15663 to 16419)


## Electrical Schematic

Ford DSG-423 EFI Models- ANSI / CSA / AS
(from serial number 15663 to 16419)

Electrical Schematic

Electrical Schematic
Ford DSG-423 EFI Models- CE
(from serial number 15663 to 16419)


6-104
Genie
$\mathrm{S}-40 \cdot \mathrm{~S}-45$
PartNo. 102521

M
L
K
J
H
G
F
E
D
C
B
A


Electrical Schematic
Ford DSG-423 EFI Models- CE
(from serial number 15663 to 16419)

## Electrical Schematic

Ford DSG-423 EFI Models- ANSI / CSA / AS (from serial number 16420)

## Electrical Schematic

Ford DSG-423 EFI Models- ANSI / CSA / AS
(from serial number 16420)



Electrical Schematic
Ford DSG-423 EFI Models- ANSI / CSA / AS
(from serial number 16420)

## Electrical Schematic

Ford DSG-423 EFI Models- CE
(from serial number 16420)


Electrical Schematic Ford DSG-423 EFI Models- CE (from serial number 16420)
N
M
L
K
J
H
G
F
E
D
C
B


Electrical Schematic
Ford DSG-423 EFI Models-CE
(from serial number 16420)

## Ground Control Box Wiring Diagram

Ford DSG-423EFIModels
(before serial number 14832)
A
B
C
D
E
F
1
」
K
L
M
N
1



H
G
F
E
D
B


Load sense option - time relar


## drve Lagr option bear



R0.200



Ground Control Box Wiring Diagram
Ford DSG-423EFI Models
(from serial number 14832)

Platform Control Box Wiring Diagram
Ford DSG-423EFIModels
(before serial number 14832)


8

L
K
J
H
G
F
E
B

| COMPONENT INDEX |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| H1 | TLITALAAM |
| CR14 | JIB DELAY YELAY |
| C1 | JB TB TME EELAY |
| U35 | LOAD SENSE TME DELAY RELAY (30A) |



Platform Control Box Wiring Diagram
Ford DSG-423EFI Models
(from serial number 14832)

## Platform Control Box Switch Panel Wiring Diagram

Ford DSG-423EFIModels (from serial number 11067 to 12509)

## Platform Control Box Switch Panel Wiring Diagram

Ford DSG-423EFIModels
(from serial number 11067 to 12509)
A
B

C
D
E
F
G
H
J
K
L
M
N


8

Platform Control Box Switch Panel Wiring Diagram FordDSG-423EFIModels (from serial number 12510)
N
M
L
K
J
H
G
F
E
D
B
A

detall a: liftorive option



Platform Control Box Switch Panel Wiring Diagram
Ford DSG-423EFIModels
from serial number 12510

Engine Wire Harness
Ford LRG-425EFI Models
(before serial number 11067)



## Engine Wire Harness

Ford DSG-423 EFI Models (from serial number 11101 to 11784)

## Engine Wire Harness

Ford DSG-423 EFI Models (from serial number 11785)



B
A
1

Joystick Connector Diagram

CTE Option Wiring Diagram


## CTE Option Wiring Diagram



8

MTE Hydraulic Generator Option Wiring Diagram


MTE Hydraulic Generator Option Wiring Diagram
1
2
3
5
6
7
8

G


L K J

$\square$H
H G
F
E
D
C
B
A






${ }^{5} \mathrm{Ea}$ nor


SX Controller

|  | Genie |
| :--- | ---: |
| PartNo. 102521 | $\mathrm{~S}-40 \cdot \mathrm{~S}-45$ |

## Hydraulic Generator Wiring Diagram- Welder Option

## 2WD Non-Oscillating Hydraulic Schematic

## S-40 Models (before serial number 7569)

1
2
B
C
D
E
F
G
H
3
4
5
6
8


K J I

H
G
F
E
C B

A


Genie

2WD Non-Oscillating Hydraulic Schematic
S-45 Models (before serial number 7569)

## 4WD Oscillating Hydraulic Schematic

S-40 Models (before serial number 7569)


Genie
Part No. 102521

come. aponat' callouts refer
manifond
millsustrations ins the
manitold illustrations.
Refer to the Repair Section.

4WD Oscillating Hydraulic Schematic S-45 Models (before serial number 7569)

2WD Hydraulic Schematic

## 2WD Hydraulic Schematic

## (from serial number 7569)




4WD Hydraulic Schematic
(from serial number 7569)

HYDRAULIC WELDER OPTION


$\frac{4 \|^{-1}}{\frac{(\sqrt{A M}}{0.031}}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { NOPRES PS } \\
& 200 \text { PSI }
\end{aligned}
$$



0 PSI @

12.5 KW GENERATOR

2

Generator Hydraulic Schematic- Welder Option



## California Proposition 65

## Warning

The exhaust from this product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.



[^0]:    a oil cooler
    b cylinder head cooling fins
    c fan blower fins

[^1]:    Deutz 1011F Operation Manual Genie part number 52883

    Deutz 2011 Operation Manual Genie part number 139320

[^2]:    AWARNING
    Crushing hazard. Failure to secure the engine pivot plate from moving could result in death or serious injury.

[^3]:    a drive pump
    b screwdriver
    c lift pump
    d free-wheel valve

[^4]:    AWARNING
    Crushing hazard. Failure to secure the engine pivot plate from moving could result in death or serious injury.

[^5]:    AWARNING
    Crushing hazard. Failure to secure the engine pivot plate from moving could result in death or serious injury.

[^6]:    AWARNING
    Bodily injury hazard. Spraying hydraulic oil can penetrate and burn skin. Loosen hydraulic connections very slowly to allow the oil pressure to dissipate gradually. Do not allow oil to squirt or spray.

    3 Remove the pin retaining fasteners from the jib boom lift cylinder rod-end pivot pin. Do not remove the pin.

[^7]:    TOICI Componentdamage hazard.
    Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage printed circuit board components. If the circuit board does need to be handled, maintain firm contact with a metal part of the machine that is grounded at all times when handling the printed circuit board OR use a grounded wrist strap.

